



Moficit Rumlles Boct.

## tracid thetcherm.

THE
POETICAL WORKS
or


ROBERT BURNS,
INCLU゙D:Nく
SEVERAL PIECES
NOT INSERTED IN DR.CURRIES EDITION:

EVHIBITED UNDER
A NEW PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT, AND PAECEDED BY

A LIFE OF TIE AUTIOR
AND

A COMPLETE GLOSSARY.

TWO VOLUMES IN ONE. Vol. I.

BOSTON: PIILLIPS ANDSAMPSON, 110 Washington Street. 1849.

Gift
17. HUTCHESON.

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## ADVERTISEMENT.

The present edition was undertaken by a gentleman with the view of presenting the public with the Poetical Works of Burns more methodically arranged, more copiously illustrated, and less expensive in the purchase, than they have yet appeared.

In comparing it with others, it will be found to possess several advantages.
I. lt contains, besides a number of other pieces, hot inserted in Dr. Currie's edition, The Jolly Beggars, a cantata replete with humorous description and discrimination of character, and inferior to no poem of the same length in the English language. It likewise comprehents Holy Willie's Prayer, a piece of satire unequalled for exquisite severity, and felicitous delineation.
II. In the editions hitherto published, no regard is paid to method or classification. In this, the poems are disposed according to their respective subjects, and divided into five books.
III. Most of the poetry of Burns, though possessing an energy, a richness, and an ardour, which never fail to strike and captivate the mind, yet appears under great disadvantages to the English reader. Much of the fire, which warms and dazzles a native of Scotland, is to him necessarily lost by the obscurity of the language
v ADFERTISENHENTT.
To obviate this as much as possible, a considerable number of words have been added to the Glossary, and several of the old definitions have been corrected or enlarged. A new Life, drawn up with care and fidelity, has likewise been prefixed.
Of an edition, thus enlarged and improved, it is unnecessary to say more. Should its utility be acknowledged, the editor will consider his exertions sufficiently rewarded. J. T.

Lomdon, Feb. 25, 1819.

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Tinere is no poet of the present age more deservedly popular than Burns. Though born in an humble station in life, he raised himself, by the mere exertions of his minkl, to the himhest pitch of intellectual greatness. The originality of his genius, the energy of his language, and the richness of his imagination, merited the gratitude as well as the admiration of his countrymen. But his highest efforts, in which the tide of human feeling seemed to fow in deep and exhaustless channels, failed to soften the avarice of a mean and selfish aristocracy. Like his native and lonely hills, he was subject to every blast, and exposed naked and bare to every tempest. No refreshing showers came to rest upon his head, or to pour fertility into his bosom. He was an elevated point, round which the storm clung and gathered; a prominent rock condemned by nature as it were to endure the buffetings of the surge. Yet his rude splendour remained mininred. Amidst the bitter wontares YOL.I.若
of indigence and sorrow, of drudgery and neglect, he produced thosf: beautiful idylliums which will ever exist for the delight of the world; and which will never be read without an expansion of the understanding and of the lieart.

Robert Burns was born on the 25th of January, 1759 , in a cottage near the banks of the Doon, about two miles from Ayr. The chief incidents of his life are related, by himself, in a letter to Dr. Moore. In this document, and in several passages of his correspondence, he unfolds the vicissitudes of his fortune and the peculiarities of his character with great strength and clearness. Whoever would do justice to his memory, must copy his sentiments and his language.
"For some months past," says he, "I have been rambling over the country; but I a:n now cunfined with some lingering complaints, orizinating, as I take it, in the stomach. To divert my spirits a little in this miserable fog of ennui, I have taken a whim to give you a history of myself. My name has made some little noise in this country; you have done me the honour to interest yourself very warmly in my behalf; and I think a faithful account of what character of a man I am, and how I came by that character, may perhaps amuse you in an idle moment. I will give you an honest narrative; though I know it will be often at my own expense; for I assure you, sir, I have, like Solomon, whose character, escepting in the trifing affair of w:sdom, 1 sometimes think I resemble; I have, I say, like him, turacd my eyes to behold mudiaess and forly, and, like him, too, frequentlysmens hands with thene intox:cating friemblip *** After you have perused these pages, shernd yons thint then
triflirg and impertinent, I only beg leave to tell you, that the poor author wrote them under some twitching qualms of conscience, arising from suspicion that he was doing what he ought not to do: a predicament he has more than once been in before.
"I have not the most distant pretensions to assume that character which the pye-coated guardians of escutcheons call a gentleman. When at Edinburgh, last winter, I got acquainted in the Herald's Office, and, looking through that granary of honours, I there found almost every name in the kingdom; but for me,

- My ancient hut ignoble blood

Ilas crept through scoundrels ever since the flood.
Gules, Purpure, Argent, \&c. quite disowned me.
"My father was of the north of Scotland, the son of a former, who rented lands of the noble Keiths of Marischal, and had the honour of sharing their fate. I do not use the word honour with any reference to political principles: loyal and disloyal, I take to be merely relative terms, in that ancient and formidable court, known in this country by the name of Club law, where the right is always with the strongest.- But those who dare welcome ruin, and shake hands with infamy, for what they sincerely believe to be the cause of their God, or their king, are, as Mark Antony says in Shakspeare of Brutus and Cassius, honourable men. I mention this circumstance, because it threw my father on the world at large.
"After many years' wande:ings and sojourn. inga, he picked up a pretty large quantity of observation and experiener, to which 1 am
indebted for most of my little pretensions to wis dom. I have met with few who understoor? men, their manners, and their ways, equal to him; but stubborn, ungainly integrity, and headlong, ungovernable irascibility, are disqualifying circumstances; consequently, I was born a very poor man's son. For the first six or seven years of my life, my father was gardener to a worthy gentleman of small estate, in the neighbourhood of Ayr. Had he continued in that station, I must have marched off to be one of the little under.: lings about a farm house: but it was his dearest wish and prayer to have it in his power to keep his children under his own eye till they could discern between good and evil; so, with the assistance of his generous master, my father verstured on a small farm on his estate. At those years I was bv no means a favourite with any body. I was a good deal noted for a retentive memory, a stubborn sturdy something in my disposition, and an enthusiastic idiot piety. I say idiot piety, because 1 was then but a child. Though it cost the schoolmaster some thrashings, I made an excellent English scholar; and by the time I was ten or eleven years of agc, 1 was a critic in substantives, verbs, and particles. In my infant and boyish days, too, 1 owed much to an old woman who resided in the family, remarkable for her ignorance, credulity and superstition. She had, I suppose, the largest collection in the country, of tales and songs concerning devils, ghosts, fairies, brownies, witches, warlocks, spunkies, kelpies, elf-candles, dead-lights, wraiths, apparitions, cantrips, giants, enchanted towers, dragons, and other trumpery. This cultivated the latent seeds of
poetry; but had so strong an effect on my imagination, that to this hour, in my nocturnal rambles, I sometimes keep a sharp look-o:it in suspicious places; and though nobody can be more skeptical than I am in such matters, jet if often takes an effort of philosoply to shake off these idle terrors. The carliest composition that I recollect taking pleasure in, was the Vision of Mirza, and a lymn of Addison's, begiming, 'How are thy serwants blest, 0 Lorl!' I particularly remember one half stanza, which was music to my boyish ear-

For though ui deadhi whins we buag High on the hroden wave.
I met with these pieces in Mason's Enghish Collection, one of my school books. The two first books I ever read in private, and which gave me more pleasure than any two books I ever pead since, were the Life of Mannibal, and the Mistory of Sir William Wallace. Hammbal gave my young ideas such a tum, that I used to strut in raptures up and down after the recruiting dmim and bagpipe, and wish mysclf tall enough to be a soldier; while the story of Wallace ponned a Scottish prejudice into my veins, which wiil boil along there till the flood-gates of life shat in eternal rest.
"I'olemical divinity about this time was putting the country !alf mad; and I, ambitious of shining in conversation partics on Sundays, between scrmons, at funerals, \&c. userl, a few years afterwards, to puzzle Calvinism with sc much lieat and indiscretion, that I mised a hue and cry of heresy agianst me, which has not ceased to this hour.
" My vicinitv to Ayw was of some adwantage
to inc. My social disposition, when not checked by some modifications of spirited pride, was, like our catechism-definition of infinitude, 'without bounds or limits.' I formed several connexions with other younkers who possessed superior advantages, the youngling actors, who were busy in the rehearsal of paits in which they were shortly to appear on the stage of life, where, alas! I was destined to drudge behind the scenes. It is not commonly at this green age that our gentry have a just sense of the immense distance between them and their ragged playfellows. It takes a few dashes into the world, to give the young great man that proper, decent, unnoticing disregard for the poor, insignificant, stupid devils, the mechanics and peasantry around him, who were perhaps born in the same village. My young superiors never insulted the clouterly appearance of my ploughboy carcass, the two extremes of which were often exposed to all the inclemencies of all the seasons. They would give me stray volumes of books; among them, even then, l could pick up some observations; and one, whose heart I am sure not even the Munny Begum scenes have tainted, helped m? to a little French. Parting with these my young friends and benefactors, as they occasionally went off for the East or West Indies, was often to me a sore affliction; but I was soon called to more scrious evils. My father's generous mas. ter died; the farm proved a ruinous bargain; and, to clench the misfortune, we fell into the hands of a factor, who sat for the picture I have drawn of one in my tale of Twa Dogs. My father was advanced in life, when he married; - waq the cldest of seven chillden; and hes, wom
out by early hardships, was unfit for labour. My father's spirit was soon irritated, but not easily broken. There was a freedom in his lease in two years more; and, to weather these two years, we retrenched our expenses. We lived very poorly; I was a dexterous ploughman, for my age; and the next eldest to me was a brother (Gilbert) who could drive the plough very well, and help me to thrash the corn. A novel writer might perhaps have viewed these scenes with sume satisfaction; but so did not I: my indignation yet boils at the recollection of the s-1 factor's insolent, threatening letters, which used to set us all in tears.
"This kind of life-the cheerless gloom of a hermit, with the unceasing moil of a galley slave, brought me to my sixteenth year; a little before which period I first committed the sin of rhyme. You know our country custom of coupling a man and woman together as partners in the labours of harvest. In my fifteenth autumn my partner was a bewitching creature, a year younger than myself. My scarcity of English denies me the power of doing her justice in that language; but you know the Scottish idiom-she was a bonie, sweet, sonsie lass. In short, she, altogether unwittingly to herself, initiated me in that delicious passion, which, in spite of acid disappointment, gin-horse prudence, and book-worm philosophy, I hold to be the first of human joys, our dearest blessing here below! How she caught the contagion I cannot tell: you medical people talk much of infection from breathing the same air, the touch, \&c.; but I never expressly said I loved her. Indeed I did not know myself why I liked so much to

## IIFE OF BURN:

loiter behind with her, when returning in the evening fom our labours; why the tones of her voice made my heart-strings thrill like an etolian harp; and particularly why my pulse beat such a furious ratan when I looked and fingered over her little hand to pick out the cruel nettle-stings and thistles. Among her other love-inspiring qualities, she sung sweetly; and it was her favourite reel to which I attempted giving an embodied rehicle in rhyme. I was not so presumptuous as to imagine that 1 could make verses like printed ones, compozed by men who had Greek and Latin; but my girl sumg a song; which was said to be composed by a small country laird's soin, on one of his father's maids, with whom he was in love! and I saw no reason why I might not rhyme as well as he; for, ex cepting that he could smear sheep and cast peats, his father living in the moormal, he hars no more scholarcraft than myself.
"Thus with me began love and poctry; which at times have been my only, and itll within the last twelve months, have been my highest enjoyment. My father struggled on till he reach ed the freedom in his lease, when he enterd on a larger farm about ten miles further in the country. The nature of the bargain he made was such as to throw a little ready money ints his hands at the commencoment of his lease, otherwise the affair would have been in, pract, cable. For four years we lived comforiably here; but a difference commenang between him and his landlord as to terms, after three years' tossing and whirling in the vortex of litigation, my father was just saved from the ho:sous of a jail by a consumption, which, after two yeans'
promises, kindly stepped in, and carried him away to 'where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest."
"It is during the time that we lived on this farm that my little story is most eventful. I was, at the beginning of this period, perhaps, the most ungainly, awkward boy in the parish-no solitcire was less acquainted with the ways of the world. What I knew of ancient story was gathered from Salmon's and Guthrie's geogra. phical grammars; and the ideas I had formed of modern manners, of literature, and criticism, I got from the Spectator. These, with Pope's Works, some plays of Shakspeare, Tell and Dickson on Agriculture, The Pantheon, Locke's sissay on the Human Understanding, Stackhouse's History of the Bible, Justice's British Gardener's Jivectory, Bayle's Lectures, Allan Ramsay's Works, Taylor's Scripture Doctrine of Original Sin, A select collection of English Songs, and Hervey's Meditations, had formed the whole of my reading. The collection of songs was my vade mecum. I pored over them, driving my cart, cr walking to labour, song by song, verse by verse; carefully noting the twue tender, or sublime, from affectation and fustian. I am convinced I owe to this practice much of my critic-craft, such as it is.
"In my seventeenth year, to give my manners a brush, I went to a country dancing school. My father had an unaccountable antipathy against these meetings; and my going was, what to this moment I repent, in opposition to his Wishes. My father, as I said before, was subject to strong passions: from that instance of disobedience in mathe took a sort of dislike to
me, which 1 believe was one canse of the dissipation which marked my succecding years. I saty dissipution, comparatively with the st yictness, and scbricty, and regularity of Presbyterian country life; for thongh the will o' Wisp metems of thoughtless whim were almost the sole lights of my path, yct early ingranct picty and virtue kept me for several years afterwards within the line of innocence. The great misfortune of my life was to want an am. I had felt early some stirrings of ambition, stit they were the blind gropings of 1 omet': Cychops round the walls of his caye. I saw me f.uther's sittation ertailed upon me perpetnal hature. The only two openings by which I could erater the temple of Fortune, was the gate of nisgardly ceonomy, or the path of little caicaning bargain-making. The first is so contracted an aperture, 1 never could sqi.eeze mystil into it:--the lest Ialways hated-hboe wes contamination in the very entunce! Thus abandoned of aim or view in life, with a strong appetite for sociability, as well from native hilauity, as fiom a pride of observa tion and remark; a constitutional melancholy, or hypochondriasm, that made me fly to solitude; add to these incentives to social life, my reputation for bookish knowledge, a certair wild! logical talent, and a strength of thought some thing like the rudiments of good sense; and it will not seem surprising that I was generally a welcome guest where I visited, or any great wonder that, always where two or three met together there was it among them.
"But far beyond all other impulses of my heart was un penchant a l'adorable moitie de genre humain. My heart was completely tinder, and
was eternally lighted up by some goddess or other; and as in every other warfare in this world my fortune was various; sometimes I was received with favour, and sometimes I was mortified with a repulse. At the plough, scythe, or reap. hook, I feared no competitor, and thus I set absolute want at defiance; and as I never cared farther for my labours than while I was in actual exercise, I spent the evenings in the way after my own heart. A country lad seldom carries on a love adventure without an assisting confidant. I possessed a curiosity, zeal, and intrepid dexterity, that recommended me as a proper second on these occasions; and I dare say, I felt as much pleasure in being in the secret of half the loves of the parish of Tarbolon, as ever did statesmen in knowing the intrigues of half the courts of Europe. The very goose-feather in my haud scemis to know instinctively the wellworn pat'. of my imagination, the favourite theme of my song; and is with difficulty restrained from giving you a couple of paragraphs on the love adventures of my compeers, the humble inmates of the farm-house and cottage; but the grave sons of science, ambtion, or avarice, bapptize these things by the name of Follies. To the sons and dangliters of labour and poverty, they are matters of the most serious nature; to them the ardent hope, the stolen interview, the tender farewell, are the greatest and most delicions parts of their enjoyments.
"Another circumstance in my life, which made some alteration in my mind and manners was, that I spent my ninet.enth summer on a sonugrling coast, a grod ditance from home, at a notel school, in learn mensuration. surverme.
dialling, \&c. in which I made a pretty good progress. But I made a greater progress in the knowledge of mankind. The contraband trade was at that time very successful, and it some times happened to me to fall in with those who carried it on. Scenes of swaggering riot and roaring dissipation were till this time new to me; but I was no enemy to social life. Here, though I learnt to fill my glass, and to mix without fear in a drunken squabble, yet I went on with a high hand with my geometry till the sun entered Virgo, a month which is always a carnival in my bosom, when a charming filette, who lived next door to the school, overset my trigonometry, and set me off at a tangent from the sphe:e of my studies. I, however, struggled on with my sines and co-sines for a few days more; but, stepping into the garden one charming noon to take the sun's altitude, there I met my angel,

Tike Proserpine gatlening flowers, llerself a fairer flower-
It was in vain to think of doing any more good at school. The remaining week I staid, I did nothing but craze the faculties of my soul about her, or steal out to meet her; and the two last nights of my stay in the country, had sleep been a mortal sin, the image of this modest and innocent girl had kept me guiltless.
"I returned home very consideralily improped. My reading was enlarged with the very important addition of Thomson's and Shenstone's works; I had seen human nature in a new phasis; and I engaged several of my school fellows to keep up a literary correspondence with me. This inproved me in composition. it had met with a collection of letters by the wita
of Queen Anne's reign, and I pored over them most devoutly: I kept copies of any of my own letters that pleased me; and a comparison between them and the compositions of most of my correspondents flattered my vanity. I carried this whim so far, that though I had not three farthings' worth of business in the world, yet almost every post brought me as many letters as if I had iveen a broad plodding son of a day-book and leger.
"My life flowed on much in the same course till my twenty-third year. Vive l'amour, et vive la bagatelle, were my sole principles of action. The addition of two more authors to my library gave me great pleasure: Sterne and M•Kenzie -Tristram Shandy and the Man of Feelingwere my bosom favourites. Poesy was still a darling walk for my mind; but it was only indulged in according to the humour of the hour. I had usually half a dozen or more pieces on hand; I took up one or other, as it suited the momentary tone of the mind, and dismissed the work as it bordered on fatigue. My passions, when once lighted up, raged like so many devils, till they got vent in rhyme; and then the conning over my verses, like a spell, soothed all into quiet! None of the rhymes of those days are in print, except Winter, a dirge, the eldest of my printed pieces; the Death of poor Mailie; John Barleycorn; the songs, first, second, and third.* Song second was the ebullition of that passion which ended the fore-mentioned school business.
"My twenty-third year was to me an impor-

* See Book II. vol i. p. 169.-BookIII. vol. i. p. 284Book vol. ii p 278.-Book V. vol. ii. pp. 214, 241, 198.
tant era. Partly through whim, and partly that I wished to set about doing something in life, I joined a flax dresser in a neighbouring town (Irvine) to learn his trade. This was an unlucky affair. My ***; and to finish the whole, as we were giving a welcome carousal to the new year, the shop took fire, and burit to ashes; and I was left, like a true poet, no* *orth a sixpence.
" 1 was obliged to give up this scheme; the clouds of misfortune were gathering thick round my father's head, and what was worst of all, he was visibly far gone in a consumption; and, to crown my distresses, a belle fille, whom I adored, and who had pledged her soul to meet me in matrimony, jilted me with peculiar circumstances of mortification. The finishing evil that brought up the rear of this infernal file, was my constitutional melancholy, being increased to such a degree, that for three months I was in a state of mind scarcely to be envied by the hopeless wretches who have got their mittimus' Depart from me, ye accursed!'
"From this adventure I learned something of a town life; but the principal thing which gave my mind a turn, was a friendship I had formed with a young feliow, a very noble character, but a hapless son of misfortune. He was the son of a simple mechanic; but a great man in the neighbourhood taking him under his patronage, gave him a genteel education, with a view of bettering his situation, in life. The patron dying just as he was ready to launch out into the world, the poor fellow, in despair, went to sea; where, after a variety of good and ill fortune, a little before I was acquainted with him, he had been set on
shore by an American privateer, on the wild coast of Connanght, stripped of every thing. I cannot quit this poor fellow's story without adding that he is at this time master of a large West-Indiaman belonging to the Thames.
"His mind was fraught with independence, magnanimity and every manly virtue. I loved and admired him to a degree of enthusiasm, and of course strove to imitate him. In some inersure I succeeded: I had pride before, but he taught it to flow in proper channeis. IIs knowledge of the world was vastly superior to mine, and I was all attention to leam. Ile was the only man I ever saw who was a greater fool than myself, where woman was the presiding star; but he spoke of illicit love with the levity of a sailor, which hitherto I had regarded with horror. Here his friendship did me mischief; and the consequence was, that soon after I restmed the ploeg?, I wrote The Poet's We'come* Ny reading only increased, while in this town, by two stray volumes of famela, and one of Ferdinand Count Pathon, which grave me some idea of novels. Ihymie, except some religious pieces that are in print, I had given up: b:it meeting with Ferguson's Scottis! Poems, I strung anew my wildly-sounding lyre with emrlating vigour. When my father died, his all went among the he!l-houmls that prowl in the kennel of justice! but we made a shift to ccilect a little money in the family amongst us, with which, to keep us together, ny brother ansl I took a neighbouring farm. My brother wanted my hair-braned imagination, as well as my

[^0]social and amorous madness; but in good sense, and every sober qualification, he was far my superior.
"I entered on the farm with a full resolution, 'Come, go to, I will be wise!' I read farming books; I calculated crops; I attended markets; and, in short, in spite of 'the devil, and the world, and the flesh,' I believe I should have been a wise man; but the first year, from unfortunately buying bad seed, the second, from a late harvest, we lost half our crops. This overset all my wisdom, and I returned, 'like the dor to his vomit, and the sow that was washed, to her wallowing in the mire.'
"I now began to be known in the neighbourhood as a maker of rhymes. The first of my poetic offspring that saw the light was a burlesque lamentation on a quarrel between two reverend Culvinists, both of them dramatis personæ in my Holy Fair. I had a notion myself that the piece had some merit; but to prevent the worst, I gave a copy to a friend who was very fond of such things, ard told him that I could not guess who was the author of it, but that I thougnt it pretty clever. With a certain description of the clergy, as well as laity, it met with a roar of applause. Holy Willie's Prayer next made its appearance, and alarmed the kirksession so much, that they held several meetings to look over their spiritual artillery, if haply any of it might be pointed against profane rhymers. Tnluckily for me, my wanderings led me, on another side, within point blankshot of their heaviest metal. This is the unfortunate story that gave rise to my printed poem, The Lament. This was a most melancholv affar. which !
cannot yet bear to reflect on, and had nearly given me one or two of the principal qualifications for a place among those who have lost the chart, and mistaken the reckoning of rationality.* I gave up my part of the farm to my brother; in truth it was only nominally mine; and made what little preparation was in my power for Jamaica. But, before leaving my native country for ever, I resolved to publish my poems. I weighed my productions as impartially as was in my power: I thought they had merit; and it was a delicious idea, that I should be called a clever fellow, even though it should never reach my ears-a por negro-driver; or perhaps a victim to that inhes. pitable clime, and gone to the world of spinits ! I can truly say, that paure incomnu as I then was, I had pretty nearly as high an illou of myself and of my works, as i have at this moment, when the public has decided in their favour. It was my opinion, that the mistakes and blunders, both in a rational and religious point of vicw, of which we see thousands daily guilty, are owing to thei ignorance of themsclves. To know myself, has been all along my constant study. I

[^1]weighed myself alone; I balanced myself with uthers; I watched every means of information, to see how much ground I occupied as a man and as a poet; I studied assiditously nature's design in my formation-where the lights and shades in my character were intended. I was pretty confident my poems would meet with some applanse; bat, at the worst, the roar of the Atlantic would deafen the voice of censure, and the novelty of West Indian scenes make me forget neglect. I threw off six hundred copies, of which I had got subscriptions for about three hundred and fifty. My vanity was highly gratified by the reception I met with from the public; and besides, I pocketed, all expenses deducted, nearly twenty pounds. This sum came very seasonably, as I was thinking of indenting myself, for want of money, to procure my passage. As soon as I was master of nine guineas, the price of wafting me to the torrid zone, I took a stecrage-passuge in the first ship that was to sail from the Clyde; for

Hungry ruin had me in the wind.
"I had been for some days skulking from covert to covert, under all the terrors of a jail; as some ill-advised people had uncoupled the merciless pack of the law at my heels.* I had taken the last farewell of my few friends, my chest was on the road to Greenock; I had composed the last song i sho:ld ever measure in Caledonia. The gloomy night is gathering fast -when a letter from Dr. Blacklock to a friend of mine, overthrew all my schenes, by opening

[^2]new prospects to my poctic ambition. The doctor belonged to a set of critics, for whose applause I had not dared to hope. His opinion, that I would meet with enconragement in Edinburgh, for a second edition, fired me so much, that away I posted for that city, without a single acquaintance, or a single letter of introduction. The benefis star that had so long shed its blasting infloence in my zenith, for once made a revolution to the nadir; and a kind Providence placed me under the patronage of one of the noblest of men, the earl of Glencairn. Oublie moi, Grand Dieu, si jamais je l'oublue!
' I need relate no farther. At Edinburgh ! was in a new workl; I mingled among many classes of men, but all of then new to me, and I was all attention to 'catch' the characters and 'the manners living as they rise.' Whether I have profited, time will show."

His reception from men of letters, in çeneral, was flattering. Dr. Robertson, Dr. Blair, Dr. Gregory, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Makenzie, and Mr. Frazer Tytler, perceived and acknowledged his talents. Me was an acceptable guest in the gayest and most elevated circles, and received from female beauty and elegance, those attentions ahove all others most grateful to him. Among men of rank and fashion, he was particularly distinguished by James, earl of Glencairn, who introduced him to the notice and the convivial society of the Caledonian Hunt. But while he was invited into the company of men of virtue and taste, he was also seduced, by pressing solicitations, into the fellowship of those whose habits, without being extremely gross, were yet too licentious and dissolute. The festive indits
gences which he enjoyed among them, gradually deprived him of his relish for the temperate and austere virtues. But whatever influence this change produced on his conduct and morals, his understanding suffered no correspondent debasement. He estimated his new friends and associates at their proper value; and manifested great discrimination in appreciating the character of those who imagined themselves men of the first order in the walks of literature and fashion.
"There are few of the sore evils under the sun," he observes, " give me more uneasiness and chagrin, than the comparison how a man of genius, nay, of avowed worth, is received every where, with the reception which a mere ordinary character, decorated with the trappings and futile distinctions of fortune, meets. I imagine a man of abilities, his breast glowing with honest pride, conscious that men are born equal, still giving 'honour to whom honour is due;' he meets at a great man's table a squire something, or a sir somebody; he knows the noble landlord, at heart, gives the bard, or whatever he is, a share of his good wishes, beyond, perhaps, any one at the table; yet how will it mortify him to see a fellow, whose abilities would scarcely have made an eight-penny tailor, and whose heart is not worth three farthings, meet with attention and notice, that are withheld from the son of genius and poverty?
" The noble Glencairn has wounded me to the soul here, because I dearly esteem, respect and love him. He showed so much attention-en. grossing attention-one day, to the only block. head at table (the whole company consisted of
his lordship, dunderpate, and myself, ) that I was within half a point of throwing down my gage ot contemptuous defiance; but he shook my hand, and looked so benevolently good at parting. fiod bless him! though I should never see him more, I shall love him until my dying day! I am pleased to think 1 am so capable of the throes of gratitude, as I am miserably deficient in some other virtues.
" With Dr. Blair I am more at my ease. ! never respect him with humble veneration; but when he kindly interests himself in my welfare, or still more, when he descends from his pinacle, and meets me on equal ground in conversation, my heart overflow's with what is called liking. When he neglects me for the mere carcass of greatness, or when his eye measures the difficrence of our points of elevation, I say to myself, with scarcely any emotion, what do I care for him or his pomp either?
"It is not easy forming an exact judgment of any one; but in my opinion, Dr. Blair is merely an astonishing proof of what industry and application can do. Natural parts like his are frequently to be met with; his sanity is proverbially known among his acquaintance; but he is justly at the head of what may be calied fine writing; and a critic of the first, the very first, rank in prose: cven in poetry; a bard of nature's making can only take the pus of him. He has a heart, not of the very finest water, but far from 'eeing an orlinaty one. In short, he is truly a worthy and most respectable character."

The respect and sympathy of Burns dwolt with keener emotion and more intense interest on the fate of Ferguson, than on the intercouns
which he hekl with persons of distinction. On the 6th of February, 1787, he addressed a letter to the bailies of Canongate, Edinburgh, requesting permission to erect a monument to his me mory. "Gentlemen," said he, "I am sorry to be told that the remains of Nobert Ferguson, the so justly celebrated poct, a man whose talents, for ages to come, will do honour to our Caledonian name, lic in your church-yard, among the ignoble dead, minoticed and unknown. Some memorial to direct the steps of the lovers of Scottish song, when they wish to shed a tear over the narow house of the burd who is no more, is surcly a tributc due to Ferguson's me-mory-a tribute 1 wish to have the honour of paying. I petition you, then, gentlemen, to permit ne to bly a simple stone over his revered ashes, to remain unaliemable property to his deathless fame."

Burns, in consequence of this application, obtained leave to gratify his desire.* 'The inscription of the stone is as follows:

[^3]HERE FIES ROEFRT FERGUSON, POET,
Born September 5th, 1751.-Died 16th October, 1704
No scn!phr'd mable here, hor pompons lay, "No storifil um, yor animated bust;" This simple some direct: pate Scotia's way To pour her serrows o'er her Poet's dust.
On the other side of the stone is as follows:
"By special crant ot the matauers io Robent Rurus, whe, erected this stone, this huria! phace is to remain for ever sactet to the memory of Robert Ferguson."

Shortly afice paying this mark of respect to the ashes of a kindred genius, lie acquired by the new edition of his pooms, a sum of morey mere than sufficient for his present exigencies. He therefore determined to gratify a dasire he had leng entertained, of visiting snme of the most interesting districts of his native country. For this purpose, he left Edinburgli on the sinth of Nlay; and ia the course of his jommey was hospitably received at the houses of several gentlemen of worth and learning. Aftor pioceeding up the Tweed, through the corntios of Roxburgh and Selkink; pouetrating into lorglan ${ }^{7}$, as far as Newcastle and crossing the istand to Carlisle, he returned through Anan aiml Dunnfries to Ayrshire, after an absence of six montlos.

It will easily be conccived with what pleasure and pride he was received by his mother, his brothers and sisters. He had left them poor, and comparatively friondless; he retmried to them high in public estimation and easy in lis circumstances. He returncel to them, unchanged

[^4]in his ardent affections, and ready to share with them, to the uttermost farthing, the pittance that fortume had bestowed.

Having remained with them a few days, he proceeded again to Edinburgh, and immcdiately set out on a tour to the highlands: from this journey he returned to his relations in his naiive country, renewing his friendships and extending his acquaintance.

In August, he made another visit to Edinburgh, whence he travelled in company with Mr. Adair through Iinlithgow, Carron, Stirling, the vale of Devon, and Harvieston. In a visit to Mrs. Bruce of Clackmanan, a lady above ninety, the lineal descendant of that race which. gave the Scottish throne its brightest ornament, his feelings were powerfully interested. Though almost deprived of speech by a paralytic affection, she preserved her hospitality and urbanity. She was in possession of the helmet and twohanded sword of her great ancestor, with which she conferred on her two visiters the honouy of knighthood, remarking, that she had a better right to confer that title than some people.

At Duafermline they visited the ruined abbey, and the abbey-church, now consecrated to Presbyterian worship. Here Mr. Adair mounted the cutly-stool, or stool of repentance, assuming the character of a penitent for fornication; while Burns, from the pulpit, addressed to him a ludicrous reproof and cxhortation, parodied from that which had been delivered to himself in Ayrshire, where he had once been one of seven who mounted the scat of shame together.

In the church-yard two broad flag-stones marked the grave of Robert Bruce, for whose
memory Bums had a more than a common reneration. He knelt and kissed the stone with sacred fervom, and heartily (sues ut mos erat) evecrated the worse than Gothic neglect of the first of Scottish heroes. He afterwards returned, with Mir. Adair, to Rdinburgh by Eimross, (on the shore of wowleven) and Rueen's ferry.

These journeys, however, did not satisfy the curiosity of Bums. About the beginning of September, he again set ont fiom the metropolis on a more extended tour to the highlands, in company with Mr. Nicol, assistant teacher in the high school. After passing through the heart of that monatainots division of their native country, they stretclied northwards about ten miles beyond Inverness. There they bent their course eastward, across the ishand, and returned by the shore of the Germai sca, to Edinburgin. In the course of this journey, they visited a number of remarkable scenes; and the imagination of Burns was constantly excited by the wild and sublime scenery through which he passed.

Having settled with his publisher, in February, 1788, he found himself master of nearly five hundred pounds, after discharging all his expenses. To his brother Gilbert, who had taken upon him the support of their aged mother, and was struggling with many difficulties in the : $m$ of Mossgiel, he immediately adranced two hundred pounds. With the remainder he resolved on settling himself for life in the occupation of agriculture, and took the farm of Ellisland, on the banks of the Nith, six miles above Dumfries, on which he entered at Whitsunday.

When he had in this manner arranged his plans for futurity, his generous heart turned
to the ubject of his attachment; and listening to no considerations but those of honour and affection, he led her to the altar, and joined with her in a public declaration of marriage. His notice of this event to Mrs. Dunlop, is truly honourable to lis feelings. "When Jean found herself," says he, "as women wish to be who love their loyds," as I loved her nearly to distraction, we took steps for a private marriage. Her parents got the hint; and not only forbade me her company and the house, but on my momoured West Indian voyage got a wamant to put me in jail till I should find security in my about-to-be paternal relation. You know my lucky reverse of fortune. On my celatant return to Mauchline, I was made very welcome to visit my girl. The usual consequences began to betray her; and as I was at that time laid up a cripple in Edinburgh, she was turned--literally turned out of doors; and $\frac{3}{3}$ wrote to a friend to shelter her till my rcturn, when our marriage was declared. Ifru magrivess or misery was in my hanis; and who coeld thafe witil such a deposite?"

He now engaged in rebuilding the dwelling house on his farm, which, in the state he found it, was inadequate to the accommodation of his family. On this occasion he resumed at times the occupation of a labourer, and found neither his strength nor his skill impaired. Pleased with sumpeying the grounds he was about to cultivate, and with rearing a habitation that might give sheiter to his wife and children, and, as he fondly hoped, to his own gray hairs, sentiments of independence buoyed up his mind; pictures of domestic content and peace rose on his imagina. tion; and a few days passed away, the most tran.
cuil, and perhaps thee lappiest he had ever experienced.

Tlis industry, however, was fiequently interrupted by visiting his funily in Arpshise; and as tive distance was ton freat for a single day's journey, he genemally spelit a nizht at an inn or. the road. In stich occasions he sometimes fell into company, and was down into inegular and intemperate habis. Ilis appointment in the excise, which was con?pleted in autum 1789, likewise obstructed his aegrualunal pursuits. Ife was unable to reconcile the business of the two occupations. His fum wian ina grat measure abandoncui to his servats, white he was ensaged in performing his ofticial cluties. Tle might be seen, now and then, in the spring, directing his plough, a labota in wisch lie exeefled; or with a white sheet, entaining his seed-com, slung across his shoulders, striding "ith moasured steps along his tumed-np) finoows, and scattero ing the grain in the tarth. But his farm no longer occupied the principal pariof his thoughts. It was not at Dilis?and that he was now in generail to be fomd. Mountcil on horseback, this high-minded poet was pursuing the defaulters of the revenue, among the hills and vales of Nithsdale, his roving ge wandering over the charms of nature, and mutterines his waywarà fancies as lee mored along.

Besides his duties in the excise, other circumstances interfered with his attention to his farm. Tle engaged in the formation and management of a society for purchasing and circulating books among the farmers of his neighbourhood; and occasionally occupied himself in composing songs for the musical wotk of Mr. Juhaseat,
then in the course of publication．These eir－ gragements，though useful and hononmable，ne－ cessarily contributed to the abstraction of his thoughts，and the neglect of his rural affurs．

The consequences may easily be imasined． Notwithstanding the pridence and good ma－ nagement of Nrs．Burns，he found it necessary， after the expiration of three years and a half，to relinquish his lease．His employment in the excise originally produced fifty pounds per annum．He was now appointed to a new dis． trict，the emoluments of which rose to about seventy：Hoping to support himself and his family on this humble income till promotion should reach him，he removed to a small house in ！Dianfries about the end of the year 1791.
llis great celebrity made him oblaject of interest and curiosity to strangers，and few per－ sons passed through Dumfries without an at－ tempt to see him，ant to enjoy the pleasure of his conversation．As he conld not receive them couseniently at home，these interviews passed at the imns or the town，and ofien temmated in convivial excesses．Among the inhabitants alsn， there were never wanting persons to lead or acompany him to the tamem；to applaud the sallies of his wit；and to witness at once the strength and the degradation of his genius．

In the four years that he lived in Bumfries， he probleced many of his beattifal ！yrics；amd chendflly comsented to give his aid to a collec－ tion of orymal Scoltish abs amd werses，projected Br Ficurge Thomson of E：limbuse．Boming this time lre mate sowemb exemsions into the meighbomins conntry．In orae of these be passend

the banks of the Dee, in company with Mr. Syme, and reached Kenmore, where they remained three days at the seat of Mr. Gordon. On leaving Fenmore for Gatehouse, they took the moor-road, where every thing presented a wild and desolate aspect. The sky appeared to sympathize with the dreariness of the soil. It became lowering and dark. Gleams of sheeted lightning were followed by the awful rolling of thunder. Burns spoke not a word, but seemod wrapped in meditation. In a little while the main began to fall; and for three hours it ponired in torrents on the waste. In the midst of this storm, though drenched as it were by the embattled elements, he remained absorbed in thought, wholly inattentive to the descending floods. He was equally resardless of every thing around him during his ride home from St. Nary's isle; and his comranion did not venture to disturb him. Next day lie prodiced the celebrated martial hymm, entitled Robert Iruce's Address to his Army, a hymn umparalleled in the amnals of modern poctry, and equal to the happiest efforts of the greatest geniuses of antiquity.

Burns had entertained hopes of promotion in the excise; but circumstances occurred which prevented their fulfilment. The events of the French revolution, which interested the feelings of every thinking mind, were commented on by Burns in a manner very different from what might have been expected from an officer under government. Information of his sentiments were given to the board of excise; an inquiry was instituted into his conduct; and, after being reprimanded, he was suffered to retain his situation.

This circumstance made a derp impression
on his mind. Fame exaggerated his misfortune, and represented him as actually dismissed from his office; and this report induced gentlemen of much respectability to propose a subscription in his favour. But he refused the offer with great elevation of sentiment, and nobly defended himself against the imputation of having made submission for the sake of his office, unworthy of his character.
"The partiality of my countrymen," he observes, "has brought me forward as a man of genius, and has given me a character to support. In the poet I have avowed manly and independent sentiments, which I hope have been found in the man. Reasons of no less weight than the support of a wife and children, have pointed my present occupation as the only eligible line of life within my reach. Still my honest fame is my dearest concern, and a thousand times have I trembled at the idea of the degrading epithets that malice or misrepresentation may affix to my name. Often, in blasting anticipation, have I listened to some future hackney scribbler, with the heavy malice of savage stupidity, exultingly asserting, that Burns, notwithstanding the fanfaronade of independence to be found in his works, and after being held up to public view, and to public estimation, as a man of some fenius, yet, quite destitute of resources within himself to support his borrowed dignity, dwindled into a paltry exciseman, and slunk out the rest of his insignificant existence in the meanest of pursuits and among the lowest of mankind.
"In your illustrious hands, sir, permit me to lodge my strong disavowal and defiance of such slonderous falsehoods. Buizvs was a poon man

FROM HIS BIRTH, AND AN EXCISEMAN BY NECESsity; but-I WILL say it - THE Sterling of HIS HONEST WORTH, POYERTY COULD NOT DEBase, and his independent British spirit, OPPRESSION MIGHT BEND, BUT COULD NOT SUBDUF."

It was one of the last acts of his life to copy this heart-rending letter into a book which he kept for the purpose of recording such circumstances as he thought worthy of preservation. Upwards of a year before his death there was an evident decline in his personal appearance; and though his appetite continued unimpaired, he was himself sensible that his constitution was sinking. From October, 1795, to the January following, an accidental complaint confined him to the house. A few days after he began to go abroad, he dined at a tavern, and returned home about three o'clock in a very cold morning, benumbed and intoxicated. This was followed by an attack of rheumatism, which confined him about a week. His appetite began to fail, his hand shook, and his voice faltered on any exertion or emotion, ias pulse became weaker and more rapid, and pais, in the larger joints, and in the hands and feet, de prived him of sleep. In the month of June, 1796 , he removed to Brow in Annandale, about ten miles from Dumfries, to try the effects of sea-bathing. Here he was invited to dinner by a lady in the neighbourhood; and as he was unable to walk, she sent her carriage for him to the cottage where he lodged. As he entered her apartment the stamp of death seemed imprinted on his features. He appeared already touching the bri: of rternity. His first salutation was, "Well, macam, have you any commands for
the other world?" He ate little, and complained of having entirely lost the tone of his stomach. He spoke of his death without any of the ostentation of philosophy, but with firmness and feeling, as an erent likely to happen very soon. Ilis anxicty for his family hung heary upon him; and when he alluded to their approaching desolation, his heart was tonched with pure and unmingled sorrow.

At first he imagined that bathing in the sea had been of benefit to hin; the pains in his limbs were relieved; but this was immediately followed by a new attack of fever. When brought back to his arm house in Dumfries, on the 18th of July, he was no longer able to stand upright. A tremor pervaded his frame; his tongue was parched, and his mind fell into a delirium, when not roused by conversation. On the second and third day the ferer increased, and his strength diminished. On the fourth, the sufferings of this great, but ill-fated genius, were terminated; and a life was closed, which had been embittered by suffering, and insulted by unmerited calumny.

When his death was known, it excited a deep and mournful sensation. It was felt as a loss which no earthly power could replace; as the extinction of a prodigy whose appearance was rare and uncertain. He was lamented, not merely like a common individual, by friends and neighbours, but by a whole country, whose pleasures he had an exclusive capacity to augment.

He left a widow and four sons. The ceremonial of his interment was accompanied with military hanours, not only by the corps of Bumfrios whinteris of which he was a member,
but by the Fencible infantry, and a regiment of Cinque Port cavalry then quartered in Dumfries. On the same day, by a coincidence singularly tonching, Mrs. Burns was delivered of a son, who did not long survive his father.

Burns was nearly fire feet ten inches in height, a.id of a form that indicated agility as well as strength. His well raised forehead, shaded with black curling hair, expressed uncommon capacity. His eyes were large, dark, full of ardour and animation. Ilis face was well formed, and his countenance strikingly interesting.

Of his general behaviour every one spoke in the highest terms. It usually bespoke a mind conscious of superior talents, not however unmixed with the affections which beget familiarity and affability. His conversation was extremely fascinating; rich in wit, humour, whim, and occasionally in serious and opposite reflection. No man had a quicker appreliension of right and wrong, or a stronger sense of what was ridiculous and mean. Neither chicanery nor sordidness ever appeared in his conduct. Even in the midst of distress, while his feeling heart sunk under the secret consciousness of indigence, and the apprehensions of absolute want, he bore himself loftily to the work. He died in the utmost penury, but not in debt; and left behind him a name which will be remembered as long as departed worth and goodness are esteemed among men.

After contemplating the melancholy story of his life, it is impossible not to heave a sigh at the asperity of his fortune, while we reprobate the conduct of those who drew him from we Vol. I.

4! LIFE OF BURNS.
simplicity of humble life, and left him a prey to anxiety and want, to sorrow and despair.

Of his poems which have been so often printed and so eagerly read, it is unnecessary to enter into a critical examination. All readers of taste and sensibility assign him the first place among the poets of his country; and acknowledge the presence of that "light from heaven," which consecrates and eternizes every monument of genius.

## GLOSSARY.

Tur ch and gh have always the guttural sound. The sound of the English diphthong oo, is commonly spelted ou. The French $u$, a sound which often occurs in the Scottish language, is marked oo, or ui. The $a$ in genuine Scottish words, except when forming a diphthong, or followed by an e mute after a single consonant, sounds generally like the broad English $a$ in wall. The Scottish diphthongs ae always, and $e a$ very often, sound like the French $e$ masculinc. The Scot tish diphthong $\epsilon$, sounds like the Latin ei.
A.
$A^{\prime}$, all, every one, the wholc. Abach, away, aloof.
Abeigh, at a shy distance.
Aboon, aboon, above, up, in
the regions of heaven.
Aibread, abroall, in sight, at large.
Abread, in breadth.
Ac, one.
ASf, off.
Aff-hand, extempore, inmediately.
Aff-loof, unpremeditatcd.
A fore, before, sooner than.
Aft, oft.
aftcn, often, frequently, many times.
Agley, off the right line, oblique, wrong.
Aiblins, perhaps.
Aik, the oak.
air, early, soon.
Rorl-penny, earnest-money, a piece of money for confirming a bargain.
qirt, quarter of the heavens; to direct.

Airn, iron.
Aith, an oath.
Aits, oats.
Aiver, un old horse
Aizle, a hot cinder.
Alake, alas!
Alane, alone, solitary, single, without company.
Akzoart, awokward, inelegant, untaught.
Aimast, almost, nearly.
Amang, among, mingled with
$A n^{\prime}$, and, if.
Anee, onee, one timc.
Anc, one, and.
Anent, over against, concern ing.
Anither, another, one more,
Ase, asics, the remains of burnt coals.
Asklent, asquint, aslant.
Asteer, abroad, stirring.
Athart, athwart, wrong.
Aught, possession; as, in my aught, in all my posses. sion.
Auldjarren, or auld farrent $1_{1}$ sagacious, cunning, prusent

## CITOSSAR $\bar{Y}$

Auld lang syme, oldicn time, Batts, botts, small warms in days of other years. the entrails of horsce.
quld, old, anciert, atvanced in yrars.
Anntic, an annt.
Ava, at all, of ail, of any.
Awa', awoul, absent.
Aufu', ueflil, tervible.
Awn, the beard of barley, oats, \&.c.
Awnie, bear:led.
Ayout, beyond, at a distunce, out of ine reach of

## B.

Ba', ball.
Backets, ashboaris; a square wooden vessel for carruing coals to the fire; a kind of box for holding salt.
Bachlins camia', caming back, returning.
Bad, did bid.
Baide, endurchl, did stuy.
Bailie, a magistrate iu Scotland, answering to un aidcrman in England.
Baggic, dimin. of bur, a familiar term med to sig. nify the bellur.
Bainie, kaving large bones, stout.
Bairn, a chill.
Bairntime, a jamily of children, a brood.
Baith, both, likewise.
Bakr, a small crke ar biscuit.
Ean, to swear, to make an irreverent exclamation; reproach, ccusure.
Bane, bone.
Bang, to beat, to strive, to excfl.
Bardie, dimin. of bard
Barefi, barefontcd, without shocs or stoclings.
Barmie, of, or like barm.
Batch. a crcus, a gang
Buadrons, a cot.
Bauld, bold, intrepid.
Buack, a strip of land left un ploughed, two or three fee: in width; a ridge, a bank.
Baus'ut, having a white strip down the face.
Be, to let be, to give over, to ecase.
Bear, barley.
Beastie, dimin. of beast.
Beet, to add furl to fire.
Brld, bald, without hair on the head.
Belyve, by-and-by.
Ben, into the spence or par. luw.
Benmost, inncrmost.
Benlomond, a noted mountain in I) umbartonshire.
Dethunkit, grace or short prayer after the time ar act of cating.
Lenh, a bouk.
Bicker, a kind of wooden dish, a short race.
Bie, ar Bicld, shelter.
Bien, wealthy, plentifisl.
$F i g$, to buitd.
Biggin, building, a house.
Biggit, built.
Bill, a bull.
Billic, a brother, a young felow.
Sing, a heap of grain, pota. toes, \&.c.
Birk, birch.
Birken-shav, Birchen-woow shavo, a small wood.
Birkie, a clever fellow.
Eirring, the noise of partridges, \&e. when they spring.
Bit, crisis, nick of time
Bizz, a bustle; to buz:
Blae livid

Blastie, a shrivelled dwarf, a term of coutempt.
Blastit, blastcd.
Blate, bashful, slıcepisk.
Blather, Uladder.
Blaud, a flat piece of any thing; to slap.
Blaw, to blow, to boast.
Blerrit, bleared, sore with rhcum.
Eleert and blin, bleared and uliud.
Bleczing, blazing, flaming.
Blellum, illle, talking fillow.
Elether, to talk idly; nonsense.
Blcth'rin, talking ially
Blink, a little white, a smiling luok; to look kindly, to shine ly fits.
Blenker, a term of contenipt.
Blinkin, smirking, ogling.
Elithe, or Blythe, chcerfiul.
Bluc-gozon, one of those beggars who get an nually, on the king's birth-duy, a blue cloak or gown,with a badge.
Bluid, blood.
Bluntic, snivelling.
Blype, a shred, a large piece.
Buck, to vomit, to gush in. termittently.
Bocked, gushced, vomited.
Bodle, an old copper coin, of the value of peunies Scots, or one-third of an English репny.
Liorsles, spirits, hobgoblins.
Bome, or bony, handsoine, beautiful.
Bannock, a kind of thick cake of bread, a small jannack, or loaf made of oat-meul.
Boord, a board.
Bovrtree, the shrub elder; planted much of ola ir hedges of barn-yards, s-c.
Boost, bchooved, mast needs.
Bore, a hole in the wall.

Botch, llotch, an angry tumour.
Bouk, body, a person.
Bousing, drinking, quafing.
Bow-kuil, cabbage.
Bow-hough' $u$, applied to the lower part of the thighs, when crooked or bent out wards.
Brachens, fern.
Brae, a declivity, a precipice. the slope of a hill.
Braid, broad, plain.
Bragin't, reeled forward.
Brail, a kind of harrow, an instrument used in has. bandry.
Brainge, to run rashly for ward.
Brak, broke, made insolvent
Branks, a kind of wooaen curb for horses.
Brash, a sudden illness
Rrats, coarse clothes, rags \&c.
Brattlc, a short race, hurry fury.
Bruw, fine, handsome.
Brawlyt, or Brawlie very well, finely, heartily.
Braxic, a marbid sheep.
Breustie, dimin. of breust.
Breastit, dil spring up or forward.
Brcckan, fcrn.
Breef, an invulncrabie or ir. resistible spell.
Brecks, Lreeches.
Brcnt, smooth.
Brewin, brewing.
Bric, juice, liquid.
Brig, a briugre.
Lrunstane, brimstone.
Brisket, the breast, the bosom
Brither, a brother
Brock, a badger.
Brogue, a nurn, a trick.
Broo, broth, liquid, watcr.
Brose, a hiad of potsagd
made by pouring boiling Buss, buss, shelter.
water or broth on oat-meal, which is stirred while the water is poured; $-a$ race at country voeddings, who shall first reach the bridcgroom's houtse on returt. ing from church, so called, pcrhaps, from brose being allotted to the victor.
Brozonie, a spirit, supposed, sill lately, to hannt oidd houses, particularly those attached to farms, and sometimes to do the drudgesyy of the servants during the night.
Brugh, a burgh.
Bruilzie, a broil, a sombnstion.
Brunt, did burn, burnt.
Brust, to burst, burst.
Buchan-bullers, the boiling of $f$ the sea among the roclis on
the coast of Buchan.
Buclisin, an inhabifunt of Virginia.
Bught, a parz.
Bugltin-time, the time of collecting the sheep in the pens to be milkcel.
Euirdly, stout mede, broad made.
Bum-clock, a humming beetlc that fies in the summer Evenings.
Bumming, humming as bees.
Eummle, to blunder; a dole, a stupid persan.
Bummiter, a blunderer.
Bunker, a vindow-scat.
Burdics, dimin. of birds.
Bure, did bear.
Burn, water, a rivulct.
Burnie, dimin. of burn.
Buskie, bushy.
Buskit, dressed finely, decorased.
Busks, dresses.
Busle. a bustle, to bustis.

But, Bot, with, withour.
But an' Ben, the country kitchen and parlour.
By himsel, Innatic, distracted.
Byke, a bee-hive, a crowd. Byre, a cow-house.

## C.

Ca', to call, to rame, to drire Ca't. or Ca'd, called, driven, caived,
Cadger, a carric.
Cadie, a Carldie, a porson, a young fellow.
Ct?ff, chaff.
Cairil, a tinker.
Cairn, a loose heap of stones.
Calf-ward, a small enelosur for calves.
Callan, a boy.
Caller, fresh, sound, refresk. ing.
Canie, or Cannie, gentle, mild, dexterous.
Cannilie,dextcrously, gently
Cantip, or Canty, cheerfuil, merry.
Cantraip, a charm, a spell.
Caprin, capcriag, skipping merrily.
Cap-stane, cope-stone, key stone.
Careerin, cheerfully.
Carl, an old man.
Carl hemp, the largest stalk of hemp, firmness of mind.
Carlin, a stout old woman.
Cartcs, cards.
Candron, a caldron.
Couk and kecl, chalk and red clay.
Cuuld, cold.
Caup, a wooden drinking vea sel.
Cavie, a coop or pen for poustrog.

Cawd．driven．
Cesses，tuxes．
Chanter，a putt of a datrpipe．
（Wap，a persun，a jellow，a ilus．
C7aup，a sirrolec，a blow．
Chuckit，cherked．
Chcep，a chirp；to veirn．
Chirl，or Cheel，a yourg filion．
Chimla，or Chimlic，a firc－ grate，a fire－placs．
Chimla－lug，the jire－side．
CKittering，shiverins⿱㇒日⿰㇇⿰亅⿱丿丶丶⿱⿰㇒一㐄夊心，tron－ bling．
Ckuckin，choking．
Chene，to chewo chetk for chow，side by side．
Chuffie，fut－fuced．
Cluciuan，a smasl village about a church，a lamirt．
Ciucise，or Clacs，cluzites．
Clui：h，cloth．
Clailhing，cloilling．
Claivers，nonsense，not speak： ing sensc．
Crap，clapper of a mitl．
Clorcif，wrute．
Clash，an itle tale，the story of the day．
Clatter，to thll little iille stories；an idle story．
Clanght，snatckcd at，laid rold of．
Claut，to cleam，ta scwape：a ficap，a great quantity， abundance．
Clauted，scrapcd．
（laver，cluver．
Clavers，idle storics．
Claw，to seriatch．
Claw＇$d$ ，scratched．
Claymore，a swarl，a tocapun used either in cutting or thrusting．

## Clesd，to clotike．

Cleds，clothes．
Cleck，to lay hold of after the manner of a hook，＇o seize et ali events
（Crikit，haring cavght．
（\％थikin，jurkenger，clinking．
（＇inkumbell，Ac wo ronges the chlirch－bcll．
（ $\mathrm{Ci}_{\mathrm{i}} \mathrm{s}$, sherrs．
（lisitinaclaver，ille conversa firn．
（lurk，lo hatch；a bectle．
（ Z inckin，untcking．
CKout，the hoofij゙ucew，sheers， s．r．
Chootip．an old name for the hewil．
Clowr，a kumplo，or swellisk，山育倍 a bluc．
Clozt，to beat，ta strilie；a llav，a cuti．
Clueds，clouds．
（iank，to grugarlc in ：he man－ nor of a botile when it is cmplying．
Conrin，wherphling，flattery．
（oblle，a fisking bout．
Cbetiernovy，a lock of hair－ licd untu＂givl＇s head；a rop．
Cochi，，dimin．of cocti，
Coft，loundt．
Cing，a wooden dish．
Courerie，dimin．of corr．
Coitu，jrom Kyle，a district of Ayr：kire：so called from Cuil or Éuilus，a Pictish monarch．
Collic，a gineral，and some－ times a parlicular name for country curs．
Collisshancrie，quarreding．
Crammann，comimorid．
Cian：＇，the ruit．
Confu，a bioclitead，a ninuy
Coulit，apprured and disap． peared by fits．
Cousur，a herse lept for mures．
Coosi，deil cast．
Coot，the ancle，or foot．
Clotie，a moden kitcken disk； fouts whose lests are cled
with feuthers, are said to Cronie, or Crony, an intimate be cootie.
Corbies, a spceies of the crow.
Core, curpy, parts, cian.
Carn't, fed with oats.
Cotter, the inhabiiant of a cothouse, or cottage.
Couthie, kind, loving.
Cove, a cave.
Cowe, to terrify, to keep under, to lop; a fright, a brancle of furze, brooin, \&c.
Cowp, to barter, to turble over; a gang.
Cowpit, tumbled.
Cowrin, cowering, stooping.
Cowt, a colt, a young horsc.
Cozie, snug,
Coziely, snugly.
Crabbit, crabbed, fretful, sour.
Crach, to converse, conversation.
Crackin, conversing.
Craft, or Croft, in old hus. bandry, a field near a house.
Craigie, dimin. of crag, the throat, the neck.
Craiks, birds, incessant colls, or cries.
Crambo-clink, or Crambojingle, rhymes, doggerel verses.
Crank, the noise of an ungreased wheel.
Crankous, fretful, captious.
Ciranreuch, the hour frost.
Crap, or Crop, the produce of land; to crop.
Craw, a crow of a cock, a rook.
Creel, a kind of osirr baskit; to have one s wits in a creel, to be crazed, to be fascinated.
Crceshic, ,rreasy.
Crooks, bill cincs that have given over bearing
acquaintance.
Crood, or Croud, to coo as a dove.
Croon, a hollow, continuted moan; to make a noise like the continued roar of a bull; to hum a tune.
Crooning, humming.
Crouchie, crouk-backed.
Crouse, cheerful, courageous.
Crouscly, cheerfully, courageorisly.
Crowrite, a composition of oat-meal and boiled water, sometimes from the broth of beef, mutton, \&-c.
Crowdie-time, breahfast time.
Croulin, craulıng, creeping.
Crummock, a cow with crooned horns.
Crump, hard and britile; spoken of brcad.
Crunt, a blow on the heal with a cudgel.
Cuif, a bluckhead, a ninny.
Cummock, a short staff with a rrooked head.
Curchie, a courtesy.
Curler, a player ot a game on the ice, practised in Scotland, called curling.
Curlie, curled; and whose hair falls natarally in ringlets.
Curling, a woll known game on the ice.
Curmurring, murmuring, a slight rumbling noise.
Curpin, the crupper.
Cushat, the dove, or woodpigcou.
Cutty, short, a spoon braken in the middle, a light woo. man.
Cutly-stool, the stool on whick culprets sit when mating vublec satisfaction in the

Jirk for having commited Dizzrn, or Diz'n, a dozen.
fornication.

## $1)$

Daddie, a fatücr.
Daczt, sti.pificd, deprioed of vigour ar sensilility.
Dafin, merriment, fielishness.
Daft, ucrry, giddy, foolisit.
Diamen, rare, nuw and tien.
Diamen-icker, ail car of corn now and tisen.
Duinity, plcasant, good तizmourcd, agrecable.
Dalcs, plains, volleys.
Danton, to intimidate, to subdue.
Dam, urine, pildle.
Darkins, darkiting, being is the dark, void of ligit.
Daud, to thrush, ta abusc.
Daur, to dare, to defy.
Daurt, dared, defir $\mathfrak{d}$.
7)aurg, or Daurh, a duy's labour.
Davoc, Dasid.
J)awd, a large piece.

Davtit, or Dautet, fondicd, carcssed.
Dcaries, dimm. of dears.
Dearthfu', dcar.
Deave, to deafen.
Dcil-ma-carc! wo matiter fur all that.
Delcerit, delirious.
Descrive, to describe.
Devle, a stunning biow.
Didelle, to shake, to jng.
Dight, to wipe, to cleun corn from chaff; cleaned from chaff.
Jights, clear.
IVin, salluro.
Ding, to warst, to push.
Dinna, do not.
Dirl, $a$ slight 'remwlous strokc or paix

Duited, stupifiet, letuutated.
Tholt, stlepifird, crazed, a stulit fellow.

Doot surruse; to sing dool, te दemrnt, to mourn.
Duos, divers.
Jur'y, santé, qice, discen. tonted.
Jioncr, ur Douse, sobcr, wisc, prudint.
Dourely, soberíy, pradent?.
Iforght, was, wo zore able.
I) orip skipler, one zolia strikes the tail.
Dour, sullen, clistinatc.

1) oure, stont, duruble, suller, stublor".
Douser, more prudent.
Daw, am or ure abic, can.
Poxffi, pithless, wanting spirit.
Dowie, worn with grief, fatigue, \&c. huij uslerp.
Dovona, am or are not able, cannot.
Doylt, stingid.
1)rap, a drop; to drop.
I) rupping, trupping.

Draunting, lruwling.
Dreep, to onze, to drop.
Irciunt,tetious, ling about it.
Driblble, drizzling, slaver.
Iridllle, to be dídigemi insin nificantly.
Jifit, a diove.
Droddum, the berci.
1)rone, part of a liagpipe.

Dropl-rumpl't, that droops et the crupper.
Droukit, ilrenched, wet
Drouth, thirst, drought.
Druclien, drumien.
Drumly, muddy, thick, ob scurc.
Drummock, meal and water mixed ravo.
Drunl, pet, scur kumozr

## GZOSSARY.

Doup, the backside.
Dub, a small pond.
Duds, rags, clothes.
Dudilie, ragged.
Dung, worsted, pushed,
driven, exhausted.
Dunted, beaten, boxed.
Dush, to push as a ram, \&e.
Dusht, pashed by a ram, ox, d.c.
E.
$E$ 'e, the eye.
E'en, the eyes.
E'enin, evening, the close of
the day.
Eerie, frighted, drading
spirits.
Eild, old ayse.
Elbuch, the elbozo.
Eldritch, ghastly, frightful.
En', end.
Enbrugh, Edinburgh.
Encugh, enough.
Especial, especially.
Ettle, to try, to altompt, to
endeavour.
Eydent,diligent, industrious.

## F .

Fa', fall, lot; to fall.
Fas', docs fall; water-falls.
Faddom't, fathomell.
Fae, a foe, a n enemy.
Faem, foam.
Faikit, unknown, unemploycd.

Fairin, a present at fair-time.
Fallow, fellow.
Fand, did find.
Farl, a calie of bread.
Fash, trouble, care; to trouble, to care for.
Fashious, tronblesome.
Fasht, troubleil.
Fister r een, Fastecns Even
Fauld a fold; to fold

Faulding, folding.
Faut, fault.
Fawsont, decent, scemly
Fenl, a-field: smooth.
Fearfu', frightful.
Fear't, frighted.
Feat, neat, spruce.
Fecht, to fight; a struggle of whatever kind.
Fitchin, fighting.
Fechtin, figitting.
Feek, many, plentz.
Fecket, wristcoat.
Feckfu', large, brawny, stout.
Feckles, puny, weak, silly, trifting.
Feckly, weakly
Feg, a fig.
Feide, foud, emmity.
Fell, kicen, biting; the Jesh immediatcly under the skin; a ficll pretty level, on the side or top of a hill.
Fen, successful struggle, fight.
Fent, to live comfortably.
Ferlie, or Ferly, to nonder, a wonder, a term of contempt.
Fetch, to pull by fits.
Fitich't, pulledintermittently.
Fey, foe.
Fidge, to fillget.
Ficl, soft, smooth.
Fient, ficuel, a petty oath.
Fier, sound, healthy; a brother, a friend.
Fisle, to make a rustling nuise, to fildyet; a bustle.
Fit, a fuot.
Fizz, to make a hissing noise, like fermentation.
Flaincn, filnucl.
Fleech, to supplicate, or cirtreat in a fluttering manner.
Fleerh' ${ }^{2}$, supplicatch.
Feechin, supplicating.
Flecsh, a fleece.
Fígg, a kizck, a randum blow

Filether, to decoy by fair I'ur, a furrow. noords.
Fletherin, Alattering.
F'lewit, a smart blows.
Fley, ta scare, to frighten.
Flichter, to flut'er, as young nestlings, when thcir dam appraaches.
Flinders, shreds, broken pieces.
Flingin-tree, a picce of timber hung by way of partition betwoen two horses in a stable; a flail.
Flisk, ta fret at the yolie.
Fliskit, fretted.
Flitter, to vilurate like the soings of small birds.
Flittcring, fluttering, vibratimg.
Flunkic, a servant in livery.
Fiord, a jord.
Forbcars, forcfathers, ancestars.
Forbye, besides.
Forfain, distrcssed,warn aut, jaded.
Forfoughten, fatigued.
Forsather, to meet, to cncounter with.
Forge, to forgive.
Forjesket, jaikd with fatigue.
Forrit, furward.
Fother, fodder.
Fou, full, drunt.
Fourhten, treubleel, harassed.
Fiuth, plenty, enough, or more than enoweh.
Fore, a bushil, \&-e.; also a pitchfork.
Frac, from.
Freath, froth.
Frien, fricnd
Fu', full.
Fud, the scut or tail of the
kare, concy, \&.c.
Fuff, to llow intermittently.
Fuff't, dill blowo.
Fumnic, full of merriment.

Fylie, tritting corts; to piddle, to be in a fuss about trifies; to agitate.
Fyle, to sail, to dirty, to pol. lute.
Fyl't, soiled, dirticd, polluted

## G.

Gab, the mouth; to speak bolilly, or pertly.
Caberlunzic, an old man.
Gadsman, ploughboy, the boy that drives the horses in the plough.
Crae, to go.
Gaed, went.
Gaen, or Gane, gome.
Caun, going.
Gact, or Gate, way, manner road.
Gange, so gra, to walk.
Gangrel, strolling, wandering, ruving.
Gar, to make, to force.
Gar't, furced.
Garten, $n$ gurter.
Gash, wise, sagacious, talkative; to converse.
G'ushin, conversing.
Gaury, jolly, lorge.
Gaukiy, haif-witted, foolish, rompirg.
Gear, riches, goods of any kirie.
Ceck, to toss the head iv zantonness or searn.
Cicù, a pilie.
Ciontles, great fulks.
Cicordic, a guinca.
Get., a chiid, a young one.
Chaist, a ghost
Gic, to give.
Cicel, gave.
Gien, given.
Ciftie, dimin. of gift.
Giglets, playful giots

## GLOSSARY.

Gillie, dimun. If gill.
Gilpey, a half crown, halfin-
formed boy or girl, a romp-
ing lad, a boiden.
Ginimer, au ewe from one to two years old.
Gin, if, argainst.
Gipsy, a young girl.
Girule, a round plate of iron
for toasting cales cver the fire.
Girn, to grin, to twist the features in rage, argony, s.c.

Girning, grinning.
Gizz, a perivig.
Glaikit, inattentive, foolish.
Glaive, a sword.
Glazie, glittcring, smooth like glass.
G!aun' $l$, aimed, snatclsed.
Gleg, sharp, ready.
Gleib, glebe.
Clen, dale, deep valloy.
Gley, asquint, to squint.
Glib-gabbet, that speaks smeothly, and readily.
Glint, to pecp.
Glinted, peeped.
Glintin, peeping.
Gloamin, the twilight.
Glowr, to stare, to look, a stare, a look.
Glowr'd, íooked, stare ${ }^{2}$
Glowran, staring
Goavan, looking or starng awkward!y.
Gozoan, the flower of the daisy, dandclion, kawhweed, s.c.
Gavany, gowany glens, daisied dales.
Govod, gold.
Gowff, the name of golf; to strike, as the bat does the ball at golf.
Goucff'd, struck.
Govok, a cuckoo, a term of contemp?

Gowl, to howl.
Gowling, howling
Graff, a grave.
Grain, or Grane, a groan; ta groan.
Grain'd and Graunted, groaned and grvinted.
Graining, graaning.
Graip, a pronged instrument
for eleansiag stables.
Graith, accoutrements, furoniture, dress.
Grannie, a grandmother.
Grape, to grope.
Grapit, groped.
Grat, wept, shed tears.
Grcat, intimnie, familiar.
Grce, to agree; to bear the gree, to be decidedly victor.
Gree't, agreed.
Greet, to shed tears, to soeep.
Grectin, crying, weeping.
Grippct, catched, seized.
Grout, to wet the whistle of one's gront, to play a losing gome.
Crousome, loathsome, grim.
Grazet, a goosebcrry.
Grumph, a grunt; to grunt.
Grumphie, a suz.
Grun', ground.
Grunstime, a grindstone.
Cruntle, the phiz, a grunting noise
Grunzie, the month.
Grushie, thick, of thriving growth.
Cude, the Supreme Being; grood.
Guid, good.
Guid-morning, good morn. ing.
Guiue'en, good eventng.
Guidman and Guidwife, the master and mistress of the house; young guidman, a man neacly marricd.
Quidfather, a father-in-law.
Guiduother, a mother in lass

Gully,orGullie, a large knife. Hap-step-an'-loup, hop, skip

Gu:nlie, muddy, turbit.
Gumption, wenderstanding, judgment.
Gusty, tastcful.

## II.

Ha, hall.
Ha' Bible, the great Bible that lics in the hall.
Hae, to have.
Haenshad.
Hact, fient hact, a petty oath of negation; mathing.
Haffct, the temple, the side of the head.
Haffins, nearly kalf, parily.
Hag, a scar, or gulf in mosses or moors; an urrly old woman.
Haggis, a kind of miduing boiled in the stomach of a cow or sheep.
Hain, to spare, to save.
Hain'd, sparcd.
Hairst, harvest.
Haith, a petty oath.
Haivers, nonsense, speaking without thought.
Hal', or Halel, an aliding place.
Hale, whole, tight, healiky.
Haly, holy.
Mallan, a particular partition wall in a cottage, or more properly a seat of turf at the outsiilc.
Hallowmas, Hallow-eve, the 31 st of October.
Hame, home.
Hamcly, homcly, affable.
Hameward, homeward.
Man', or Haun', hand.
Hap, an outer garment, mantle, plaid, fic.; to wrap, to cover, to hap.
Happer, a hopper.
Happing hopping
and leap.
Harkit, hearkened.
Harm, very coarse linen.
Hash, a followo thut neither linows how to dress nor act with propricty.
Hastit, hastence.
Haud, to hold.
Haughs, low-lying, rich lawds, vallc?'s.
Maurl, to drag, to peel.
Hanr'in, pecling:
Haverel, u half-witted person one who tallis fonlishly.
Fravins, good manners, de. corum, good sense.
Hawhie, a cow, properly one with a white fare
Heal:some, healthful, voholesome.
Heapit, heaperd.
Heurse, hoarse
Hear't, hear it
Heartie, dimin. of hear
Heather, heath.
Hech! oll! strange!
Hecht, promised to foretelt something that is to be got or given; forctold; the thing firctold: offered.
Heckle, a board in which are fixed a number of sharp pins, used in dressing hemp, flax, s.c.
Heeze, to elez ate, to raise.
Helim, the riudler, or helm.
Herd, to tend floclis; one who tends flecks.
Herrin, a herring.
Herry, to plunder; most pro porly to plunder bird's nests.
Herryment, plundering, devastation.
Hersel, herself; alsn a herd of cattle of anu sore.
Het, hot.
Heugh, a crag a coal $p$ •

Hide and Hair, the carcass Fome-backut, sunk in tñe and Ȧide, the whule.
Filch; to hoblite; to hale.
Hilchin, halting.
Hiltie-shiltie, in rapid succcssion.
Fimsel, himself.
Hiney, honey.
Hing, hing.
Mirple, to walk crazily, to creep.
Sirplin, walking crazily.
Lisissel, so munzy cattle css one person can attend.
Histic, dry, chapt, barren.
Hitch, a loop, a knot.
Hizzin, huzzy, a young girl.
IIoddin, the motion of a sage conntryman rilling ons is cart-horse; humble.
Ifog-score, a kinl of distawerline, in curling, drawn across the riak.
Hog shouther, a kiad of harseplay, by justling with the shoulder: to justie.
Hool, outcr stion or case, a nut-shell, peasc-swade.
Hoolie, slınc? $y$, leisur ly.
Hoalie! tâe leisure! stop.
Hoord, a hoard; to hocird.
Hoordit, hoarded.
Horn, a spoon za ide of horn.
Hornie, one of the many names of the devil.
Host, or Hoast, to cough.
Fostin, coughing.
Hosts, coughs.
Hotch'd, turned topsy-tur. vcy, blendcd, mixed.
Houghmegandie, fornícation.
FYoup, hapc.
Housie, dimin. of house.
Hove, to heave, to swell.
Hov'd, heaved, swelled.
Howdie, a midwife.
Have, hollazs; a hollow or delt
buek, spaken of a horse, sc.
Jowff, a landlady, a houss "f resort.
Howh, ta dig.
Hovkit, tiggged.
Huwkin, diggring.
Howlet or Houlet; an ow?
Hoy, to urge.
Hoy't, urired.
Hoyse, a pull upwards.
Joytc, to amble crazily.
Hughoc, dimin. of Hurit.
Hantiers, the ham, the hinder part of the th:gh.
Hurcheon, a hed grehorr; a term of slight anger.
Hurdics, the Toins, the crupPror
Fushion, a cushion, stockingrs uvithout fect.
I.
$I^{*}, i n$.
Fcker, are car of corn.
Ier-oe, a great grand child.
1lk, or Ilka, each, evory.
Ill-willie, ill-natured, mali-
cious, nig!? ariny.
Ingine, genius, ingenuity.
Ingle, fire, five-place.
I'sc, I shall or will.
Ither, other, one another.
J.

Jada, jade; also a familiar tcrm among country fulks for as giddy young girl.
Jag, to prick, to pierce.
Jauk, to dally, to trife.
Jaukin, triting, dallying
Jauntie, diman. $\hat{j}_{j} j a u n t$.
Jaup, a jerk of water; to jerk as agitated water.
Jaw, coarse raillcry; to poss
out,to shut,tojerli as water
Jiliit. a jilt, a giddy gir

Jimp, to jump; slender in the waist, handsome.
Jinh, to dodge, to turn a corner: 12 sudden twoning a corner.
. Vinlicr, one who turns quicklf, a gay sprightly girl, a cag.
Jinking, dodging.
.Jirk, a jerk.
Jo or Joe, a swcetheart, a favourite.
Jocteleg, a liind of linife.
Junk: to stoop, to bure the head.
Jaw, to jow, a verb which includts both the swinging motion and penling somud. of a large bill.
Jundie, to, jusile.

## K.

Kae, a davo.
Kail, colewort, a kind of broth.
Kail-runt, the stem of cole wort.
Kain, fowls, s.c. paid as rent by a farmer.
Kehars, rafters.
Kebluck, a cheese.
Kich, a peep, to pecop.
Telpics, a sort of mischicrous spirts,s, suid to haunt fords and forrics nt night, especially in storms.
Ken, to linoto.
Ken' ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ar Fent, knewe.
Kinnin, a small matter.
Kenspectile, woll-knorn.
Ket, mitted, hairy; a flecee of vonol.
Kaiugh, carking anxiety.
Kilt, to truss up the elothes.
Kımmer, a young girl: agessip.
Kin, hindred.
Kin', kind.

King's-hond, a crrtain part of the critruils of an ox, \& c
Kinfira, countrig.
Kinira-ceoztr, a country s/allion.
Fion, tice harvest supper, a churn; to fliurn.
Kiisen, to christen, ar baptize.
Fiist, a chest, a sliop counter
Sitchern, eny thing that is eiten with broad, to scrve. for soul, gravy, s.e.
İith, kimilvid.
Filtie, to ti kile, ticklish, like ! !.
Fitilin, a ynung cat.
Kiutlle, to c:aḍle.
lintilin, cuddling.
Knaggif, lihe nuge, or points "f rorks.
Snappin hammer, a hammer for breaking stonce.
Finuze, $n$ smull round hillock.
Kimerl, at dxarf.
liye, comes.
Fille, a district of Aurshire
Kytr, the trilly.
Fizthe, to discover, to shour ouc's self.

## L.

I.addie, thmith. of $\ln d$.

Lagger, the antile betrocen the side aul bottom of a waoten disí.
Luish, luw.
Luiring, vuling and simking in smovo, nuxd, s.c.
L. aith, louth.

Luillifu,' bashful, slucepish, mortest.
J.ulland. a nutive of the lawo liands of Sentland.
J.alians, iscottish tivaleet
J.ambie, dimill. of lamb.
J.amp,l', a liind uf shell-fism
I. an', lund, estate

## GLOSSARY.

Lane, lone, my lane, thy lane, \&.c.
Lanely, loncly.
Lung, long; to think long; to long, to weary
Lap, did loap
Lave, the re, $\varepsilon$, the remaindr $r$, the athers.
Laverock, the lark.
azoin, shut, reckoning bill.
Laul.m, lazoland.
Lea, pasture, Erounl unploughe l.
J.ca'e, to lenve.

Jeal, loyal, true, faithful.
Leatrig, grassy ridec
Lear, pronounced lare, learning.
Lec-lang, live-long.
Lecsome, ple:asant.
Lecze me, a phrase of cont gratulatory endearment: I ane happy in thece, or proud of thee.
Leister, a tirce-pronged dart for striking jish.
Leugh, diil langh.
Leuit, a looli; tu luak.
Libbet, gallicd.
Lie'u, lying.
Lift, sky
Lightly, snceringly, io snecr at.
Lilt, a ballad, a tune; to sing.
Linmer a kept mistress, a strumpit.
Limp't, limped, hobblcd.
Link, to trip along.
Linkin, tripping.
Linn, a water-fall, a precipice.
Lint, flax; lint i' the bell, flax in flow ro.
lintwhite, a linnct.
Lıppen'd, trusted, put confidence in.
Loan, or Loanin, the place of milking.
Looof, the palin of the" mul.

Soot, did let.
Looves, plural of loof.
Loun, a follone, a ragamuffin, a rooman of easy virtus.
Joup, jump, leap.
Lowe, a flame.
Lowin, flaming.
Lowric, abbreviation of Iatzo. rence.
Loiose, to lyose.
Lows'd, loosed.
Lus, the ear, a handle.
Lugrie, a small vooolen disk with handle.
Lum, the chimney.
Luch, a largre piece of chcese, Arsh, \&s.
lunt; a column of smoke; to smolec.
Lautin, smoking.
lyfart, of a mixed colour; gray.

## M.

Mae, more
Alair, more.
Maist, most, almost
Mraistly, mostly.
Mak, to make.
. Mitiin, making.
Muilen, a farm.
BIallic, Mally.
', Mang, among.
Manse, the parsonage housc, where the minister lives.
Manteele, a mantle.
Mark, or Merk; an ancient Scottish silver coin, in value thirtecn pence and one-third of a penny stor ling.
आark, marlis. (This and several other nouns, which in English require an sto form the plural, are in Scotch,like the words sheep, deer, ihe same in both nums bers)

Mar's year, the year 1715. Moil, labour.
Mashlum, Meslin, mixed corn.
Mask, to mash, as malt, \&.c. to infuse.
Maskin-pat, a tea-pot.
Mıuken a hare.
Maun, must.
Mavis, the thrush.
$\mathrm{Nr}_{\text {iaio, to to mow. }}$
Nabin, mouing.
Meere, a mare.
Mrickle, or Meikle, much.
M. lancholius, mournful.
.Nelder, corn, or grain of any kind, sent to the mill to be ground.
Mell, to meddle; also a mallet for pounding barlcy in a stone trough.
Melvie, to soil with meal.
Men', to amend, to reform, to chonge from worse to better.
Mense, gooll manners, deco. rum.
Mcnseless, ill bred, rude, im. pudent.
Mrssin, a small dog.
Midilen, a dunghill.
Midden-crects, baskets for holiling dung.
Midilcu hole, a gutter at the. bottom of a dunghill.
Mid, prim, affectedty meek
Min', mind, remembrunce.
Minit $t$. mind it, resolved, intending.
Minnie, mother, dam.
Mirk, dark.
Mirkrst, darkest.
Misca', to abuse, to call names.
.Misca'd, abused.
Mistear'd, nischicvous, »nmannerly.
Mistruk, mistonk.
Mither, a mother.
Meistre-maxtic, confusedly mixed.

## Vol. I.

Moistify, to moisten.
Mowic, or Mony, many.
Moop, to nibble as a sheep.
Morlan', of or belonging to moors.
Morn, the next day, to.mor rovo.
Mottie, full of motes or smal particles of mattcr.
Niou, the mouth.
Moudicwort, a mole.
Mousie, dimin. of mouse.
Muckle, or Mickle, great, big much.
Mavie, dimin. of muse.
Maslin-kuil, broth compeser simply of water, shellea barley, and grrens.
Nutchkin, an English pint.
Nyscl, myself.

## N.

Na , no. rot, nor.
Nae, no, not any.
Nuc:hing, or Naithing, no thing.
Nair, a horse $=$
Nune, nove.
Nippy, al ; to be tipsy.
Nitch, to layh hold of violently
Neebor, a neighbour.
Neglachit, neglected.
Neuk, nowl.
Nirst, next in order, or next in time.
Nicre, the fist.
Nicvefu, a handful, a smals quantıty.
Nirffer, an exchange; to exchange, to barter.
Niger, a negro.
Nine tuiled cat, a hangman's vohip.
Nit, a nut.
Norland, of or belonging at the north.
Notic' $t$, noticed, observed

Noiote, black cattle.

## O.

$0^{\prime}$, of.
Ochcls, name of mountains.
O haith! O faitin! an oath.
Onic, or Ony, any.
Or, is often used for ere, beforc.
Orra, superfuous, unwanted.
$O^{\prime} t$, of it.
Onghtlins, in the least degree.
Ouric, shivering, drooping.
Ourscl, or Ourscls, oursclves.
Outlers, cattle not housed.
Oicer, over, too.
Owre-hip, a way of fctchenc. a blow with a hammer over the arm.
P.

Pack, intimate, familiar; twrlve stone of wocl.
Paidel, to paddle, to play in water.
Painch, the putuch.
Paitrick, a partrilltye.
Pang, to crian.
Parle, specch.
Parritrh, oat-meal pulding, a weell-knoion Scotch dish.
Pat, did put, a pot.
Pattle, or Pettle, a ploughstaff.
Paughty, proud, haugh'y.
Pawly, or Pawkic, cumuing, sly.
Pay't, paid, bent.
Pech, to fitch the breath short as in an asthma.
Pechan, the crop, the stomach.
Peelin, perling,
Pet, a domesticated sheep; a great favourite.
Pettle, to cherish; a ploughstaff.

Phillegs, shart petticuats zoorn by highlandmen.
Phroise, fair specches, flattery; to flatter, to wheedle.
Phraisin, flattery.
Pibrock, a highland war song adapted to the bagpipe.
Pichle, a small quantity.
Pine, pain, uneasincss.
Pit, to put.
Placad, a public proclamation.
Plack, an old Scotch coin the thirdpart of a Scotch penny, twotve of which make an English ponny.
Plachless pennyless, without moncy.
Plaid, an outer loose garment.
Platic, dimin of plate.
Picugh, or Plcw, a plough.
Pliukie, a trick, a mischirf.
Pock, a bagr; a small sach.
Poind, to scize on cattle, or talie the good.s, as the laus of Scotland allax, for rent.
Poortiih, poncrty, indigence.
Pou, to pall.
Pouch, a pocket.
Pouchie, dimin. of pouch.
Pouk, to plucle.
Pouse, to pusk, to penctrate.
Poussic, a hare, a cat.
Pout, a poitt, a chick.
Pou't, did pull.
Fouther, or Powther, pozoder.
Pouthcry, like powder.
Poro, the head, the shull
Povnic, a little horse.
Precn, a pin, a pointed shont piece of wire.
Prent, print.
$F$ rie, to taste.
Pric'd, tasted.
Pricf, proof.
Prig, to cheapen, to dispate.
Priggin, cheapening.
Primsic, demure, precipe

Propone, to lay do:on, to propose.
Prowost, the first magistrate of a royal borough, anewoor ing to Lord Ma! lur in England.
Provescs, plural of Provozt.
Punl, vound, pounds.
Pyle, : yie o' crifi, a single grair, of cheiff.
Q.

Quali, to quake.
Quat, to quit.
Qucy, a caio from one to tioo ycars old.

## R.

Ragweed, herb racreor:
Raible, to rattle nousense; to talk foolishly.
Rair, to roar.
Raize, to mailien, to infiume.
Rom-fcczl'd, fatigued, oversprcad.
Ram-stam, thoughtless, forwaril.
Randic, turbulcnt, irrergu!ar, unsettled.
Rantie, merry, cherrful, jovial.
Ruploch, proporly a coarse cloth, but used us an adnoun for course.
Rarely, excrllently, very will.
Rash, a rush.
Rash-buss, a bush of rushes.
Ratan, a throb, a pulsation.
Rutton, a rat.
Raucle, rash, stout, fcarlcss.
Raught, reached.
Ravo, a row.
Rax, to stretch.
$R a x^{\prime} d$, strctched, levicd.
Neam, cram; to cram.
Reamin, brimful, frothing.
Reave, rove.

Reck, to hecd.
Rede, colinsel, to counsel.
Rea-wat-shud, woulizing in blood over the shoe tops.
l.cel-wud, stark mad.

Kee, kalj-druakk, fuddled.
Recck, sniolie, to smolie.
Retkin, smoking.
Reckit, smokel, smuky.
Remend, remidy, altcrnative.
Requite, requircd.
Rest, to stand restive.
Restit, stond restice, stunted, witheret.
Restriked, restrictud.
Rcw, repent.
l'icf, or i.ielf, plenty.
Riif-rundies, sturdybeggars
Rig, a ridge.
Pili, to run, to melt.
Rink, the colirse of the stoncs, $a$ tcrm in curling on ice.
I!ìn nin, running.
Iijph, a handful of unthrashed corn.
Riskit, made a noise like the tiarimer of roots.
Rockin, a term derived from those primitize times, when neirhlionrs met altcrnatcly at one nonother's housis to spond the evening; the femalis, that they might cnjoy the gossip without the imputation of illencss, brousht their rocks or dis: tiffes with them.
Rooul, st inds iikewise for the plaral roods.
Roon, a shresl.
Ruose, to praioe, to commend, applanse.
Roun', round, in the circle of ncrghbourtwod.
Roupot, hoaree as with a cold
Routhie, plentiful.
Row, to roll, to wrap.
Row $t$, rollen; wrapped.
Rovetc. to luw. to belloso

Wowth, or Routh, plenty.
Rowtin, lowing.
Rozet, rosin.
Rung, a culgei.
Kunkited, wrinkiled.
Ruut, the stem of colewort or cabba re.
Ruth, a vooman's name, the buoit so callcd; sorrow.

## S.

Elue, so.
sait, soft.
Sutir, to scree; a sore.
Sairly, or Sarlie, sorcly.
Sair't, served.
Silrk, a shirt.
Sarkit, providel ia shirts.
Sangh, the willow.
Suul, soul.
Saumont, salmon.
Saunt, a saint.
Saut, salt.
Suw, to sow.
Sawin, sowing
Six, six.
Scaith, to damage, to injure; injury.
Scar, to scare; a scar.
Scaud, to scald.
Scauld, to scold.
Scone, a isind of brad.
Sconner, a loathing, to loathe.
Soraich, to scream as aken, partridge, \&-c.

- Screcd, to tear; a rent.
scricue, to glide suifuly along.
Scricuin, glecsomely, swiftly.
Scrimp, to scant.
Scrimpet, did scant, scantif.
Sec'd, did see.
Scizim, seizing
Sil, self: a body's sel, onc's self alone.
Selu゙t, did sell.
Sen', to scud.

Scn't, $I$, he or she scnt, or did send, scnd it.
Servan', scrvant.
Session, an inferior spiritual court, of the kirk of Scotland, consisting of an assembly of clders, who sit injudgment, and pronounce scntence on Christian delinquents.
Settlin, settling; to get a settin, to be frightencd into quietness.
Sets, sets off, goes away.
Shackl'd, distorted, d'formed.
Shaird, a shred, $u$ shard.
Shangan, a stick cleft at one end, for putting the tail of a dog, \&•c. into, by way of mischief, or to frighten him away.
Shave, a trick, any thing done to cheat jocoscly, or to divert.
Shaver, a humorous wag, a barber.
Shavie, dimin. of shave.
Shaw, to show; a small wood in a hollow place.
Shearer, a reaper, one em ployed in cutting down corn.
Sheen, bright, shining.
Sheep-shank, to think one's self wae sheep-shank, to be conceitcd.
Sherra-moor, Sheriff-moor, the ficld where the jamous battle of that name was fought in the rebcllion of 1715.

Shcugh, a ditch, a trench, a sluice.
Shiel, a sleed.
Shrill, shrill.
Shog, a sluck, a ptish off as one side.
Shool, a shovel.
Shoon, shocs.

Shore, to oficr, to give, to Slypet, fcll.
thrcaten.
Shor'd, affered.
Shouther, the shoulder.
Sic, such.
Sicker, sure, steady.
Sidelins, sidelong, slanting.
Siller, silver, money.
Simmer, a sumoner.
Siguet, singcd, scorched, despicable.
$\operatorname{Sin}, a$ don.
Sin', since,
Sinuy, sunny.
Sinsyne, since.
Skaith. Sce Scaith.
Skiellam, a zoorthless fellow.
Sleclp, to strike, to slap; to walk with a smart tripping step; a smart stroke.
Skelpi-limmer, a technical term in fcuale scolding.
Skclpin, Stapping, walking, eager, warm.
Skicgh, or Skeigh, proud, nice, hiqh-mettled.
Skinklin, a small portion.
Shirl, to shriek, to cry shrilly.
Skirling, shricking, crying.
Shirl't, shricked.
Sklent, slant; to run aslant, to deviate from truth.
Sklented, ran, or hit in an oblique direction.
Skreigh, a scream; to sercam.
Skyrin, shining, making a great show.
Slizte, force, violcnec.
Slade, did slide.
Slae, a sloe.
Slap, a gate, a breach in a fence.
slav, slow.
Slpe, sly.
Sleest, slyest.
Slrekit, sleck, sly, cunning.
Sludery, slippcry.
Slype, to fall over, as a wot furrow from the rlourch.

Sma', small.
Smeddum, lust, poziler, met tle, scnse.
Smiddy, a smithy.
Smoor, 10 swother.
Smaor'd, smothercel.
Sinoutic, smutty, obscene. ugly.
Smylrie, a numcrous collcction of small individuals.
Shaking, the champing of a dog's teeth when he aims at his prey.
Snapper, stumble.
Sazash, abuse, Billingsgaic.
Snaw, suow; to snow.
Snaz-broo, melted snozo.
sumic, snuwie.
Sncch, latch of a luor.
Suri, to lop, to cut (ff.
Snceshin, snuff.
Snceshin-mill, a surff bex.
Snell, bitier, liting.
Snick drawing, thick contriving.
Snick, the latihet of a door.
Snool, one whose spirit is broken with oppressine slavcry; to submit tamely. to sneak, to uppress.
Snoove, to go smoothly and constantly, to sneak.
Sunicff, to scent or suuff, as a dog, horse, s.e.
Snowliit, scented, snufficd.
Sodger, a suldier.
Sonsif, having sucet cngag ing looks: lucky, jolly.
Soom, to suim.
South, truth, a pctty oath.
Sough, a sigh, a sound dying on the ear.
Souple, flexible, swift.
Souter, a shocmaker.
Sowcns, a disin made of oatmeal, the secds of oat-meal soured, fic. boilcd up titit

## GLOSS.ART.

they make an urrecalle Squerl, a scream, a scretek, to puddingr.
Sown, a specnftil, a small Stacher, to stagger.
gaantity of aliy thing Stack, a rick of corn, hay, s.c. liquil.
Sowith, to try ower a tune with a lizo whistl.
Sowther, solder; to sollder, to cement.
Spar, to prophesy, to divine.
Spairge, ta dash, to suil as with wirc.
Sjaul, a timb.
spavic, the spurin.
spavit, Laving the spunin.
Speat, or Spate, a sworping corrent, aficr rain or thewo.
Speel, to climb.
Speit, to spit, to thrist through.
Spence, the country parlour.
Spier, to ask, to inquire.
sjicr't, inguired.
splatter, asplititer; to splutter.
Spleuchan, a tolnacco-pouch.
Splure, a froli-, a noise, a riet.
Sprattle, to serambile.
Sprrckileil, spottid, spechlel, ciambere t.
Springr, a quick nir in music, a Scottisht recl.
Sprit, u toush rooted plant, something hilie rusiles.
Sprittle, full of spivits.
\&ipunk, firn, mettle, wit.
spunkie, motilesome, ficrg; will-o'-whisp, or 'ighis fatu:ts.
spurtle, a stich used in making oat-mual pudding: or porridse, a notable Scatch dish.
Squad, a crevo, a party.
Squatter, to fuster in water, as a vild ducti, s.c.
Squentitc, to spruul, to strug-- ${ }^{\circ}$

Stagrie, llimen. of stag.
Strimart, strong, stout.
Stan', to stund.
Stan't, did stand.
Stane, a stone.
Stunh, did stink; a pool of standing watcr.
Stap, stop.
Sticili, stout.
Stirtle, to run as cattle stung ly the gat-fly:
St:ukin, stalking, walking with a statcly step.
Siaunirel, a blockhead,half. witted.
Stano, diil steal, to surfcit.
Stech, to cram the belly.
Stechin, cramming.
steck, to shut; a stick.
Sitecr, to molest, to stir.
Stceve, firm, compacted.
stoll, a still.
Sten to rear as a horse.
Sten't, reared.
Stcuts, tribute, ducs of anv hinil.
Stry, steep.
St ycest, stcepest.
Stibble, stubble.
stibllc-rig, the reaper in har$v$ ist who takes the lead.
Stick un' stow, totally, altogrither.
Stilt, a crutch; to halt, to limp.
Stimpart, the cighth part of a Winchester bushel.
Stirl, a cow or bullock a year oli.
Stock, a plant or root of colowort, cabbare, s.c.
Stochin, stocking, throwing the stockin'; wher the bride and bridegroom ars $p \pm t$ ints hed g.n! ese ranille owt
the former thruus a stocking at random among the company, and the person whom it strikes is the next that will be married.
Stooked, made up in shocks as corn.
Stoor, sounding hollow, strong and hoarse.
Stot, an ox.
Stoup, or Stowop, a kind of jug, or dish, with a handle.
Stoure, dust, more particu-
larly dust in motion.
Stowlins, ly stealth.
Stuwn, stocen.
Stoyte, stumble.
Strack, did strike.
Strae, straw, to die a fair strae death, to die in bed.
Straik, did strike.
Straikit, stroked.
Strappan, tall and handsome.
Straught, straight.
Streck, stretched; to sirctch.
Striddle, to straddle.
Stroan, to spout, to piss.
Strunt, spirituous liquor of
any kind; to walk sturdily.
Studdic, an anvil.
Stampie, dimin. of stump.
Stuff, corn or pulse of any kind.
Sturt, troubled; to molcst.
Sturtiu, frigleted.
Sreclier, sugar.
Sul, should.
Sugh, the continucd rushing noise of wind or water.
Suthron, scuthern, an old name for the English nation.
Swaird, sward.
Swall'd, swelled.
Swankie, or Sicanker, a tight strapping young fellow or girl.
Sucap, an exchange: tobarter.


Swat, did swecat.
Swatch, a sample.
Szoats, drink, good ale.
Sweatin, sweating.
Sweer, lazy, averse; dead. sweer, extremely averse.
Swoor, swove, did swear.
Swinge, to beat, to strike, to whip.
Swirl, a curve, an cddying blast, or pcol, a knot in vood.

## Swirlie,knaggy, full of knots.

Sioith, get away.
Swither, to hesitate in choice; an irresolute wavering is. choice.
Syne, since, ago, then.

## T.

Tackets, a kind of nails for driving into the heels af shoes.
Tae, a toc; three tae' d , having three prongs.
Tairge, to examine; a target.
Tok, to take,
Takin, taking.
Tantolla, the name of $a$ mountain.
Tangle, a sca-wecd.
Tap, the top.
Tapeless, headless, foolish.
Tarrow, to murmur at one's allowance.
Torrow't, murmur.
Tarry-breeks, a sauor.
Thrtan, a kind of cloth chequercd with stripes of $v a$. rious colours.
Tauld, or Tald, told.
T'aupie, a foolish, thoughtless young person.
Tauted, or Tautie, matted together; spoken of hair or 2000?
Tawi!, that allows itself
peaceally to be handled; spokin of it horse, covo, s'c.
Teat, $n$ small quantity.
Toddiing, spreading aftor the mazer.
Ten-hours-bite, a slight fend to the horses while in the yole, in the forentoon.
Tent, a field pulptt, hecd, caution; to take hoed.
Tintie, heelful, cautious, wary.
Tentless, herilless
Tengh, ton! he
Thach, thutch; thack an rape, clothing, nccessaries.
Thae, these.
Thairms, small guts, fiddlcstrimes.
Thentit, thaniled.
Therlit, thutched.
Thogither, together.
Themsil, theti sclues.
Thick, intintate, familiar.
Thicreless, woll, dry spiterl; spalien of a pelson's dcmeanour.
Tiin, the"se.
Thiol, to thrill.
Thirld, thrilhat, vabrated.
Thale, to suffir, tio molure.
Thuoc, a thate; to thavo.
Thoicless, slaik, lazy.
Thrang, thrang; a crowd.
Thrapile, throat, voimlpipe.
Thrum, to suraia, to twoist, to contratict.
Thrawiul, twistiner, s.c.
Thrazon, sprained, twisted, coutradicted, contradiction.
Threap, to maintan liy lint of asscrtion.
Thireshim, thrashing.
Threfeen, thirtern.
Thristle, thistle.
Through, to go on with, to malic out.
Throuther, pall-mill, confusediy.

Thul, to muke a loud inter nittcut noise; a blow producing a dull heavy sound
Thumpit, thumped.
Thinsel, thysclf.
Till't, to it.
Timmer, timber.
Timmer-propt, propped with timlier.
Tine, to lose.
Tint, lost; tint the gate, lost the way.
Tinkler, a tinker. -
Tip, a ram.
Tifpince, tioo pence.
Tirl, to make a slight noise, to uncover.
Turlin, mincovering
Tither, the other.
Tittle, to whisper.
Tittling, uhisporing.
Toclur, marriage portion.
Tod, a fox.
Todtlle, to totter like the walls of a child.
Touldlin, tottcring.
Toom, cnipiy.
Tuop, a ram.
Toun, a hamlet, a farm-house.
Tout, the blast of a horn or trumpet, to blow a horn, sic.
Tour, a ripe.
Thomond, a tioclve-mouth.
Touzie, rough, shaggy.
Tuy, a very uld fastion of female head-dress.
Toyte, to toticr like old age. Trams, shafts.
Transinngrify'd, transmi(g) uted, nctamorphosed,

Trashtrie, trash.
Troses, truzosers.
'Trickic, full of tricks, play. ful.
Trie, spruce, ncat.
Irinily, caceilcnely.
Trou, io belicre.
Treseth, truth, a petty oath

Trysted, appointed; to tryste, to make an appointment. Try't, tried.
Tug, raw hide; of wohich in old times plough-traces wore frequently madc.
Tulzie, a quarrel; to quarrel, to fight.
Twa, two.
Troa-three, a few.
'Troad, it would.
Thoal, twelve; twal penny worth, a small quantity, a pennyworth.
Twoin, to part.
Tylue, a dog.

## U.

Unco,strange, uncouth, very, very great, prodigious.
Uncos, news.
Unfanld, unfold.
Unkenn'd, unlinozon.
Unsicker, unsure, unsteady.
Unskaith'd, undamaged, umhurt.
Unweeting, unwitting, unknowing.
Upo', ироп.
Urchin, a hedgckog.

## V.

Vap'rin, vapouring, bullying, bragging.
Vauntie, vain, proud.
Vera, very.
Virl, a ring round a column, \&.c.

## W.

Wa', wall.
Wa's, walls.
Wabster, a wcaver.
Wad, would; to bet; a bet, a pledge.
TVadra, would not.

Wae, woe, sorrovful.
Wacsucks! or Wars me. clas! O the pity.
Waft, the eross thread that goes from the shuttle through the web; woof.
I'raifu', uailizig.
Wair, to lay out, to erpent.
Inair, choice; to choose.
Wal'd, chose, chosen.
Walie, ample, large, jolly, also an interjection of dis tress.
Wame, the lilly.
Wamefou, a bclly full.
Waniluancie, wizlucky, ill. omened, inauspicious.
W'anrestfu', restless, uncasy.
Wark, worth.
Wrark-lume, a tocl to work with.
Warl, or Warli, world.
W'arlock, u vizard.
Warly, worldly, eager on amassing wealth.
H'arran, a warrant; to warrant.
Warst, icorst.
Warstl'd, or I'arsl'd, wres tled.
Wastrie, prodigality.
Wat, wet; I wat, I wot, I know.
Water-brose, brose made of meal and water simiply, without the addition of milk, butter, \&.c.
Wattle, a twig, a wand.
Wauble, to swing, to recl.
W'aught, drought.
W'aukit, thickened, as fullers do cloth.
Wankrife, not apt to slerp.
Wanr, worse, to worst.
W'aur't, acorstcd.
Wean. or Weanic, a child
Wearic, or Weary; monie a weary body, many a dif ferent person.

Weason, wensand.
Weiving tile stoiking. See throwing tide stocking, page tiz.
Wee, litile.
Wie things, little onrs.
Woe bit, a suall niatter.
Weel, well.
Weelfure, welfure.
IVert, ruin, wetness
Weird, file.
We'sc, we sha!l.
Wher, who.
Whaizle, to wheeze.
Whalpit, whelped, lrought forth.
Whatng, a lenthrn string, a piece of cheese, breud, d.e.;
$t_{1}$ gine the strappado.
Whare, where.
Whare'cr, whereecr.
Whase, whose.
Whatreck, novertheless.
Whaup, the curlew, a kind of wouter-fozel.
Wheep, to fly nimbly, to jork; penny-wheep, small beer.
Whid, the motion of a hare, running but not frighted; a lie.
Whidden, runuing as a hare or coney.
Whigmeleeries, whims, fan. cies, crotehets.
Whingin, erying, complaining, fretting.
Whirligigums, useless ornaments, trifing appcudares.
Whirrin', whirring; the sound made by the flight of the partridge, s-c.
Whisht, silence; to hold one's whisht, to be silent.
Whisk, to sweep, to lash.
Whiskin, large, swecping.
Whiskit, lashetl.
Whissle, a whistle; to whistle.

Whitter, a hearts draught of liquor.
Whun-stare, a whinstone.
Whyles, vohiles, sometimes.
Wi', wath.
Wick, to strike s. stone in an ablique dircction, a term in curling.
Wicker, willow (the smaller sort.)
Wid li 'fu', vorathful, angry ruging; one deserving the sallows.
Vidille, struggle, bustle, effort.
Wrid, a small whiripocl.
Wifie, a diminutive or endearing term for wife.
Wilf u', willing, full of will.
Willyart, bashful, reserved, timi!l.
Wimple, to meander, to run veny irregularly.
Wimpl't, meandered.
Wimilin, woving, meander. ing.
Win, to wind, to winnow.
I' ${ }^{\prime} n^{\prime} t$, wiudcd as a bottom of yarn.
W'in', vind.
Win's, winds.
Winna, will not.
Winnock, a window.
Winsome, kearty, vauntcd, tray.
Wintle, a siliggraing notion; to stagger, to reil.
Winze, an oath.
Wiss, to wisin, to have a strong desire.
Withouten, without.
Witless, simple, easily imposed on.
W'izen'd, hidc-bound, dried, shrank.
Wonner, a wonder, a contemptuous appellation.
Wons, dioclls, resides.
:V20', 2000l.

Woo, to court, to make lnve to. Woddie, a rope, more properly one made of withes or voillows, a haltcr, a gallows.
Wooer-hab, the gartcr knotted below the knee with a couple of loops.
Worily, worthy.
Worset, worsted.
Wow, an exclamation of pleasure or wonder.
Wrach, to tcase, to vex.
Wraith, a spirit, ghost; an appurition exactly like a luning person, whose apperance is said to forbode the person's approaching death.
Wrang, wrong; to wrong, to injure.
Wreeth, a drifted heap of suow.
Writers, attorneys, lancyers.
Wud-mad, distracted, wold.
Wumble, a whimble, an instrument for boring holes.
W'yle, beguile.
Wylifcoat, a fannel vest.
W'yte, blame; to blame, to accuse.

## Y.

Ye; this pronoun is frequently used for thou.
Yeur, is used both for singular and plurel years.
Yearlings, born in the same yeur, cotvals.
Yearns, long's much, desires earnestly.
Yell, barren, that gives no milk.
Yerk, to lash, to strike, to jerk.
Yerkit,jerked, lashed, struck.
Iestrcen, yesternight, the night before.
Yctt, a gatc, surh as is usually at the entrance unto a farm-yurd or field.
Fill, ale.
Iird, carth.
Yokiu, yoking, a bout
Yont, beyond.
Yourses', yourself.
Fove, an eve.
Yowie, llimin. of yose
Yulc, Christmä.

## PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

Tue following trifles are not the production of the poet, who, with all the advantages of learned art, and perhaps amid the elegances and idleness of upper life, looks down for a rural theme, with an eye to Theocritus or Virgil. To the author of this, these and other celebrated names, their countrymen, are, at least in their original language, a fountain shut up, and a book sealed. Unacquainted with the necessary requisites for commencing poet by rule, he sings the sentiments and manners he felt and saw in himself, and his rustic compeers around him, in his and their native language. Though a rhymer from his earliest ycars, at least from the carliest impulses of the softer passions, it was not till very lately that the applause, perhaps the paitiality of friendship, wakened his vanity so far as to make him think any thing of his worth showing; and none of the following works were composed with a view to the press. To amuse himself with the little creations of his own fancy, amid the toil and fatigues of a laborious life; to transcribe the various feclings, the loves, the griefs, the hopes, the fears, in his own breast; to find some kind of counterpoise to the strug gles of a world, always an alien scene, a task uncouth to the poetical mind-these were his motives for courting the muses, and in these he found Poetry to be its own reward.

Now that he appears in the public character of an author, he does it with fear and trembling. So dear is fame to the rhyming tribe, that even he, an obscure, nameless bard, shinks aghast at the thought of being branded as-an impertinent blockhend, obtruding his nonsense on the world; anti, because he can make a shift to jingle a few doggerel Scotch rhymes together, looking upon himse lf as a poet of no small consequence forsuoth.

It is an observation of that celebrated poet, Shenstone, whose divine elegies do honour to our language, our nation, and our species, that "Humility has depressed many a genius to a hermit, but never raised one to fame!" If any critic catches at the word Genius, the author fells him, once for all, that he certainly looks upon himself as possessed of some poetic abilities, utherwise his publishing in the mamer he has done, would be a manourre below the worst character which, he lopez, his worst enemy will ever give him. But to the genius of a Ramsay, or the ghowious dawnings of the poor, unfortunate Ferguson, he, with equal umaffected sincerity, declares, that even in his highest pulse of vanity, he has not the most distant pretensinns. These two justly admired Scotch poets he has often had in lise eye in the following pieces; but rather with a view to kindle at their flame, than for servile imitation.

To his subscribers, the author returns his most sincere thanks-not the mercenary bow ower a counter, but the heart-throbbing gratitude of the bard, conscious how much he owes to benevolence and friendship, for gratifying him, if he deserves it, in that dearest wish of every pnetic
bosom-to be distinguished. He begs his readers, particularly the learned and the polite, who may honour him with a perusal, that they will make every allowance for education and circumstances of life; but, if, after a fair, candid, and impartial criticism, he shall stand convicted of dulness and nonsense, let him be done by as he would in that case do by others-let him be condemned. without mercy, to contempt and oblivion.

## DEDICATION

TO THE SECON1 EDITIGN.

IO THIT NOELEMEN AND CENTLEMEN OF TKE CAEEDONLAK HUNT.

## My Lords and Genllemen,

A Scotrisil bard, proud of the name, and whose highest ambition is to sing in his Country's service-where shall he so properly look for patronage as to the illustrious names of his native Land; those who bear the honours and. inherit the virtues of their Ancestors? The Poctic Genius of my Country found me, as the prophetic bard ElijaI! did Elisha-at the Plough; and threw her inspiring Mantle over me. She bade me sing the loves, the joys, the rural scenes aad rural pleasures of my native soil, in my native tongue; I tuned my wild, artless notes, as she inspired. She whispered me to come to this ancient Metropolis of Caledonia, and lay my songs under your honoured protection.

Though much indebted to your goodness, I do not approach you, my Eords and Gentlemen, in the usual style of dedication, to thank you for past favours. That path is so hackneyed by prostituted learning, that honest rusticity is ashamed of it. Nor do I present this address with the renal soul of a servile Author, lookino for a continuation of those faveurs: I was bred Voz. I. F
to the Plough, and am independent. I come to claim the common Scottish name with you, my illustrious countrymen; and to tell the world that I glory in the title. I come to congratulate my Country that the blood of her ancient heroes still runs uncontaminated; and that from your courage, knowledge, and public spirit, she may expect protection, wealth and liberty. In the last place, I come to proffer my warmest wishes to the great Fountain of honour, the Monarch of the Universe, for your welfare and happiness. When you go forth to waken the Echoes, in the ancient and favourite amusement of your forefathers, may Pleasure ever be of your party; and may social Joy await your return! When harassed in courts or camps with the jostlings of bad men and bad measures, may the honest consciousness of injured worth attend your return to your native Seats; and may domestic Happiness, with a smiling welcome, meet you at your gates! May corruption shrink at your kindling, indignant glance; and may tyranny in the Ruler, and licentiousness in the People, equally find you an inexorable foe!

I have the honour to be, With the sincerest gratitude,

And highest respect,
My Lords and Gentlemen,
Your most devoted humble Servant,
ROBERT BURNS.
Edinburgh, ? April 4, 1787.

## POTMNE,

## CHIEFI.YSCOTTISH.

## Boor I.

MORAL, RELIGIOUS, ANDPRECEPTIVR

## THE TWA DOGS <br> A TALE.

'Twas in that place o' Scotland's isle,
That bears the name o' Auld King Coil,
Upon a bonie day in June,
When wearing thro' the afternoon,
Twa dogs that were na thrang at hame,
Forgather'd ance upon a time.
The first I'll name, they ca'd him Cesar, Was keepit for his Ilonour's pleasure;
His hair, his size, his mouth, his lugs,
Show'd he was nane o' Scotland's dogs ;
But whalpit some place far abroad,
Where sailors gang to fish for cod.
His locked, letter'd, braw brass collar,
Show'd him the gentleman and scholar ;
But tho' he was o' high degree,
The fient a pride nae pride had he;
But wad hae spent an hour caressin',
Ev'n wi' a tinkler-gipsey's messin:
At kirk or market, mill or smiddie,
Nae tauted tyke, tho' e'er sae dudilie,
But he wad stan't, as glad to see him,
And stroan't on stanes an' hillocks wi' him

## SOERTAN

The tither was a ploughman's collie ${ }_{F}$. A rhyming, ranting, raving billie, Wha for lis friend an' comrade had him ${ }_{\gamma}$ And in his freaks had Luath ca'd him, After some dog in Ilightand saty, *
Whas made lang sync-Lord knows how lang
Me vas a gesh au' fathind tyke,
As ever hap a sheugh or dyke,
His honest, sonsie, baws'nt facc,
Ay gat him fiends in ilka place.
His breast was whitite, his touzie back
Weel clad wi' coat o' glossy black;
His gawcie tai!, wi' upward curl,
Kuag o'er his hurdiss wi' a swizl.
Nae dount Dut they were foin o' ither, An' unco pack an' thick thergitier ;
Wi' social nose winyles stuil' $d$ and snowkit,
Whyles mice and moudieworts they howkil !
Whyles scour'd awa in lang excursion,
An' worry'd ither in diversion;
Until wi' dafina weary groven,
Upon a knowe they sat them down;
And there began a lang digression
About the Lords o' the Cication.

## chesar.

r've aften wonuered, honest Zuaith,
What sort o' life poor dogs like you have;
An' when the gentry's ifte I saw,
What way poor bodies liv'd ava.'
Our Laird gets in bis racked rents,
His coals, his kain, and a' his stents:
He rises when he likes himsel' ;
llis flunkies answer at the bell;
He ca's his coach, he ca's his horse ;
Ile draws a bonie silken purse
As lang's my tail, where, thro' the steeks, The yellow-letter'd Geordse keeks.

Frae morn to e'en it's nought but tojing
At baking, roasting, frying, boiling;
An' tho' the gentry first are stechin,
Yet e'en the ha' folk fill their pechin
Wi' sauce, ragouts, and sic like trashtrie,
'That's little short $0^{\prime}$ downright wastrie.

* Cuthullin's dog in Ossian's Fingaz

Our Whipper-in, wee blastit wonner, Poor worthless elf, it eats a dinn.er, Better than ony tenant man His Honnur has in a' the lan' :
An' what poor cot-fo!k pit their painch in, I own its past my comprehension.

## LUATH.

Trowth, Casar, whyles they're fasht enough, A cotter howkin in a sheush, Wi' dirty stanes hegin a dyke,
Boring a quarry, and sic like.
Ilimsel, a wife, he thus sustains, A smytrie o' wee duddie weans, An' nought but his hand darg, to keep 'Them right and tight in thack an' rape.

As when they meet with sair disastere, Like loss o' health, or want o' masters, Ye maist wa:l think, a wee touch langer,
An' they mann starve o' cauld an' hunger:
But, how it comes, I never kenn'd yet,
They're maistly wonderfi' coutented ;
An’ buirdly chiels, and clever hizzies,
Are bred in sic a way as this is.
CESAR.
But then to see how ye're negleckit, How hufl'd, and cuff'd, and disrespeckit: L-d, man, our gentry care as little For delvers, ditclerrs, an' sic cattle ;
They gang as saucy by poor fo:k,
As I wad by a stinking lrock.
I've notic'd on our Laird's court-day,
An' mony a time my heart's been wae, Poor tenant bodies, scant o' cash,
How they maun thole a factor's snash :
He'll stamp and threaten, curse and swear,
He'll apprehend them, poind their gear;
While they maun stan', wi' aspect humble;
An' hear it a', an' fear an' tremble !
I see how folks live that hae riches;
But surely poor folk maun be wretches ?
LUATH.
They're nae sae wretched's ane wad think;
Tho' constantly on poortith's brink:
They're sae accustom'd wi' the sight,
The view o't gles them little fright.

## IOEMS

Then chance and fortune are sae guided, They're ay in less o" mair provided; An' thu' fatigu'd with close employments A blink o' rest's a sweet enjoyment.

The dearest comfort 0 ' their lives, 'Their grushse weans ath' fatithfu' wives; The prattling things are just their pride, That sweetens a' their fire-side.

An' vhyles Iwalpennie worth o' nappy
Can make the bodies unco happy;
They lay aside their private cares,
To mind the kirk and state atlairs:
They'll talk o' patronage aud priestes,
Wi' kindling fury in their breasts, Or tell what new taxation's consin', An' ferlie at the folk in Lon'on.

As beak-faced Hallowmas returns, They get the jovial, ranting kirns, When rural life, $o^{\prime}$ every station,
Unite in common recreation:
Love Wlinks, Wit slaps, and social Mirthy
Forgets there's Care upo' the earth.
That merry day the year hegins,
They bar the loor on frosty winds ; The nappy reeks wi' mantling ream,
An' sheds a lieart-inspiring stuan; The lumtin pipe, an' snceshin mill, Are handed round wis right gude will ; The cantie auld folks crackin cronse, The young anes rantin thro' the houseMy heart has been sae fain to see thems; That I for joy hae barkit wi' them.

Still its owre true that ye hae said, Sic game is now owre aften play'd.
'There's monie a creditabie stock
$O$ decent, honest fawsont folk,
Are riven out baith root and branch,
Some rascal's pridfu' greed to quenc鼓,
What thinks to knit hiinsel the faster In favour wi' some gentle Master,
Wha, aiblins, thrang a-parliamentin,
For Britain's guid his stml indentin-
CASAR.
Fraith, lad, ye little ken about it ; Ror Rritain's guid! grid faith' I doube bs:

Say, rather, gaun as Premicrs lead hire, An' saying aye or no's they bid him:
At operas an' plays parading ;
Mortraging, gamblins, masquerading ;
Or, may be, in a frulic daft,
To Hague or Calais takes a waft ;
To make a tour, an' tak a whirl;
' $2 \mathrm{o} o$ learn bon tou an' sec the worl':
There, at Vienna or Versaille ${\underset{i}{;}}^{\prime}$
He rives his father's auld entuails;
Or hy Madrid he takes the rout,
'To thrunıgnitars, and feelit wi' nowt;
Or down Italian vista staties,
Wh-re-huriting among groves ${ }^{\prime}$ myrtles :
Then bouses drumbly German wate?
To mak himsel look fair and fatter,
An' clear the consequential sorrow's,
Love-gifts of Carnival signoras.
For Britain's guid! for her destruction!
Wi' dissination, feus, an' faction.

## LUATH.

Heeh maa ! dear sirs ! is that the gate
They waste eac mony a braw estate !
Are we saz foughten an' harass'd
For gear to gang that gate at last !
0 trould they stay aback fiae cotirs,
An' please theinselves wi' countra sports, It wad for every ane be better,
The Laird, the 'Tenant, an' the Cotter!
For thae frank, rantin, tamblin billies,
Fient haet o' them's ill hearted fellows!
Excent for breakin o' their timmer,
Or speakin lighty o' their limmer,
Or shontin o' a hate or moor-cock,
The ne'er a bit they're ill to poor folk.
But will you tell me, Master Cosar, Sure great folk's life's a life o' p'easure ?
Nae cauld or hanger e'er can steer them;
The vera thought o't need na fear them.
CAEAR.
$\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{d}$, man, were ye hut whyles whare 1 am. The gentles ye wad ne"er envy "em.

It's true, they need mae starve or sweat, Thro' winter's cauld or smmer's heat -

## TOE.BIS,

They've nae sair wark to craze their banes, An' fill auld age wi' grips an' granes:
But human bodies are sic fools,
For a their colleges and schools,
That when nar real ills perplex them,
They make enow themsels to vex then ;
An' ay the less they hae to sturt them.
In like proportion less will hurt them.
A country-fellow at the pleugh,
His acres till'd, he's right eneugh;
A country girl at her whicel,
Her dizzen's done, she's unco weel:
But Gentlemen, and Ladies warst,
Wi' ev'n down want o' wark are curst.
They loiter, lounging, lank, and lazy;
Tho' deil hat ails them, yet uneasy;
Their days insipid, duil, an' tasteless ;
Their nights nnquiet, lang and restless:
An' e'en their sports, their balls, an' races,
'Their galloping thro' public places.
There's sic parade, sic pomp, an' art,
The joy can scarcely reacin the heart.
The men cast out ia party matches,
Then sowther a' in deep debanches ;
Ae night they're mad wi' drink an' wh-ring
Niest day their life is past enduring.
The ladies arm-in-arm in clusters,
As great and gracious a' as sisters;
But hear their absent thoughts o' ither,
They're a' run deils an' jades thegither.
Whyles o'er the wee bit cup an' platie,
They sip the scandal potion pretty ;
Or lee-lang nights, wi' crabbit leuks
Pore owre the devil's pictur'd beuks;
Stake on a chance a farmer's stackyard,
An' cheat like ony unliang'd blackguard.
There's some exception, man an' woman;
But this is gentry's life in common.
By this, the sun was out o' sight,
An' darker gloaming brought the night.
The bum-clock humm'd wi' lazy drone;
The kye stood rowtin $\mathrm{i}^{\prime}$ the hana:
When up they gat, and shook their higs,
Rejoic'd they wele na men but dogs ;
An' each took aff his several way,
Resolv'd to meet some ither day.

# THE BRIGS OF AYR. <br> A POEM. <br> Inscribed to J. $B^{* * * * * * * * *, ~ E s q . ~ A g r . ~}$ 

Tue sinuple Dard, rough at tise rustic plough, Learning nis tumeful thade from ev'ry bough; The chanting limet, or the mellow thrush, Hailing the setting sun, sweet, in the green thorn bush; The suaring laik, the perching red-breast shrill, Or deep-ton'd plovers, gray, wild-vinistling o'er the hill Shall he, nurst in the peasant's lowly shed, To hadly independence bravely bred, By early Poverty to hardship stecl'd,
And train'd to arms in stem Mistortune's field; Shall he be guilty of their hireling chimes, The servile, mercenary Swiss of rhymes?
Or labour hard the panegyric close,
With all the venal soul of dedicating prose?
No ! thongh his artiess strains he rudely sirgs,
And throw's his haud uncouthly o'cr the strings He glews with all the spirit of the Bard, Fame, honest fame, his great, his dear reward! Still, if sonic patron's gen'rons cane lie trace, Skill'd in the secret to bestow with grace;
When $\mathrm{P} * * * * * * * f *$ befricuds his hamble name,
And hauds the rustic stranger up to fazne,
With heart-felt throcs his gratefial bosom swells,
The god-like bliss, to give, alone excels.
'Twas when the stecks get on their winter-hrc. And thack and rape secure the toil-worn crap; Potato-bings are shugred up frne skaith
Of coming Winter's biting, frosty breath; The bees, rejoicing o'er their summer toils, Unmmbered buds an' fiowers' delicious spoils, Seal'd up with frugal care in massive waxen piles, $\}$ Are dooin'd by man, that tyrant o'er the weak,
The death o' devils smonr'd wi' brimstone rees;
The thmutering guns are heard on ev'ry side,
Tlse womadal coveys, recling, scatter wide ;
The feather'd fied-mates, bound by nature's tio,
Sires, motsers, children, in one carnage lie :
(What warm, poetic l,eart, but inly bleeds,
And execrates man's savage, ruthless aleedy?:

Nae mair the flow'r in field or meadow springs;
Nae mair the grove with airy concert rings,
Except perhaps the Robin's whistling glee,
Proad o' the height o' some bit half-lang tree;
The hoary morns precede the sunny days, Milr, calm, serene, wide spreadis the noon-tide blaze,
While thick the gossamour waves wanton in the rays
'I'was in that scason, when a simple Bard,
Unknown and joor, simplicity"s reward;
Ae uight, within the ancient burgh of $A y r$,
By whim inspir'd, or haply press'd wi' care:
Ile left his bed, and took his wayward route,
And down by simpson's* wheel'd the left about:
(Whether impelled by all-directing Fate,
'To witness what I after shall narrate;
Orwhether, rayt in meditation high,
Ile wandered ont he knew not where nor why:)
The drowsy Dungcon-clock $\dagger$ had numbered two,
And Wallace Tow'rt had sworn the fact was true:
The tide-swoin Firth, with sullen-soundiug roar,
Through the still niglit dashed hoarse along the shore:
All else was hish'd as na:ure's closed e'e;
The silent moon shone high o'er tow'r and tree:
The chilly finst, beneath the silver beam,
Crept, gently-crusting, o'er the glittering stream-
When 10 : on either hand the list'ning Bard,
The clanging sugh of whistling wings he heard;
Two dusky forms dart thro' the midnight air,
Swift as the Gost drives on the wheeling hare ;
Ane on th' Aull Brig his airy shape uprears,
The ither flutters o'er the rising piers:
Our warlock rhymer instantly desery'd
The Sprites that owre the Brigs of . Syr preside.
(That bards are secont-sighted is nae joke, Aud ken the lingo o' the sp'ritual folk: Fays, Epunkies, Kelpies, a', they ran explain them,
And ev'n the vera deils they brawiy ken them.)
Aulil Brig appear'd of ancient Pictish race,
The vera wrinkles Gothic in his face:
He seemed as he wi' Time had warstl'd lang,
Yet tenghly doure, he bade an unco baug.
New Brig was buskit in a braw new coat,
That he, at Lon'on, frae ane Adams, got:
In's hand five taper staves as smooth's a bead,
Wi' virls an' whirlygigums at the head.

* A noted tavern at the Auld Brig end.

1 The two
steeples. $\quad \ddagger$ The goshauk, or faicon.

The Goth was stalking round with anxious search, Spying the time-worn flaws in cv'ry arch; It chanc'd his new come needour took lis e'e,
And e'en a vex'd and angry heart had ne !
Wi' thieveless sneer to sfe his modish mien,
He, down the water, gives him this guide'en :-

> AULD ERIG.

I doubt na, frien', ye'll think ye're nat sleep-shank Ance ye were streekit v'er from bank to bank:
But gin ye be a brig as antd as me,
Tho' faith, that day I doubt ye'!l never see;
There'll be, if that date come, I'll wid a bodde,
Some fewer whigmeleeries in your naddle.

> NEW ERIG.

Auld Vindal, ye but show your litte mense,
Just much about it wi' your seanty solnse;
Will your poor, narmw fon-path rif a street,
Where twa whet-harrows thonble whon they ment,
Your rum'd formles bulk o' stane an' lime,
Compare wi honie Brigs o' mondern time ?
There's men o' taste wothl whe the 1 ) uckat stroum,*
Tho' they sliould cast the wery sark and swim,
Ere thry would grate their fereli: gs si' the view $c$ sic an ugiy, Guthic hu!k as you.

## AULD ERGG.

Conceited gowk! putl d up wi' windy piade!
This mony a year l've stend whe flend an' tide;
An' tho' wi' crazy eild I'm sair forfaim,
I'll be a Prig, when yere a shapees caim!
As yet ye litule ken about the matter,
But twathree winters will inform von better.
When heary, dark, comtinted a'-day rains,
W' derpening deluges o'erthow the plains;
When from the hills where spings the brawling Coil,
Or stately Lugar's mo*s fonmains boil,
Or where the Gircmuch winds his ntourtand course,
Or hamuted Garpalt draws his leeble source,
Arous'd by bhst'ring winds an' spotting thowes,
In many a torrent duwn his sha'broo rowes

[^5]White crashing ice, borne on the roaring speat,
Sweeps dams, an' mills, an' brigs, a' to the gate;
And from Gilenbuck,* down to the Ratton-key, $\uparrow$
And Ayr is just one lengithen'd, tumbling sea;
Then down ye'll harl-detil nor ye never rise :
And dash the gumlie janpls ep to the pouring skies:
A lesson sadly teacling, to year cost,
That Architecture's nobe att is lost !

## NEV BRIG.

Fine Perchifccture! trowth, I nceds must say't o'z !
The $L-d$ be thankit that we've tint the gate $o$ 't!
Gaunt, ghastly, chaist-ailuring edifices,
Hanging with threat'ning jut, like precipices;
D'er-arching, mouldy, gloom-inspining coves,
Supporting roofs fantastic, sto:y groves;
Windows and doors, in namelts sculpture drest,
With order, symmetry, or tasie, mbin'st;
Forms like some bedian-statuary's drean,
The craz'd creations of misguided whim;
Forms might be worshipp'd on the leniled knee,
And still the second dread commond he free,
Their likeness is not found on earth, in air, or sea.
Mansions that would disgrace the building taste
Of any mason reptile, bird or brast ;
Fit only for a doited Monkish race,
Or frosty maids, forsworn the dear cmbrace,
Or Cuifs of latter times, wha held the notion
That sullen g!oom was sterling, true devotion ;
Fancies that our guid Burgh denies protection, And soon may they expire, unbless'd with resurcection !

## AULD BRIG.

O ye, my dear-remember'd, ancient yealings,
Were ye but here to share my wommed feelings ?
Ye worthy Froveses, an' mony a Baitie,
Wha in the paths of righteousness did toil ay ;
Ye dainty Deacons, and ye douce Convecrirs,
To whom our moderss are but cansey-chamers ;
Ye godly Councils wha hae bless'd this town;
Ye godly Brethren of the sacred gown,
Wha meekly gae your hurdies to the smiters;
And (what would now be strance) ye golly coritcrs:
A' ye douce folk I've borne akoon the brao,
Were ye hut here, what would ye say or do?

* The source of the river . 1 jr . it a smalliandang
tlace above the large key.

How would your spirits groan in deep rexation, To see each melancholy alteration;
And agonizing, curse the time and place
When ye begat the base, degen'rate race!
Nae langer Rev'rend Men, their country's giory,
In plain braid Scots hoid forth a plaia braid story,
Nae langer thrifty Citizens, an' douce,
Meet owre a pint, or in the Council-house ;
But staumrel, corky-headed, graceless gentry ;
The herryment and ruin of the country;
Men, three-parts made by Tailois and by Barbers,
Wha waste your w!eel-hitind gear on d-d newo Brigs and Harbours!

NEW BRIG.
Now haud you there : for faith ye've satl enough,
And muckle mair than ye can make to throngh.
As for your Priesthoud, 1 shail say lint litile,
Curbies and Clergy are a shot right kitte;
But inder favour o' your langir beart!,
Abase o' magistrates might weel be spar'd:
Toliken them to your and warld squad,
I must needs say, comp:risons are odd.
In Ayr, Way wits nat nair can hat a hande
To mouth 'a Citizen,' a term o' scandat:
Nae inair the Council waddes down the street,
In all the pomp of izmorant conceit :
Men wha grew wise priscial ower hops an' raisine,
Or gather'd lib'ral views in Bonds and Sicisins.
If haply Knowledxe, on a random tramp,
Had shor'd them with a ghimmer of his lamp,
And would to Common-sense, for oase batraty dhems
Plain, dull Stupidity stept kindly in to aid them.
What farther clishmaclaver might been said, What blowly wars, if sprites hat blood to sted,
No man cantell ; bat a!! before their sight,
A fairy train appeard in order hatit: :
Adown the glitterins stream they featly danced;
Bright to the moon their varions diesses g'anced;
They footed o'er the wat'ry g'ass so noat,
The intant ice scarce bent bunpath their feet:
While arts of minstrelsy among them run:\%,
And sonl-ennoblitig Bards heruic dities sing.
O had N'Laughlan,* thaim-inspiring sagr,
Been there to hear this !eaventy band engage,
When through his dear Strathspeys they bore with IIghland rage;

* A toell linolor jperformer of Soutish mustia en tho violin

Ot whe:3 they struck ohd sootia's melting airs, 'The lower's maptar'd joys or bleeding cares ; flow would his Hizhand hy been nobler fird, And ev'a his matchless liand with fimer tonch inspix'd
No gums contid tell what instrument appear'd,
But all the sout of Music's self was hemed;
Harmonious concert mang in every part,
White simple melody pourd moving on the heart.
The Geyitus of the Streata in fiont appeare, A venerabie chief advanced ia years:
His noary head with water-lifies cenwa'd,
His manly log wifh sarter thagle bound.
Next cane tho lovelicet pair in atl the ring, Sweet femate theaty hand in hand with Spring Then crown'd with thw"t lis. canse Rural Jo: And Summor, with ins forvid-heanhing eye; Ait-cheering P:eaty, with her flowing hom, Led yelonv Antumat wreathid with motding enm ; 'Then Whater's time-beached lorks did hoary show Ey llospitaity with chondiess brow.
Next fohow'd Conase with his natial stride,
From where the Fial wild wondy whirts hide;
Benerolence, with mi:d, bemigmas: air,
A female form, * came fom the ton rs of Stair;
forning ath wont! in equa! measares trode
From simple Catrine, thoir k:m-lov'd aboule;
L, ast, white-rob'd Peara, coownd with a hazel wreath,
'Io rusti: Agriculture did hequeath
The broken ion instmmeats of Death;
At sight of whom our sinites forgat their kindling wrath.

> THE VIS!ON.

## DUAN FIRST. $\dagger$

Tues sun had cins'd the winter day, The curlers quat their roaring piay,

* The Poet liere ailudcs to a jirs. St woart, who was then in possession of Stair. She afterwards removed to Aftonlodge or tic banks of the Aiton, a stream which she subsequent'" rdebrated in a sovisentitled, "Aftom Water."-Ed.
$\dagger$ Hisate, a lerm of Ossian's for the different divisions of a
 transi stivit

An' hunger'd maukin ta'en her way
To kail-yards green,
While faithless snaws ilk step betray
Whare she has been.
The thrashcr's weary fingin-trce
The lee-lang day had tired me;
And when the day had clos'd his e'e,
Far i' the west,
Een i' the spence, right persivelie, I gaed to rest.
There, lanely, by the ingle-cheek, I sat and ey'd the spewing reek, That fill'd, wi' hoast-provoking sineek, The auld clay biggin;
An' heard the restless rattons squeak About the riggin.
All in this mottie, misty clime,
I backward mus'd on wasted time,
How I bad spent my youtlife' prime,
An' done nae-thing,
But stringin blethers up in rhyme,
For fools to sing.
Had I to guid ad wice but harkit,
I night, by this, hae led a market,
Or strutted in a bark tias' clatkit
My cash account :
While here, half mad, half fed, half sarki Is a' th' amomnt.
i startert, mutt'ring, blockhead ! coof !
And heav'd on high my waukit loof,
To swear by a' yon starry roof,
Or some rash aith,
That I henceforth would be a rhyme proof
Till my last breath-
When click! the string the sneck did draw 1
And jee! the door gaed to the wa'
An' by my ingle-lowe I saw,
Now bleezin bright,
A tight, outlandish Hizzie, braw,
Come full in siglit.
Ye need nae doubt, I held my whisht;
The infant aith, half-form'd was crusht ;
I glow'rd as eerie's I'd been dusht,
In some wild glen;
\{\}
When sweet, like motest Worth, she blusht, And stepped ben.
Green, slender, leaf-ciad holly-boughs
Were iwisted, gracefu', romind her brows,
I took her for scme Scottish muse,
By that same token;
An' come to stop those reckless vows, Wou'd soon been broken.
A "hair-brain'd sentimental trace,"
Was strongly marked in her face;
A wildiy-vitty, rustic grace
Stone full upon her ;
Her eye, ev'n turn'd on empty space, Bean'll keen with Honour.
Down flow'll her robe, a Tartan sheen,
Till half a leg was scrimply seen;
And such a leg! hay bmie Jean
Conhl only peer it;
Sue straught, sae tapier, tight and clean,
Nane else came near it.
Iler Arantle lavge, of creenish hue, Bly gazing womer chielly drew ;
Deep lights and shates, both-mingling, them
A lustregrand;
And seem'd, to my astmaish'd view, A well brovon land.

Here, rivers in the sea were lost ;
There, monntains to the stios were tost ;
Here, tumbling hillows mark'd the coast, With surging fuam;
There distant shome Art's lulty boast, The lordly dome.
ifere $D$ ann poitrod down his far-fetch floods, There, weli-fed Irvzne stately thuds;
Auld lermit Ayr staw thro' his woods, On to the shore ;
And inany a lesser torrent scuds, With sceming roar.

Low, in a sandy valley spread,
An antiont Borough rear'd her head;
Still, as in Scotish story reat,
She boasts a Race,
To ev'ry mobler virtue bred,
Aen polish'd grace.

By stately-tow'r or palace fair, Or ruins pendant in the air,
Bold stems of heroes, here and there, I could discern ;
Some seem'd to muse, some seem'd to dare, With features stern.
Ny heart did giowing transport feel, To see a Race* heroic wheel,
And brandish round the deep-dy'd stect
In sturdy blows;
While back-recoiling secm'd to reel
Their Southron foes.
His Country's Saviour, $\dagger$ mark him well ;
Bold Richardton's $\ddagger$ heroic swell -
'The chief on Sarkis who glorions fell,
In high command;
And $H e$ whom ruthless Fates expel
His native land.
There, where a sceptr't? Pictish shade!|
Stalk'd round its ashes lowly laid,
I mark'd a martial race, portray'd
In colours strong ;
Bold, soldier-featur'd, urdismay'd
They strode alon:g.
Thro' many a wild romantic grove, ${ }^{\text {ET }}$
Near many a hermit-fancy'd cove,
(Fit haunts for Friendship or for Love)
In musing mond,
An aged Judge, I saw him rovr,
Dispensing good.

* The Wallaces. $\dagger$ William Wallace.
$\ddagger$ Alam Wallace, of Rickardton, consin to the inimortal preserver of Scottish Indepondence.
$\$$ Wallace, laird of Cragic, who was second in command, under Douglas, earl of Ormoud, at the famous battie on the banks of Sark, foughs anno 1448. That glorious victory ons principally onoing to the judicious conduct and intrepuit valour of the gallunt laird of Cragie, who dicd of his wounds after the action.

II Coilus, king of the Picts, from achom the district of Kyle is said to take its nanee, lice buricd, as tradition says, near the family-seat of the JIontgomerics of Coil's-ficld, where his burial-place is still shown.

TI Barslimming, the seat of the late Iord Justice Clerk
Vol. I.
G

With deep-struck reverential awe ${ }^{\text {S }}$
The learned Sirc and Son I saw,
To Nature's God and Nature's lav
They gave their lore;
This all its somrce and end to draw,
That, to adore.
Brydone's brave ward $\dagger$ I well could spy,
Beneath old Scotia's smiling eye,
Who call'd on Fame, low standing by To hand him on,
WYhere many a Patriot-name on high; And hero shone.

DUAM SECOND.
With musing-deep, astonish'd stare;
1 viewed the heav'n!y-seeming Fair;
A whisp'ring throb did witness bear,
Of kindred sweet,
When, with an elder sister's air,
She elid me greet.
All hail! my own inspir'd Bard !
In me thy native muse regard !
Nor longer mourn thy fate is hard!
Thus poorly low:
I come to give thee such reward
As we bestow.
"Know the great Genius of this land
Has many a light aerial band,
Who all beneath his high command,
Harmoniously,
As arts or arms they understand,
'Iheir latours ply.
"They Scotia's race among them share :
Some fire the Soldier on to dare;
Some rouse the Patriot up to bare
Corruption's heart ;
Some teach the Bard, a darling care,
The tuneful art.

* Catrine, the scat of the lats loctor, and present profosses Stewart
$\dagger$ Colonel Fullarton.
" 'Mong swelling floods of reeking gore,
They ardent, kindling spirits pour ;
Or, mid the venal senate roar,
They, sightess, staud,
To mend the honest Patriot-lore,
And grace the land.
"And when the bard, or hoary Sage;
Charm or instruct the future age,
They bind the wild poetic rage
In energy,
Or point the inconclusive page
Full on the eyc.
"Hence Fullarton, the brave and young ;
Hence Dempster's zeal-inspired tonoue;
Hence sweet harmonirns Beattie stirg
His ' Minstrel lays;'
Or tore, with noble ardour stung,
Tlue Scentie's bays.
"To lower orders are assign'd
The humbler ranks of human-kind.
The rustic Bard, the lab'ring Hind,
The Artisan ;
All ehoose, as vatious they're inclin'd, The various ma:I.
"When yellow waves the heayy grain, The threat'ning storm some strongly rein, Some teach to meliorace the plain

With tillage-skill ;
And some instruet the shepherd train Blithen'er the hill.
"Some hint the lover's harmless wile;
Sonie grace the maiden's artless smile;
Some socth the lab'rer's weary toil,
For humble gains,
And make his cottage-scenes beguile
His cares and pains.
"Some, bounded to a district-space, Explore at large man's mfant race,
To mark the embryotic trice
Of rustic Bard;
And careful note each op'ning grace, A guide and guard.
"Of these am $I$-Coila my name ;
And this district as mine I claim.

Where once the Campbells, chiefs of fame, Held ruling pow'r:
I mark'd thy embryo tuneful flane, Tliy natal hour.
"With future hope, I of would gaze, Fond, on thy litite early ways,
Thy rudely caroll's, chiming phrase, lin uncouth rhymes;
Fir'd at the simple ortless lays
Of other times.
"I saw thee seek the sounding shone, Delighted with the dashing roar;
Or when the North his fleecy store
Drove thro' the sky,
I saw grim Nature's visage hoar, Struck thy young eye.
"Or when the deep green-mantled earth
Warm cherish'd ev'ry flow'ret's binths
And joy and music pouring forth
In ev'ry grove,
I saw thee eye the sen'ral mirth With boundless love.
"When ripen'd fields, and azure skied
Call'd forth the reapers' rustling noise,
I saw thee leave their ev' ning joys, And lonely s:alk,
To vent thy boson's swelling rise In pensive walk.
"When youthful love, warm-blushing strona Keen-shivering shot thy nerves along,
Those accents, grateful to thy tongue,
Th' adored $\mathcal{N}$ anue,
I taught thee how to pour in song,
To sooth thy flame.
"I savv thy pulses maddening play,
Wild send thee pleasure's deviots way,
Hisled by fancy's metcor ray,
By passion driven;
But yet the light that led astray
Was light from heaven.
"I taught thy manners-painting straine,
The loves, the ways of simple swains,
Till now, o'er all my wide domains
'Thy fame extendy:

An\& some, the pride of Coila's plains, Become thy friends.
"'Thou canst not learn, nor can I show, To paint with Thompson's landscape glow,
Or wake the bosom-melting throe,
With Shenstonc's art,
Or pour with Gray, the moving flow
Warm on the heart.
"Yet all beneath the unrivalled rose,
The lowly daisy sweetly blows;
'Tho' large the forest's monarch throws
His army shade,
Yet green the juicy hawthorn grows,
Adown the glade.
"Then never murmur nor repine;
Strive in thy humble sphere to shine;
And trust me, not Potosi's mine,
Nor king's regard,
Can give a bliss o'ermatching thine, A rustic Bard.
"To give my counsels all in one,
Thy tuneful flame still careful fan;
Preserve the Dignity of Man,
With soul crect ;
And trust, the Universal Plan
Will all protect.
"And wocar thou this !"-she solemn said,
And bound the Holly round my head:
The polish'd leaves, and berries red,
Did rustliug play ;
And, lihe a passing thought, she fled In liglit away.

## the Cotter's Saturday Night.

INSCRIBED TO R. $A^{* * * *}$, ESQ.
Let not ambition mock their useful toil, Their homely joys, and dcstiny obscure ;
Nor graudeur hear, with a disdainfui smile. The short, but simple annals of the poor Gaar

## I.

My lov'd, my homour'd, much respected frien it
No mercenary Bard his homage pays;
With honest pride, I scomis cach selfish end, My dearest meed, a friend's esteem and praise;
To you I sing, in simple Scottish lays,
The lowly train in life's sequester'd scene;
The native feelings strong, the guileless ways;
What A**** in a cottage would have been;
Ah! tho' his worth unknown, far happier there, I ween.

## II.

November chill blaws lond wi' angry sugh,
The short'ning winter-day is ucar a close;
The miry beasts retreating frae the pleugh;
The black'ning trains o' craws to their repose;
The nil-won Cotrer fitae his labour goes,
This misht his weekly moil is at an eud,
Coilects his spades, his mattocks, and his hoes, Hoping the morn in case and rest to spend,
And weary o'er the moor his course does homeward kend
III
At irnglin his loneij cot anpears in view,
Bencat! the shelter of an aued tree;
'Th' expectant wes-things, twirllin, stacher thro'
To meet their Dad, wi' f:chter in noise an' glee
His wee bit ingle, blinkin monily,
Ilis clean hearth-s'ane, his thriftie rifie's smile,
The lisping infant pratting on lis kuee,
Iroes a his weary carking canes beguihe,
An' mates him qutie forg't his labour and his toil.
IV.

Betyve the edro baims come drappin in,
At service ont, amang the larmers mon' ;
Some ca' the plemuh, some herd, somm tentie rin A camie errand to a mesebor town;
Their eblest lope, their ofenty, womatil grown,
In youthfin' bloon, love sparkling in her e'e,
Comes hame, porha;s, to slow a braw new gown, Or deposite lher sair-won pany-fee,
To hetp her parents dear, if they in hardship be.
V.

Wi' joy unfeign'd brothers and sisters meet, An' each for other's wellare kindly spiers ;
The social hours, swift-qviny'd, unnoticed fleet;
Each tells the uncos that he sees or hears;

The parents, partial, eye their hopeful years;
Anticipation forward points the view,
The mother wi' her needle an' her sheers,
Gars auld clacs look amaist as weel's the new ;
The Father, mixes a' wi' adnonition due.
VI.

Their master's an' their mistress's command,
The younkers a' are warned to obey;
' An' mind their labours wi' an eydent hand, An' ne'er, tho' out $o^{\prime}$ sight, to jauk or play : An' O ! be sure to fear the Lord alway!

An' mind your duty, duly, morn an' night !
Lest in temptation's path ye gang astray,
finplore his counsel and assisting might:
They never sought in vain, that sought the Losd aright!"

## VII.

But hark ! a rap comes gently to the door ;
Jenny, wha kens the meaning o' the same,
Tells how a neebor lad came o'er the moor,
To do some errands, and convoy her hame
The wily mother sees the conscions flame
Sparkle in Jenny's e'e, and flush her check ;
With lieart-struck anaious care, inquires his name,
While Jenny haffins is afraid to speak ;
Weel pleas'd the mother hears, it's nae wild, worthless rake

## VIII.

Si' kindly welcome Jenny brines him hen;
A strappan youth; be takes the mother's eye,
Blithe Jenny sees the visit's no ill ta'en;
The father cracks of horses, pleughs, and kye.
The youngster's artless heart o'erflows wi' joy,
But blate an' laithfu', scarce ca:l weel behave ;
'The mother, wi' a woman's wiles, can spy
What makes the youth sae bashifn' an' sate grave ;
Weel pleas'd to think her bairn's respected like the lave.

## IX.

©) happy Iove! where love like this is found; O heart-felt raptures ! bliss beyond compare !
i've paced much this weary, mortal round, And sage crperience bids me this declare-
"If Heaven a dranght of heavenly pleasure spare, One cordial in this melancholy va'e,

- Tis when a youthful, loving, modest nair,

In other's arms breathe nit tive tender tate,
Hencath the mi!k-white thom that scent: lime ev'ning galo

## X.

Is there, i! human form, that hears a heartA wr:teh! a vil!ain! lost to love and truth! That can, with studied, s!y, ensnaring art, Bearay sweet $J$ may's tabithapecting youth? Curse on his pergurd arts! dissemblay smooth! Are honmm, virtue, consciense, all exil'd?
Is there no pry, un relenting ruth,
Points to the parents fonding o er their child?
'Chen paints the min'd mini, and their distraction wild!

## XI.

But now the supper crowns har simple board!
The halesome parritch, chiefo' Scotia's food;
The somp their ouly I wotie dods afford,
That 'yont ilee lial'in sumgly chows her cud:
The dame beines forth in comphimental mond,
'To arace the lad, her wed-haien'd krobsuck fell,
An' aft he's pressed, atu' aft he ca's it gomed ;
The frugal witie carmbots wi,i tell,
Ilow 'thas a towno:nd ath!, sia' liat was $i$ ' the bell.

## XIJ.

The cheerfa' supper dome, wi' surious face,
They, romad the ingto, form a ciscle wite;
The sire turns o'er, wi' patriarclial grace,
The big Mit'-Bible, ance his fathen's pride:
His bonset rev'rentiy is lath asido,
His lyart haffets whin him an' hare;
Those strains that name did swaet it Zion glide,
Ite wales a portion with jullicions care ;
And " Iet us worship God!" he snys with solemm air.

## XIII.

They chant their artiess notes in simple gaise,
'Ihey thes their ha:a-1s, hy far the noblest aim:
Perhaps Dumbe:'s widd wathling measure's rise,
Or plaintivo Mart?rs. wo:thy of the name;
Or noble RIgin buts the lavav'nward flame, 'The siveetest far of Scutia's lobly lays:
Comparti with these, Ulilian trills are tame;
The tickled ears un heart-feit rantures raise,
Nae unison hae thay with our 'reator's praiss.
天lv.
The piest-like: father roabs the sacred page,
Huw $\operatorname{Abram}$ was the friond of Ged on high;
Or, Minses thate etemat wefart wage
Whin 9 malch's ungraciens progrty ;

Or, how the royal Bard did groaning lie
Beneath the stroke of Heaven's avenging ire,
Or, Job's pathetic plaint, and wailing ery;
Or, rapt Isnänh's wild scraphic fire;
Or other holy seers that tune the sacred lyre.

## XV.

Perhaps the Christian v:olume is the theme, How guittess blood for guilty man was shed ;
How He, who bore in hear'n the second name, Had not on earth whereon to lay his head:
How His first followers and servaints sped;
The precepts sage they wrote 10 many a land:
Llow he, who lone in Paimos banished.
Saw in the sum a mishty angel stand;
And heard great Bab'lon's doom promounced by IIeaven'z command.

## XVI.

Then kneeling down, to heaven's cternal King,
The saint, the futher, and the husband prave:
Hope "springs exulting on triumphannt wing,"*
That thus they all s!all meet in fiture diys:
There, ever bask in uberated rays,
No more to sigh, or shed the hitter tea,
Together lymming their Creator's praise,
In such society, yot still more dear ;
While circling tine moves ronnd in an eternal spmere
XVII.

Compar'd with this, how poor Relision's pride, In all the pomp of method, and of art,
When men display to congregations wide,
Devotion's ev'ry grace except the heart'!
The Pozo'r incens'd, the pageant will desert,
The prompous strain, the sacerdotal stole;
But haply, in some cottage far apait,
May licar, well pleas'd, the language of the soul
And in his book of life the immates poor curol.

## XV1II.

Then homeward all take off their sev'mal way;
The youngling enttagers retire to rest;
The parent-pair their sreret homage pay,
And proffer up to lleaven the warm request,
That He who stills the raven's clam'rous nest,

[^6]
## POEMIS,

And decks tho tijg fair in flow'ry pride, Would, in the way his wisdom sees the best,

For them and for their little ones provide,
But cliefly in their hearts with grace divine preside.

## XIX.

Prom scenes like these old Scotia's grandeur springs, That makes her lov'd at home, rever'd abroad;
Princes and lords are but the breath of kings,
"An honest man's the noblest work of God ;"
And certes in fair virtue's heav'uly road,
The coll age leaves the palace far behind;
What is a lording's ponip? a cumbrous load, Disguising of the wretch of human-kind,
Studied in alts of hell, in wickedness refin'd!
XX.

O Scotia! my dear, my native soil! For whom my warmest wish to heaven is sent, Long may the hardy sons of rustic toil, Be blest with health, and peace, and sweet content!
And, O! may heaven their simple lives prevent From luxury's contagion, weak and vile!
Then, howe'er crowons and coroncts be rent,
A virtuous populace may rise the while,
And stand a wall of fire around their much-lov'd Islc.

## XXI.

O Thou! who pour'd the patriotic tide
That stream'd thro' Wallace's undamited heart ;
Who dared to nobly stem tyramnic pride,
Or nobly die, the second glorious part,
(The patriot's God, peculiarly thou art,
His friend, inspirer, guardian, and reward !)
O never, never Scotia's realm desert ;
But still the patriot and the patriot bard,
In bright succession rise, her ornament and guard!

VERSES
WRITTEN IN FRIAR'S CARSE HERMITAGE, ON NITH BIDE
Thou whom chance may hither lead, Be thou clad in russet weed, Be thon decked in silken stole, Grave these counsels on thy soul-


SHADDES DF ENTENHNG.

Life is bit a day at most,
Sprung from night, in darkness lost;
Iope unt sunshine ev'ry honr,
Fear sot clouds will always low'r.
As youth and love, with sprightly dance,
Pemeath thy morning star advance,
Pleasure with her siren air
May delnde the thoughtless pair ;
I et prudence bless enjoyment's cup,
Then raptur'd sip, and sip it up.
As thy day grows warm and high,
Life's meridian flaming nigh,
Dosi thom spurn the humble vale ?
Life's proud summits wouldst thou scale?
Check thy climbing step, elate,
Evils hark in felon wait;
Dangers, eagle-pinion'd, bo!d,
Suar aromud each cliffy hoid,
While cheerful peace, with linnet song,
Chants the lowly dells among.
As the sliades of evening close,
Beck'ning thee to long repose;
As life itself becomes disease,
Sorek the chimmey-nenk of ease:
There ruminate with sober thought,
(In all thou'st seen, and heard, and wronght,
And wach the sportive younkers round,
Laws of experience, sage and soumd.
Say, Man's true, genuine, estimate,
The grand criterion of his fate,
Is not, art thon ligh or low?
Did thy fortume ebb or flow?
Did many talents gild the span?
Or frogal uature grudge thee one?
Tell them, and press it on their mind,
As them thyself minst shortly find,
The smile or Irown of awful heav'n,
To virtue or to vice is giv'u.
Say, to he just, and kimd, and wise,
There solid self-enjoyment lies;
That forlish, selfish, faithless ways,
Lead to the wretched, vile, and base.
Thus resign'd and quiet, creep
To the bed of lasting sleep;
Slepp, whence thou shalt ne'er awake,
Night whow darw -hal! ncyer break,
"Till future life, future no more, ? To light and joy the good restore, $\}$ To light and joy unknown before!

Stranger, go! Ileav'n be thy guide!
Quod the Beadsman of Nith-side.
A PR.AYER,

UNDER THE PRESSURE OF VIOLENT ANGUISE
O thou great Being ! what thou art Surpasses me to know ;
Yet sure I am, that known to Thee Are all thy works below.

Thy creature here before Thee stands, All wretched and distrest ;
Yet sure those ills that wring my soul Obey thy high behest.

Sure Thou, Altnighty, canst not act From eruelty or wrath!
O, free my weary eyes from tears, Or, close them fast in death !

But if I must afficted be, To suit some wise design;
Then man my soul with firm resolves To bear and not repine!

A PR.AYER,
IN THE PROSPECT OF DEATH.
I.

O thow, unknown, Almighty Cause Of all my hope and fear!
In whose dread presence, ere an hourz Perhaps I must appear:
II.

If I have wander id in those paths Of life I ought to shin:
As something, loudly in niy breast, Remonstrates I liave done;

## III.

Thou know'st that Thou hast formed me With passions wild and strong;
And listhing to their withing voice
Has often led me wrong.
IV.

Where humas wocaliness has conse short, Or frailty strut aside,
Do Thou, zill good! for such Thou art, In slitides of darkness hide.

V
Where with intention I have erred, No other pilea I lave,
But, Thou art grood; and gooducss still Welighteth to forgive.

STANZ.AS
UN THE SAME OCCASLON
I.

Why an I Ioath to leave this earthly scene? llave I so found it fn!! of pleasing charms?
Sonus drops of joy with dranghts of ill hetween;
Some gleams of sumshine mid renewing stomas:
Is it departing fangs my soul alarms?
Or death's unlovely, itreary, dark abode?
For guilt, for cuit, my terrers are in arms ;
1 tremble to ajpubich an angry God,
And justly smart bencarh his sin-avenging rod.
II.

Fain would I say, "Forgive my foul offence !" Fain pomise never more th dizohey:
But, should my Author leath agatu dispense, Aquin I miglat desert fair vinue's way:
Again in folly's prath uight en astlay ;
Again exalt the brute and sink the man;
Thulum should I for lacembyercy pray,
Who act so comuter heaventy mercy's phan?
Who sin so of have monnid, yet to tenptation san?

## III.

0 Thon, great Governor of all below If I may dare a lifted eye to Thee

Thy nod can make the tempest cease to blow, Or still the tumult of the raging sea;
With that controlling pow'r assist ev'n me, Those headlong, furious passions to confine;
For all unfit I feel my powers io be,
To rule their torrent in th' allowed line; O, aid me with thy he!p, Omnipotence Divine!

VERSES,
LEFT By The autioor, at a reverend friend's house,
IV THE ROOM WIIERE IE SLEPT.

## I.

O thou, dread Pow'r, who reign'st above ;
I know thou wilt me hear :
When for this scene of peace and love,
I make my pray'r sincere.
II.

The hoary sire-the mortal stroke,
Long, loug, be pleas'd to spare !
T'o bless his litile filial flock,
And show what good men are.
III.

She, who her lovely offspring eyes
With tender hopes and fears,
O bless her with a mother's joys,
But spare a mother's tears !
IV.

Their hope, their stay, their darling youth;
In manhood's dawning blush;
Bless him, thou God of love and truth, Up to a parent's wish!
V.

The beauteous, seraph sister-band, With earnest tears I pray,
Thou knowest the snares on ev'ry hand, Guide Thou their steps alway!
VI.

When soon or late they reach that coast, O'er life's rough ocean driv'n,
May they rejoice, no wand'rer lost, A family in heav'n

## A GRACE BEFORE DINNER.

O tiou, who kindly dost provide For every creature's want !
We bless thec, God of Nature wide, For all thy goodnesis lent:
And if it please thee, heavenly Guide, May never worse be sent ;
But whether granted or denied,
Lord bless us with content!
Amen.

## THE FIRST PSALJM.

The man in life, wherever plac $d$, Hath happiness in store,
Who walks not in the wicked's way, Nor learns their guilty lore!
Nor from the seat of scornful pride Casts forth his eyes abroad,
But with humility an, awe
Still walks before his God.
That man shall flourish like the trees Which by the streamlets grow;
The fruitfil top is spread on high, And finn the rout below.
But he whose blossom buds in guilt, Shall to the ground be cast,
And like the rootless stubble, tost Before the sweeping blast.
For why? That God, the good adore, Hath giv' $n$ them peace and rest, But hath decreed that wicked men Shall ne'er be truly blest.

THE FIRST SIX VERSES OF THE NINETIETH PS.ALJI
O thov, the first, the greatest Friend
Of all the human race!
Whose strong right hand has ever been
Their stay and dwelling place!

Before the mountains heav'd thein heads Beneatls thy forming hand,
Before this pond'rous globe itself Arose at thy command;
'That Pow'r which rais'd and still upholds This universal frame,
From countless, unluegimning time, Was ever still the same.

Those mighty periods of years Which seem to us so vast,
Appear no more before thy sight Than yesterday thit's past.
Thou giv'st the word - Thy creature, mars, Is to existence biought ;
Again thou sayest, "Ye sons of mens Peturn ye into nought!"
Thon layest them, with all their cares, In everlasting sleep;
As with a flood Thou tak'st them off With overwhelming sweep.
'They flourish like the morning flow'r, In beanty's pride array'd;
But long ere night, cut down, it lies All wither'd and decay'd.

## EPISTLE TO A YOUNG FRIEND.

 I.I lava hae thonght, my youthfu' friend, A something to have sent you,
Tho' it shoutd serve no other end
Than just a kind memento;
But how the subject-theme may gang,
Let time and chance determine ;
Perlaps it may turn out a sang,
Perhaps turn out a sermon.
II.

Ye ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ll try the world soon, my lad, And Andrcwo dear, believe me,
Ye'li find mankind an unco squad, And inuckle they may grieve ye!
For care and trouble set your thought, Ev'n when your end's attained;

And a' your views may come to noughi, When ev'ry nerve is strained.

## III.

I'll no say men are villains a'; The real, harden'd wicked,
Wha hae nae check but human law, Are to a few restricked-
But och! mankind are unco weak, An' little to be trusted;
If self the wavering balance shake It's rarely right adjusted!
IV.

Yet they wha fa' in fortune's strife, Their fate we should na censure,
For still th' important end of life, Tiney equally may answer;
A man may hae an honest heart, 'Tho' poortith hourly stare him;
A man may tak a neehor's part,
Yet hae na cash to spare him.
V.

Ay free, aff han', your story tell, When wi' a bosum crony;
But still keep something to yoursel, Ye'll scarcely tell to ony.
Conceal yoursel as weel's ye can, Frae critical dissection ;
But keek thro' ev'ry other man, Wi' sharpen'd sly inspection.
VI.

The sacred lowe o' weel-placed love, Luxuriantly indulge it;
But never tempt th' illicit rove,
'Tho' naething should divulge it ;
1 waive the quantum o' the sin, The hazard o' soncealing;
But och! it hardens a' within, And petrifies the feeling!
VII.

To catch dame Fortune's golden smilis, Assiduous wait upon her;
And gather gear by ev'ry wile
That's justified by honour-
Vol. 1.
H

Not for to hide it in a hedge, Nor for a train-attendant, But for the giorious privilege Or being indepcndent.

## VIII.

The fear 0 ' hell's a hangmau's whis
To haud the wretch in order-
But where ye feel your honour grip, Let that ay be your border ;
It's slightest touches, instant pause-
Debar a' side pretences ;
And resolutely keep its lavs,
Uncaring consequeaces.
IX.

The great Creator to revere, Must sure become the creature;
But still the preaching cant forbear, And ev'n the rigid feature;
Yet ne'er with wits profane to range, Be complaisance exterded;
An atheist's laugh's a poor exchange For Deity offended!

## X .

When ranting round in pleasure's ring, Religion may be blinded;
Or, if she gie a random sing,
It may be little minded;
But when on life we're tenupest driv' $\boldsymbol{B}$
A conscience but a canker-
A correspondence fix'd wi' Heav'r. Is sure a nobler anchor!

## XI.

Adieu, dear, amiable youth : Your heart can ne'er be wauting;
May prudence, fortitude, and truth, Ercct your brow undaunting!
In ploughman phrase, "Gad send you speed ${ }^{23}$ Still daily to grow wiser ;
And may you better reck the redo
Than ever did th' adviser !
May, 178G。

## Bous II.

PATIETIC, ELEGIAC, AND DESCRIPTIVE

a mrate.
I.

TVirn chill Novembine's surly blazt Mate: firldts and forests hiare,
One ev'ning, as I wander'd forth Along the banks of . 7 yy ,
I spy'd a man, whose aged stop Seemid weary worn with care ;
Ilis face was furrow'd o'er with years, And hoary was his hair.
II.

Young stranger, whihhir wandrest thou?
(Began the rev'roud sage;)
Does thirst of wealth thy step constrain, Or youthful p!easure's rare?
Or haply, prest with cars and woes,
Too scon thon hats hrgan
To wander forth, withome, to montis
The miseries of n:an?

## III.

The sun that overhangs yon moors,
Out-spreading far atal wide,
Where hindreds labour to support
A hanghty lordling's pride ;
I've seen yon weary winter sum
T'wice forty times rethrn;
And ev'ry time has anded proofs,
That man was made to mourn.

## IV.

O man! while in tily early yeare,
Ilow prodigal of tim !
Mispending all thy precinous hourson
Thay glorimes youthfal prike:

Aliernate follies take the sway; Licentions passions burn;
Which tenfold force gives Nature's law
That man was made to mourn.

## V.

Look not alone on youthful prime Or manhood's active might ;
Man then is useful to his kind, Supperted in his right ;
But see him on the eilge of life, With cares and sorrows worn,
Then age and want, oh! ill matched pair ! Show man was made to mourn.
VI.

A few seem farourites of Fate, In Pleasure's lap carest ;
Yet, think not all the rich and great
Are likewise truly blest.
But oh! what crowds in every land, Are wretched and forlorn;
Thro' weary life this lesson learn, That man was made to moum.

> V1I.

Many and sharp the num'rous ills Inwoven with our frame!
More pointed still we make ourselves Regrei, remorse, and shame!
And man, whese heav'n-erected face The smiles of love adorn,
Man's inhumanity to man Makes countless thousands mourn.

## VIII.

See yonder poor, o'eriabour'd wight, So abject, mean and vile,
Who begs a brother of the earth, To give him leave to toil;
And see his lordly follow-wor:m The poor petition spurn,
Unmindful, tho' a werping wife And helpless offspring mourn.
IX.

If I'in design'd yon lordling's slaveBy Nature's law design'd;
Why was an independent wish
F'er planted in my mind?

If not, why am I subject to
His cruelty, or scorn?
Or why has man the will and pow? To make his fellow mourn ?

## X.

Yet, let not this too much, my som Disturb thy youthful breast;
This partial view of human kind Is surely not the last!
The poor, oppressed, honest man, Had never, sure, been horn,
Had there not been some rerompense To comfort those that mourn.

## XI.

O death : the poor man's dearest friend :
The kindest ani the best !
Welcome the hour my aged limbs Are laid with thee at rest !
The great, the wealthy, fear thy blow
From pomp and pleasure torn;
But, oh-a blest relief to those
That weary-laden mourn!

## A WINTER NIGHT.

Poor naked toretches, wheresoe' er you are, That bide the pelting of this pitilcss storm I
How shall your houseless heads, and unfed sides,
Your loop'd and window'd raggedness, defend you
From scasons such as these!-
Shakspeare
When biting Boreas fell and coure,
Sharp shivers thro' the leafless bow'r;
When Phacbus gies a short-liv'd glow'r
Far sonth the lift,
Dim-dark'ning thro the flaky show'r,
Or whirlin drift!
Ae night the storm the steeples rock' $d$,
Pror Labour swect in sleep was locked,
While burns, wi' snawy wreaths up-chocke
Wild-eddying swirl,
Or thro' the mining outlet bocked,
Lown beadlong hurl.

List'lling, the doors an' winnocks rattle,
I thought me on the ourie cattle,
Or silly sheep, wha bide this brattle
O' winter war,
Alid thro' the drift, deep-lairing sprattle,
Beneath a scar.
Ilk happing bird, wee helpless thing,
That, in the merry months o' spring,
Delighted me to hear thee sing,
What comes o' thee ?
Where wilt thou cow'r thy clitt'ring wing, An' close thy e'e?
Ev'n you on murd'ring errands toil'd,
Lone, from your savage homes exil'd,
The blood-stained roost, and sheep-cote spoil'd, My heart forgets,
While pitiless the tempest wild, Sore on yuu beats.
Now Phabe, in her midnight reign, Dark muffled, view'd the dreary plain, Still crowding thoughts, a pensive trian, Rose in my soul,
When on my ear this plaintive strain, Slow, solemn, atole-
" Blow, blow, ye winds, with heavier gust !
And freeze, thou bitter-biting frost!
Descend, ye chilly, smothering snows !
Not all your rage, as now mited, show
More hard unkindness, unrelenting,
Vergeful malice, unrepenting,
Than heaven-illumin'd man on brother man bestows!
"S See stern oppression's iron grip,
Or mad Ambition's gory hand,
Sending, like blood-hounds from the slip, Wo, want, and murder o'er a land.
"Ev'n in the peaceful rural vale.
Truth, weeping, tells the monrnful tale,
How pamper'd fuxury, flatt'ry by her side.
The parasite empoisoning her car.
With all the servile wretches, in the rear,
Look o'er proud property extended wide, And eyes the simple matic himd,

Whose toil upholds the thitt'ring show, A creature of another kind,
Some coarser substance, murcfind,
Plac'd for her loxdly use thus far, thus vile, below
"Where, where is love's fond, tender throe,
With lordly honour's Infty brow, The pow'rs yon prondly own? Is there, bencath love's noble name, Can harbour, dark, the selfish aim, To bless himself alone!
" Mark maiden-innocence a prey T'o love pretending snares,
This boasted honour turns away,
Slumning soft pity's rising sway,
Regarilless of the tears, and unavailing prayers !
Perhaps, this hour, in mis'ry's squalid nest,
She strains your infant to her joyless breast,
And with a mother's fears shirieks at the rocking blast !
"O ye! who, sunk in beds of down,
Feel not a want but what yourselves create,
Think for a moment on his wretched fate,
Whom friends and fortune quite disown :
Ill satnsfied keen nature's clam'rous call,
Stretched on his straw, he lays himself to sleep,
While thro' the ragged roof and chinky wall,
Chill o'er his slumbers piles the drifty heap !-
Think on the dungeon's grim confine,
Where guilt and poor misfortune pine :
Guilt, erring man, relenting view !
But shall thy legal rage pursue
The wretch alreally cruslied low
By cruel fortune's undeserved blow !
Affliction's sons are brothers in distress,
A brother to relieve, how exqusite the bliss !'
I heard nae mair, for Chanticleer Shook off the ponthery snaw, And hail'd the morning with a cheer, A cottage rousing craw.
But deep this truth impress'd my mind-
Thro' all his works abroad,
The heart, benevolent and kind,
The most resembles GOD.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { WI } I \mathcal{N} T E R . \\
\text { A DIRGE. }
\end{gathered}
$$

I.

The wintry west extends his blast, And hail and rain does blaw;
Or, the stormy north sends driving forth
The blinding sleet and snaw :

While tumbling brown, the burn comeg fow
And roars frae bank to brae;
And bird and beast in covert rest, And pass the heartless day.

## II.

"The swecping blast, the sky o"ercast,"
The joyless winter-day,
Let others fear, to me niore dear
Than all the pride of May!
The tempest's howl, it sonthes my sowi, My griefs it seems to join,
The leafless trees my fancy please, Their fate resembles mine!

## III.

Thou Pow'r Supreme, whose mighty scheme These woes of mine fulfil,
Here, firm, I rest, they must be best, Because they are thy will!
Then all I want ( O do thou grans This one request of mine?)
Eince to enjoy thou dost deny, Assist me to resign.

DESPONDENCY, AN ODE.
1.

Opprass'd with grief, oppress'd with cass,
A burden more than I call bear,
I sit me down and sigh;
O life, thou art a galling load,
A long, a rough, a weary road, To wretches such as I!
Dim backward as 1 cast my view,
What sick'ning scenes appear!
What sorrows yet may pierce me thro* Too justly I may fear!

Still caring, despairing,
Must be my bitter doom;
My woes here shall close ne'er ${ }_{3}$ \&ut with the closing tomb !

- Dr. Young.
II.

Happy, ye sons of busy life, Who, equal to the bustling strife, No other view regard!
Ev'n when the wished end's deny'd,
Yet while the busy means are ply'd,
They bring their own reward:
Whilst I, a hope-abandon'd wight, Unfitted with an aim,
Neet ev'ry sad returning night,
And joyless mourn the same, Yeu, bustling, and justling
Forget each grief and pain;
I, lisiless, yet resticss,
Find every prospect vain

## II:

How blest the Solitary's lot,
Who, all forgetting, all-forgot,
Within his humble cell,
The cavern wild with tangling roots,
Sits o'er his newly-gather'd fruits,
Beside his crystal well!
Or, haply to his ev'ning thought, By unfrequented stream,
The ways of mon are distant brought,
A faint collected dream; White praising, ant raising His thouglits to heay'n on high,
As wand'ring, meand'ring,
He views the solemn sky.
IV.

Then I, no lonely hermit plac'd Where never human fontstep trac'd,
Less fit to play the part;
The lucky moment to improve,
And just to stop and just to move, With self-respecting art :
But ah! those pleasures, loves and joys,
Which I too keenly taste,
The solitary can despise,
Can want, and yct be blest !
He needs not, he heeds not,
Or human love or hate,
Whilst I here, must cry here, At perfidy ingrate!

## V.

Oh! cnviable, early days,
When dancing thoughtless pleasure's maze,
To care, to guilt unknown !
How ill exchang'd for riper times,
To feel the follies, or the crimes,
Of others, or my own !
Ye tiny clves that guiltless sport,
Like linnets in the bush,
Ye little know the ills ye court, When manhood is your wish! The losses, the crosses,

That active man engage!
The fears all, the tears all,
The dim teclining age!

## TO RUIN:

I.

All hail! inexorable lord : At whose destruction-breathing word The mightiest empires fall! Thy cruel, wo-delighted train, The ministers of grief and pain, A sullen welcome, all!
With stern, resolv'd, despairing eye ${ }_{7}$
I see each aimed dart;
For one has cut my dearest tie,
And quivers in my heart.
Then low'ring and pouring,
The storm no more I dread;
'Tho' thick'ning and black'ning Round my devoted liead.

## II.

And thou, grim pow'r, by life abhorr' ${ }^{\text {\& }}$, While life a pleasure can afford,
Oh! hear a wretch's pray'r!
No more I shrink appall'd, afraid, I court, I beg thy friendly aid,
To close this scene of care!
When shall my soul, in silent peace,
Resign life's joyless day:
My weary heart its throbbings cease,
Cold mould'ring in the clay?

No fear more, no tear more, To strain my lifeless face; Enclasped, and grasued Within thy cold embrace !

## LAMENT OF MARY, GUEEN OF SCCTS

## on the aprroach of spring.

Now Nature langs her mantle green On every blomaing tree,
Anil spreats her sheets o' daisies white Out $y^{\prime}$ er the grassy lea:
Now Phobus cheers the crystal steams, A nd glads the azure skies;
But unght can glad the weary wight That fast in danamee lies.
Now lav'rocks watie the merry morn, Aloft on dewy wing;
The merle, in his nomitide bow'r, Mitkes womdami echores ring;
The mavis mild, wi' many a note, Sings drowsy diy to resi:
In love and trecdom they rejnice, Wi' care tor thall opprest.
Now blanms the liiy by the hank, '1"we primose duwn the brae;
The hawthorn's budding in the glen, And milk-white is the slate;
The meanest hind in tair Ecenland May rove lle swerts amang;
But I, the Queen of a Ecntand, Maun lie in jrison strang.
1 was the Queen o' honie Fiance, Where happy I hate been;
Fu' lighly raise I in the neorn, As bithe lay down at e'en:
And I'm the Suv'reign of Ecotland And monie a trator there;
Yet luere I lie in forreign bandes, And never ending care.
But as for thee, thou false woman, My sister and my fae,
Grm Vemmatice, yei, shall whet a sword 'That tho' thy sul shall gate:

The weeping blood in woman's breast Was never known to thee;
Nor th' balm that draps on wounds of wo Frae woman's jitying e'e.
My son! my som! may kinder stars Upon thy fortune shine;
And may those pleasures gild thy reign, 'That ne'er wad blink on mine!
God keep thee frae thy wother's faes, Or turn their hearts to thee;
And where thon meet'st thy mother's friend, Remember him for me:

O! soon, to me, may summer-suns Nae mair light up the noms!
Nae mair, to me, the altmmm winds Wave n'er the yellow enrn!
And in the rarrow house o' death Jet winter round me rave:
And the next flowers that dock the spring, Blowin on my peaceful grave!

## THE L.9.MENT,

cCasioned by tire cnfortivyate isstee of a friznd'e AMOIR.

## Alas! how oft does Goodness wound itself Ajd soocet Affection prove the spring of wo Home.

I.

O Thou pale orf, that silent slumes White care-untroubled mortals sícep
Thou scest a wrotch that inly pines, And wamders here to wail and weep
With wo nighty vigils keep, Beneath hy wan tmwarming beam;
And monm , lamentation deep,
Huw life an. 3 love are all a dream.

## 11

I joyless view thy rays adoin
The faintly mierked distaut hill:
I joyless view thy trembling horn, Keflected in the gurghing rill:

My fondly-flattering heart, le still!
Thou busy pow'r, Remembrance, cease
Ah! mnst the agonizing thrill
Fur ever bar returning peace!

## III.

No idly-feign'd poetic pains,
My sad love-lorm lamentings claim;
No shepherd's pipe-Arcadian strains;
No fabled tortures, quaint and tame;
The plighted faith-the mutual flameThe oft attested Pow'rs above ;
The pronis'd Father's tender name;
These were the plerlges of my love!

## IV.

Encircled in her clasping arms, How have the raptur'd moments flown :
How have I wished for fortme's charma,
For her dear sake, and her's alone!
And must I think it! is she gone, My secret heart's exulling lmast?
And does she heedless hear my groan?
And is she ever, ever lost?
V.

Oh : can she bear so base a heart,
So lost to honour, lost to truth,
As from the fondest lover part,
The pliyhted husband of her youth :
Alas ! life's path may be unsmooth!
Her way may lie thro' rougl distress :
Then, who her pangs and pains will sooth, Her sorrows share, and make them less ?

## VI.

Ye winged hours that o'er us past,
Enraptur'd more, the more enjuy 'd,
Your dear remembrance in my lireast,
My foudly-treasur'd thonghts employ'd
That breast, how dreary now, and void,
For her too scanty once of room !
Ev'n ev'ry ray ul hope destroy'd, And not a wish to gild the gloom:

## VII.

The morn that warns th' approaching day Awakes me up to toil and wo-

> SOENIS,

I see the hours in bong array, That I must suiter, lingering, slow.
Fill many a pang. and many a throe, Keen recollection's direfin train
Must wring biv soul, ere [hoshms, low, Sha! hiss the disitat wetern hain.

## Vll!.

And whan my nipltily conch I try, Sore harass'd ont with care abd grief, My toil beat nerves, and tear-worn eye, Keep watrhines wiah the nightly thef-
Or if I shmber, Fancy, ethinf,
Relgns hagqard wild, in sure affright;
Ev'u day, all-bittar, brings relief, From such a horior-hreathing night.
IX.

O : thon hright grueat, woon orer th' expanse Now highes reimn'st, wit! boundless sway!
Oft has thy suent-marking slance
Ohserv'd ise, fomlly-wand'ring, stray!
The time, unleceded, sped avay, IVhile love's lixurimus pulse beat high,
Bencath thy si ver-mieaming ray, To mark the nutual kinting eye,
Y.

Oh! scenes in strong renmombance set!
Scenes, never, never, to retarn!
Scenes, if in slunor I foreret, Again I fich, again I hmm;
From ev'ry joy and pleasure torn, Life's weary vale I'll wandur thro':
An: I Inpeless, comfortess, I'll mourn A faithless woman's broken vow.

$$
L . Q M E N \cap T
$$

OF A MOTHER FOR THE DEATII OF HER SON,
Tune-" Finlayston Housc."
Fate gave the word, the arrow sped, And piere'd my darling's lieart ;
And with him all the joys are fled
Life can to me impart.

Ey criel hands the sapling drops, In dust dishonour'd laid:
So fell the pride of all my hojes, My age's fiture shade.
The monther linnet in the bratie, Bewails her ravish'd yomme
So I, for my lost darling's sake, Lament the live-day long.
Death, oft I've frar'd thy fatal blow, Now, fond, I hare my breisis,
O, do thon kindly lay bue low With him I love, at rest!

## L.A.JENT

## FOR JAMES, EARI, OF GLENCARRN.

The wind blew tollow fare the lials,
By fits the sum"s drpating bean
Look'd ou the fiding yellow words
'That wav'd o'er Lugar's winding stream ;
Beneath a craigy steep, a bird,
Latdent with years and theikle pain,
In lond lament bewail'd his lors,
Whom desath had a!l untinic!y tiren.
He lann'd him io an arciont aik,
Whase trunk was non:tid'riug conon with years;
Wis lorks were bleac: od white wi' time,
His hoary chorek was wet wi' inars !
And as lie touchod his trembling harp, And as he tun'd his doleful sang,
The winds, lamenting thme Heeir caves, To Echo bore the notcs a'ang.
"Ye scatter'd birds that ficiut!y sing, The reliques of the vernal quire!
Ye wonds that sloed on a' the winds
The honours of the aged yoar !
A few short months, and sfad and cay, Asain ye'll charm the ear aticl e é;
Eut moclit in all revolving time
Can gladness bring again to me.
"I am a bending aged tree,
That Inge has stond the wind and rain-

But now has some a cruel blast, And my last hald of earth is gana; Nae leaf o' mine shall greet the spring

Nae simmer sum exalt my bloon! ;
But I maun lie before the storm, And ithers plant them in my room.
"I've senn sae monie changefn" years, On earth I ant a stranger grown;
I wander in the ways of mea, Alike unknowing and unknown:
Unlieard, unpitied, unteliev'd, I bear alane my lade o' care,
For silent, low, on beds of dust,
Lie a' that would my sorrows share.
" And last (the sum of a' iny griefs!) My noble master lies in clay;
The flow'r amang our barons bold, His comntry's pride, his country's stay ;
In weary being now I pine,
For a' the life of life is dead,
And liope has left my aged ken,
On forward wing for ever fled.
"A wake thy lost sad voice, my harp?
The voice of wo and wild despair!
Awake, resound thy latest lay,
Then sleep in silence evermair!
And thou, my last, best, only friend,
That fillest an untimely tomb,
Accept this tribute from the bard Thou brought from fortune's mirkest glovia.
" In poverty's low barren vale,
Thick mists, obscure, involved me round ;
Tho' oft I turn'd the wistful eye,
Nae ray of fame was to be found:
Thou found'st me like the morning sun
That melts the fogs in limpid air-
The friendless bard and rustic song,
Became alike thy fostering care.
" O ! why has worth so short a date?
While villains ripen gray with time
Must thou, the noble, gen'rons, great,
Fall in bold manhood's hardy prime?
Why did I live to see that day?
A day to me so full of wo:
0 ! had I met the mortal shaft Which laid iny benefactor low!
«The bridegroom may forget the bride Was made his wediled wite yestreen; The monarch may forget the crown That on his head an hour has been; The mother may forget the child

That smiles sae swectly on her kinee; But I'll remember thee, Giencairn,

And a' that thou hast done for me

> INNES,

EENT TO SIR JOHN WHTEFORD, OF WHITEFORD, BART.
With the foregoing Pocm.
Thod who thy honour as thy God rever'st,
Who, save thy mint's rejroach, nonght earthly fear'sh.
To thee this votive offering! itajatt,
The tearful tribute of a broken trart.
The friend thou valued'st, I the putron lov'd;
His worth, his honour, all the world approv'l.
We'll mourn till we too go as he hats gathe,
And tread the dreary path to that dak wor!d naknown

Thickest night o'erhangs niy dwelling '
Howling tempesis o'er me rave!
Turbid torrents, wintry swelline,
Still snrround iny lonely cave.
Crystal streanlets gently flowing, Busy haunts of base mankini,
Western breezes soitly blowiner, Suit not my distracted mind.

In the cause of right engaged, Wrongs injurinus io redres:
Ifononr's war we sirnoty wager, But the Heavens denied suecess.
Ruin's wheel bas driven foer us,
Not a hope that dare attend,-
The wide world is all betore us,
But a world withont a freena!
Vol. 1.
;

## TUE CIIEVALIER'S IAMENT.

Tus small hirds rejoire in the grem leaves returning ;
The murmuring slream'd wimds elear thro' the vale ;
The hawhorn trees hiow in the dows of the morning, And wild-scatitered cowslips bedeck the green dale:

Dint what can cive pleasure, or what can seem fair,
White the lingering nombits ase number'd by care?
No fowers gay'y spainging, nor birds sweetly singing, Can sooth the sad besom of joyless despair.

The deed that I dar'd, con'd it merit their malice, A king and a father to plave ea his throne?
His right are thes hills, and lis right are these vallies, Where the widd beitsis liad sheiter, but I can find none
But 'tis not my sufferines, thus wretehed, forlorn, My brave, gallant friends, 'tis your min I mourn;

Your deeds proved so loyal ia tin baody trial,
Alas! can I make yon no sweeter retu:n!

## THE AUTHOR'J FAREWELL TO HIS NATIVE COUNTRY.

Tunc-"Roslin Castle."
I.

「us g'onmy night is gath'ring fast, Lond roats the wid, faconstint blast, Yon murky coul is foul with rain, I she it driving ober the phat, The lunter now has left the moor, The scatter'd covers moet secure, While here I wand re prest with care. Along the lone' $y$ hanks ot gyr.

## [1.

Tlee Autmma monas her ripouing com
By early Winter's ravare iorn, Across her plach azuresky, She zees the sconving temin'st fly: (?hilif rams my blend to hear it rave, It!ink unus the starmy wave, Whare many a datger 1 must dare. Far fonn the bonie banks of . Ayr

## 111.

Tis not the surging hillows' roar, 'I'is not that fatal, deadly shore; Though death in ev'ry shape appear, The wretchod have no more to fear: But round my heart the tits are bound, That heart transpierc'd with many a wound I'hese bleed afresh, those ties I tear To leave the bonic banks of Syr.

## IV.

Farewell, old Coila's hills and dales,
Her leeathy moors and withling vales The scenes where wretched fancy roves, Pursuing past, muhappy loves!
Farew:ll, my friends ! farewell, my foes !
D'y feree with these, my love with those-
The bursting tiars my heant declare,
F'arewell the bunie banks of Ayr.

FAREWEL.L TO AVRSHIRE.
Scenes of wo and scenes of pleasure, Scenes that former thoughts renew,
Scmes of wo and scenes of pleasure, Now a sad and last adien!
Bonie Doorı, sae sweet and gloamin, Fare thee weel before I gang !
Bunie Doon, whare, early roaming, First I weav'd the rustic sang !

Bowers, adieu, whare Love, decoying, First inthrall'd this heart o' mine,
There the safest sweets enjoying, Sweets that Mem'ry ne'er shall tyne:
Friends, so near my bosom ever, Ye hae render'd moments dear ;
But, alas! when forc'd to sever, Then the stroke, O how severe!
Friends ! that parting tear, reserve it, Tho' 'tis Joubly dear to me!
Could I think I did deserve it,
How much happier would I be !

Scenes of wo and scenes of pleasure, scenes that bomer thoughts renew, Scenes of wo and scents of pleasure, Now a sad and iast adie:! !

## THE FAREWELL TO THE BRFTIIREN OF GT JAMES'S LODGE, TARBOLTON.

## Tune-" Cool night, and joy be wi' you a'."'

I.

Adiev! a heart-wam fond adicu!
Dear brothers of the mystic tye!
Ye favourd, ye emhghten'd fo, Comparsons of my sorial joy!
Tho' I to foreign hatids musi hir, Pursuing fortme's sthhery ba',
With meting heart, and brimfine eje, Lil mind jou sill, tho' far awa'.

## 11.

Cfthave I met your social band, And spent the cheerfal, fostive nisht: Oft, honour'd wi:h supretae command, Presided orer the sons of light:
And hy that hieroglyphic hright, Which none bat eruftsmen ewr saw!
Strong mem'ry on my heart shall write Those lappy scenes when tiar awa.
:11.
Ahay treedom, harmony, and iewe, Unite you ita the eramd desien, Bemeah ite Omascian Fyp ahoves The clarious Architect tivene!
That you may kerp the untring live. Sti!! risine by the plummet's lato,
Till arder hight eomphotely shine, Shall be my prey'r when far awa .

IV
And yon, facewell! winase meriss claim, Jusily, that high'st batire to wear!
Heav'in blese your honour'd, noble name To Nicsonry and Scotia dear!

A last request, jermit me here,
When yt arly ye assemble a',
One round, I ask it with a tear,
To him,-tive Bard that's far ava'

## FAREWELL TO ELIZA.

Tune-" Gildcroy."
I.

From thee, Eliza, I must co,
And from my native shore;
The cruel fates between us throw
A bommliess oce an's roar:
But boundless oceans, maring wide, Between my love and me,
They never, never can divide My heart and soul from thee;
II.

Farewell, farewell, Tliza dear, The maid that l adere!
A boding voice is in mine car, We part to meet no more.
Bu! the last throb that leaves my heart, While death stands victor by,
That throb, Eliza, is thy pari, And thine tha: Iatest sigh!

## HIGILLAND MARY.

Tune-" Katharine Ogie."
Ye banks, and braes, and streams around The castle o' Montgomery,
Green be yoir wools, and fair your flowers Your wairrs never drumlie!
There simaner orst mufanld her robes,
And there the lan "est tarry;
For there It took the lisst fareweel
O' my sweet higlland Mary.
How sweutly boum d the gay green birk, How rich the hawthorn's bloseom;
As underneath their fragrant sliade,
" Bnepd hor ir my loncn!: "
POF.ins,

The gotden hentr: 0 on angei wings, Flew o're me aml my dearie; For dear to me, es light and liff, Was my sweut Highland Mary.
Wi' many a vow, and luck' 'd embrace, Our parting was fu' twhere;
A M! plodging aft to maet agtin, ibe tore ourse!s asunder:
Pit wh! feil death's maimely frost Phat nipt ny fower sae tarly !
 Thlat wraps my Highand Mary!
() mato, pale now, those resy lips, I aft hat kiss'd sar fom!! !
Ant closid, for ay, the starsling glance, That dwalt o: me sate kintly ?
And monderimer mosw in sitent dast, That hoat that wied we dearly!
lis! still within my hoson's rure, Shath live my lhghtand Dary.

## 7U) NTHY IN HEAVEN.

Thoo lingering stitr, with less'uing ray,
That low'st in "heet tive early morn,
Agrtia thent $u=$ her' $\rightarrow 1$ in the day
My Nary fotm my san wns torn.
G) Mary! drar drparted shame! Where is thy place of blisofol rest?

Hoa: $\because=1$ they the groshis that rend his breast?
That sampd haur ratil Iformet, ('an I formet the hallow il grove,
Wrere by the winding . タlyr we met, To, live one diay of parting love!
Pematity will mot chace, Thise records dear of transpots pase ;
F!y inate at our last enturace! Ah! litte thmght we 'th as our last :
Ayr gregling kissat his prlbled shore,
()'ewhmg with wild wods, thick'ni-g, green:

The fragrant hirch, and hawhern boar,
Pwind anurous rotal the raptur'd sceze.
The flowers smane wambon to be prest,
The birds eang live oil every sitray,

Till too, too soon, the glowing west, Proclaim'd the speed of winged day.
Still o'er these scenes my mem'ry wakee, And fondly broods with miser care:
Time but the impression deeper makes, As streams their chanuels deeper wear.
My Mary ! dear departed shade!
Where is thy blissfil place of rest?
Seest thou thy iover lowly laid?
Hear'st thou the groans that rend his breast?

## ELEGY ON THE LAATE NISS BURNET

 of MONBODDO.LAFE ne'er exulted in so rich a prize,
As Burnet, lovely, from her native skies ;
Nor envious Death so trimmph'd in a blow, As that which laid the accomplished Burnet low.
Thy form and mind, sweet maid, can I forget ?
In richest ore the brightest jewel set!
In thee, high Ileaven above was truest shown, As by his noblest work the Godhead best is known.
In vain ye flaunt in summer's pride, ye groves; Thou crystal streamlet with thy fowery shore;
Ye woodland choir that cliant your ide loves,
Ye cease to charm-Eliza is no more !
Ye heathy wastes, immix'd witl reedy fens:
Ye mossy streams, with sedge and rushes stor'd,
Ye rugged cliffs, o'erhanging dreary glens,
To you I fly - ye with my soul accord.
Princes, whose cumb'rous pride was all their worth. Shall venal lays their for pous exit hail?
And thou, sweet excellence : forsake our earth, And not a muse in lionest grief bewail!
We saw thee shine in youth and beauty's pride, And virtue's light, that beams heyond the spheres
But like the sun eelips'd at morning tide,
Thou left'st us darkling in a world of tears.
The parent's heart that nestled fond in thee, That heart how sunk, a prey to grief and care;
Bo decked the woodbine sweet yon aged tree, So from it ravish'd, leaves it bleak and hare.

## V「I？ミES






 F゙ton laalytia＇s armis．
－w erty thekd with｜eary dew

 1：，a）la！！its betatices ions．






 dul sustat！hea：t was wrung
［？witl Camimatomer，alone，

（＇an win ：he hitati：l eridfown eyes Hu scenes bejumi the grave．
 And fasar wolloring biast：
＇ilo．e．l－athella＇s spmiless worth shat！h：p！！y be a：fast．

## 心（）NぶETT

 AP1？IL， $17.4!$ ．

Alo nore，ge wathlert of llw wood，no more，




How can ye charm, ye fow're, with a't your dyes?
Ye bow unon the sod that wraps iny friond:
Ilow can I to the tund ful strain atierd?
That strain flows round th untimely ten.h where Ridhel liea
Yes, ponr, ye warbiers, pour the nots of wo,
And sooth the Virturs werping on this bier:
The Man of W'orih, and has not left his peer,
Is in his " narrow house," for ever darkly ins.
Thee, Spring, again with joy shall others greet:
Me, men'ry of my loss will only mert.

## VERRSES

os the death of sir james hunter blatr.
The lamp of day, with ill-presaging chare,
Jinn. clendly, stank beateath the Westem wave ;
J'h' incunstant hast howl'd thro' the darkening air, And holiow whistied in the rocky cave.

Lone as I wander'd by each cliff and dell, Once the lov'd bamits of Scritia's royal train ;*
Ot imas'd where limplid streans, once hal!ow'd we.l, ! Or mould'ring ruins mark the sacted fane; $\ddagger$
'I!!' increasing b!ast roar'd round the beftling rocks, The couds, swift-wing'd, flew o'er the starry sky,
The groaning trees untimely shed their focks, And shooting meteors caught the startletl ey'e.

The paly moon rose in the livid east, And 'mong the cliffs disclos'd a stately form,
In weeds of wo, that frantic beat her breast, And mix'd ber wailings with the raving storm.
Wild to my heart the filial pulses clow,
'Twas Caledonia's trophied shield I view'd:
Her form majeatic droop'd in pensive wo,
The light'ning of her eye in tears imbued.
Revers'd that spear, redoubtable in war, Reclin'd that banner, erst in fields unfurl'd,
That like a deathful meteor gleam'd afar, And brav'd the mighty monarchs of the world:-

- The King's Park, at Yolyrood-house.
- sf Anthonu's Well. $\ddagger$ St. Anthony's Chapel.
"My patriot Son fills an untimely grave ! With accents wi'd and lifted arms she cried-

6. Liw lies the hand that oft was streteh'd to save Low lies the hart that swell'd with honest jride?
"A weeping country joins a widow's tear,
The helpless poor mix with the orphan's cry ;
'The drooping arts surronnd their patron's bier,
And grateful science heaves the heartfelt sigh.
"I saw my sons resnme their ancient fire;
I saw fair Freedom's blassoms richly blow;
But ah! how hope is born but to expire?
Relentless fate has laid this guardian low.
"My patriot falls, but shall he iie unsung, While empty greatness saves a worthlens name?
No ; every mise shall join her thmefinl tomgue, And future ages hear his growing fame.
" And I will join a mother's tender caros, 'Thro' future times to make his virtues last, Thit distant years may butst of other Biairs :"-

She said, aad vanish'd with the sweeping blast.

## ADDRESS

ro Thk ShADE of thomson, on CROWNiNo ilis bige at EDNAM, BOXBURGHSHIHE, WITH bays.
Wmile virgin Spring, by Eifen's flood, Unfolds her tender mantle green,
Or pranks the sod in trolic mond, Or tuncs AEulian strams between;
While Summer with a matron grace Retreats to Dryhurgh's cooling shade,
Yet oft, delighted, stopis to trace The progress of the spiky blake;
While Antumn, benefactor kind, By Tweed erecte lis aged hearl,
And sces, with self approving mind, Each creature on his bounty fed;
While maniac Winter rages o'er The hills whence classic Yarrow flows,
Ronsing the turbid torrent's roar, Or sweeping, wild, a waste of snows:

Ea long, sweet puet ar life yat.
Slatil blewn fhat wrowsh than wein hact wea,


l.Pl::;i'l

## 










$$
\text { Fruに }: \therefore \text {, En? }
$$

Kxoll than, 0 stranger io the fthmp

(For nome that hues hims wed la that)
A warmes heart Death int"er hathe chat.

$$
0 \therefore .7 \text { Fl:if:S: }
$$

Rabonest man liere lits: at leve, As éer Gind wihh his intare l, ed
'The frient of mats, the lifunt uf litelt;




If hame is tome, le wath He lasi uf this.

* Ci....is'r.aid


## A BARD'S EPITAPII.

Is there a whim-inspired fonl, Owre fast for thought, owre hot for rule, Owre blate to seek, nwre proud to snool,

Let him draw near:
And owre this grassy heap sint dool, And drap a tear.

Is there a Bard of rustic song, Who, moteless, stea's the crowds among, That weekly this area throng,
$O$, pass not by!
Bat with a fiater-fecling strong,
Here heave a sigh
Is thore a man whose judgment clear, Can others teach the course to steer, Fet rans, himself. Xife's mal career,

Wild as the wave;
Here pause-and thro' the slarting tear,
Survey this grave.
The poor inhabitant below
Whas quick to learn and wise to know,
And keenly felt the frimdly glow,
And softer llame.
But thoughtless follies laid him low,
And stain'd his name:
Reader, attend-whether thy soul
Soars fancy's flights heyond the pole,
Or darkly grubs this earthly hole,
In low pursuit;
Know, prudent, cautions, self-control,
Is wisdum's root.

VERSES
ס̄n tife hirtif of a postiugmoes child,
Born in peculiar circumstances of Family Dissresa

> Eiveet Flow'ret, pledge o' mrikle love; A nd ward o' monie a pray'r,
> What heart o' stane wad :hou na move, Sae helpless, sweet, and fair!

November hirples o'er the lea, Chill on thy lovely form;
And gane, alas ! the sheltering tree, Should shield thee frae the storm.
May Ife who gives the rain to pour, And wings the blast to blaw,
Protect thee frae thie driving show'r, The bitter frost and snaw!
May He , the friend of wo and want, Who heals life's various stounds,
Protect and guard the mother-plant, Ind heal her cruel wounds.
But late she flourished, rooted fast, Fair on the summer morn;
Now, feehiy bends she in the blast, Unshelter'd and forlorn.
Blest be thy bloom, thiou lovely gem, Unscath'd by rufian hand;
And from thee many a parent stem Arise to deck our land.

ON SENSIBILITY.
TO MY DEAR $\angle N D$ MUCI HONOURED FRIEND, MRS DUNLOP OF DUNLOP.

Sensiblitity, how charming, Thou, my friend, canst truly tell;
But distress with liorrors alming,
Thou hast also known too well.
Fairest flower, behold the lily, Blonming in the sunny ray;
Let the blast sweep o'er the valley, See it prostrate on the clay.
Hear the wood-lark charm the forest, Telling o'er his little joys;
Hapless bird! a prey the surest, To each pirate of the skies.
Dearly bought the hidden treasure, Finter feelings can bestow;
Chords that vibrate sweetest pleasure, Thrill the deepest notes of we.

IN SEEING $\triangle$ WOUNDED HARE LIMP BY ME, WHICH A FELLOW HAD JUST SHOT AT.
Inhuman man ! curse on thy barb'rous art, And blasted be thy murder-aiming eye:
May never pity sooth thee with a sigh,
Nor ever pleasure glad thy cruel heart!
Go, live, poor wauderer of the wood and field, The bitter little that of life remains;
No more the thickening brakes and verdant plains
To thee shall home, or food, or pastime yield.
Seek, mangled wretch, some place of wonted rest,
No more of rest, but now thy dying bed !
The sheltering rushes whistling o'er thy head,
The cold earth with thy bloody bosom prest.
Oft as by winding Nith, I, musing, wait
The sober eve, or hail the cheerful dawn,
I'll miss thee sporting o'er the dewy lawn,
And curse the ruffian's aim, and mourn thy hapless fate.

LINES,
on scaring some water-fowl in loch terit, a wlld SCENE AMONQ THE HILLS OF OUGHTERTYRE.

Why , ye tenants of the lake,
For me your wat'ry haunt forsake?
Tell me, fellow creatures, why
At my preserice thus you fly?
Why disturb your social joys,
Parent, filial, kindred ties?-
Common friend to you and me,
Nature's gifts to all are free;
Peaceful keep your dimpling wave,
Busy feed, or wantor lave;
Or, beneath the sheltering rock,
Bide the surging billow's shock,
Conscious, blushing for our race,
Soon, too soon, your fears 1 trace;
Man, your proud usurping foc,
Would be lord of all below ;
Plumes himself in Freedom's pride,
Tyrant stern to all beside.

The eagle from the cliffy brow, Marking you his prey below, In his breast no pity dwells, Strong necessity compels; But man, to whom alone is giv'n A ray direct from pitying Heav'n, Glories in his heart humane,And creatures for his pleasure slair.
In these savage, liquid plains, Only known to wand'ring swains, Where the mossy riv'let strays, Far from human haunts and ways, All on Nature you depend, And life's poor season peaceful spend.
Or, if man's superior might,
Dare invade your native right,
On the lolity ether borne,
Man with all his pow'rs you scom;
Swiftly seek, on clanging wings,
Other lakes and other springs;
And the foe you cannot brave, Scorn at least to be his slave.

## SONJET,

WRITTEN ON THE 25 TH OF JANUARY, 1793, THE BIRTHDAY OF THE AUTHOR, ON HEARING A THRUSH IN A MORNING walk.

Sing on, sweet thrush, upon the leafless bough;
Sing on, sweet bird, I listen to thy strain;
See aged Winter, mid his surly reign,
At thy blithe carol clears his furrow'd brow;
So in lone Poverty's dominion drear,
Sits meek Content, with light, unanxious heart,
Welcomes the rapid monients, bids them part,
Nor asks if they bring aught to hope or fear.
I thank thee, Author of this opening day,
Thou whose bright sun now gilds you orient skies !
Riches denied, thy boon was purer joys,
What wealth could never give nor take away!
Yet come, thou child of poverty and care ;
The mite high Heav'n bestow'd, that mite with thee I'll shave.

ON TURNING HER UP IN HER NEST, WITH THE PLOUOR 4 NOVEMBER, 1785.
Wee, sleekit, cow'rin, tim'rous beastie :
O, what a panic's in thy breastie!
Thou need nae start awa sae hasty,
Wi' bickerin brattle!
I wad be laith to rin an' chase thee,
Wi' murd'ring pattle!
I'm truly sorrow man's dominion
Has broken Nature's social union,
An' justifies that ill opinion,
Which makes thee startle
At me, thy poor earth-born companion,
An' fellovo-mortal !
I doubt na, whyles but thou may thieve ?
What then ? poor beastie, thou maun live :
A daimen-icker in a thrave
's a sma' request:
I'll get a blessin wi' the lave,
And never miss't :
Thy wee bit housie, too, in ruin :
Its silly wa's the win's are strewin;
An' naething, now, to big a new ane,
O' foggage green;
An' bleak December win's ensuin,
Baith snell and keen!
Thou saw the fields laid bare an' waste
An' weary winter comin' fast,
An cozie here, beneath the blast,
Thou thought to dwell,
Till, crash ! the cruel coulter past
Out thro' thy cell.
That wee bit heap o' leaves an' stibble,
Has cost thee monie a weary nibble!
Now thou'st turn'd out, for a' thy trouble.
But house or hald,
To thole the winter's sieety dribble,
An' cranreuch cauld!
But, Mousie, thou art no thy lane,
In proving foresight may be vain:
The best laid scheme $o^{\prime}$ mice an' men $_{8}$
Gang aft a-gley,
An' lea'e us nought but grief and pain
For promis'd joy.

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

Still thou art blest, compar'd wi' mel
The present only toucheth thee;
But, och ! I backward cast my e'e,
On prospects drear!
An' forward, tho' I canna see,
Iguess an' fear.

## TO A MOUNTAIN DAISY,

DA TURNLNG ONE DOWN WITH THE PLOUGH, IN APRIL, 1786
Wex, modest, crimson-tipped flow'r,
Thou'st met me in an evil hour;
For 1 maun crush amang the stoure
Thy sleuder stem;
To spare thee now is past my pow'r,
Thou bonie gem.
Alas! it's no thy neebor sweet,
The bonie Lark, companion meet,
Bending thee 'mang the dewy weet,
Wi' spreckled breast,
When upward-springing, blithe, to greet
The purpling East.
Cauld blew the bitter-biting North
Upon thy early, humble birth;
Yet cheerfully thou glinted forth
A nid the storm,
Scarce rear'd above the parent-earth
Thy tender form.
The flaunting flow'rs our gardens yield,
High shelt'ring woods and wa's maun shield;
But thou beneath the random bield
O' clod or stane,
Adorns the histie stiblle-field,
Unseen, alane.
There, in the wenty mantle clad, Thu priavie bosom sunward spread
rinou lifts thy unassuning head
In humble guise;
But now the share uptears thy bed, And low thou lies !
Such is the fate of artless Maid;
Sweet flow'ret of the rural shade

## Voc. I.

K

## POEJMS,

By love's simplicity betray'd, And guileless trust,
Till she, like thee, all soil' $d$, is laid Jow i' the dust.

Such is the fate of simple Bard,
On life's rough ocean luckless starr'd;
Unskilful he to note the card
Of prudent lore,
Till billows rage, and gales blow hard, And whelm him o'er.

Such fate to suffering worth is giv'n, Who long with wants and woes has striv' $\mathbf{n}$, By human pride or cunning driv'n, To mis'ry's brink,
Till wrench'd of ev'ry stay but Heav'n, He, ruin'd, sink!
Ev'n thou who mourn'd the Daisy's fate, That fate is thine-no distant date;
Stern Ruin's plough-share drives, elate, Full on thy bloom,
Till crush'd beneath the furrow's weight, Shall be thy doom.

THE HUMBLE PETITION OF BRUAR WATER,*
TO THE NOBLE DUKE OF ATHOLE.
My lord, I know your noble car
Wo ne'er assails in vain:
Emboldened thus, 1 beg you'll hear
Your humble slave complain,
How saucy Phœebus' scorching beams,
In flaming summer-pride,
Dry-withering, waste iny foamy streams
And drink my crystal tide.
The lightly jumping glowrin trouts,
That thro' my waters play,
If, in their random, wanton spouts,
They near the margin stray;

* Bruar Falls, in Athole, arc exccedingly picturesque and

8eautiful: but their cffect is much impaired by the woans of trees antl shruls.

If, hapless chance, they linger lang, I'm scorching up so shallow,
They're left the whit'ning stanes amang, In gasping death to wallow.

Last day I grat wi' spite and teen, As Poet $\mathrm{B}^{* * * *}$ came by,
That, to a Bard, I should be seen
Wi' half my channel dry;
A panegyric rhyme, I ween, Ev'n as I was, he shor'd me;
But had I in my glory been, He, kneeling, wad ador'd me.

Here, foaming down the shelvy rocks, In twisting strength I rin;
There, high my boiling torrent smokes, Wild-roaring o'er a linn:
Enjoying large cach spring and well As nature gave them me,
I am, altho' I say't mysel,
Worth gam a mile to see.
Would then my noble master please To grant my highest wishes,
He'll shade my banks wi' tow'ring trees, And bonie spreading bushes;
Delighted doubly then, my lord, You'll wander on my banks,
And listen monie a grateful bird Return you tuneful thanks.
The soher lav'rock, warbling widd, Shall to the skies aspire ;
The gowdspink music's gayest child, Shall sweetly join the choir ;
The blackbird strong, the lintwhite clear, The mavis mild and mellow;
The robin pensive autumn checr, In all her looks of yellow:

This too, a covert shall ensure, To shield them fiom the storm;
And coward maukin sleep secure, Low in her grassy form ;
Here shall the shepherd make his seat, To weave his crown of flow'rs;
Or find a shelt'ring, safe retreat, From prone descending show'rs.

And here, by sweet endearing stealtz, Sliall meet the loving pair, Despising worlds with ail their wealth As empty, id!e care.
The flow'rs shall vie in all their charmos The hour of heav'n to grace,
And hirks extend their fragrant arms, To screen the dear embrace.

Here haply too, at vernal dawn, Some musing Bard may stray,
And eye the smoking, dewy lawn, And misty mountain, gray ;
Or, by the reayer's nightly beam, Mild chequ'ring thro' the trees,
Rave to my darkly-dashing stream, Hoarse-swelling on the breeze.
Let lofty firs, and ashes cool, Ny Iowly bauks o`erspread, And view, deep-bending in the pool, Their sladows' wat'ry bed;
Let fragrant birks in woodbines drest My craggy clins adorn;
And, for the little songster's nest, 'lie close eusbow'ring thorn.
so may old Scotia's dariing hope, Your little angel band,
Sprir.g, like their father's, up to prop Their honour'd native land.
So may thro' Albion's farthest ken, To social flowing glasses,
"'he grace be-" Athole's honest men, "And Athole's bonie lasses !"

## LIJVES

WRITTEN WITH A TENCIL, ovER THE CHIMNEY-RIECE, IF the parlour of the inn at kenmore, taynoutis

Admirfng Nature in her wildest grace, These northern scenes with weary feet I trace;
D'er many a winding dale and painful steep,
Th' abodes of covey'd grouse and timid shcep,
My savage ourney, curious, I pursue,
Ti.l fam'd Breaditbante opens to my riew -

CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.
The meetirg cliffs each deep-sunk glen divides, The woods, wild scatter ${ }^{\circ}$, clothe their ample sides; Th' untstretching lake, embosom'd 'mong the hills,
The eye with wonder and amazement fills;
'l'he 'Tay, meand'ring sweet, in infant pride,
The palace rising on his verdant side ;
The lawns wood fring'd in Nature's native taste;
The hillocks dront in Nature's carcless haste;
The arches striding o'er the new-born stream;
The village, glittering in the noon-tide beam-
-•.......................
Poetic arủours in my bosom swell,
Lone, wanc'ring by the hermit's mossy cell :
The sweeping theatre of hanging woods;
Th' incessant roar of headlong tumbling floods-

Itere Poesy might wake her heav'n-taught lyre, And look thro' Nature with creative fire; Here, to the wrongs of Fat? half reconcil'd, Miefortune's lighten'd steps night wander wild; A nd Disappointment, in these lonely bounds, Find balm to sooth her bitter, rankling wounds;
Here heart-struck Grief might heav'n-ward stretch her scas
And injur'd Worth forget and pardon man.

## LINES

## WRITTEN WITH A PENCIL, STANDING BY TIIK FALL OF FYERS, NHAR LOCH-NESS.

Among the heathy hills and ragged woods The roaring Fyers pours his mossy floods ; T'ill full he dashes on the rocky mounds,
Where, through a shapeless breach, his stream resounds
As high in air the bursting torrents flow,
As denp recoiling surges fr am below,
Prone down the rock the whitening sheet descends,
A nd viewless Echo's ear, astonish'd, reads.
Dim seen, through rising mists and ceaseless show'rs
The hoary cavern, wide-surrounding, low'rs.
Still thro' the gap the struggling river toils,
And still, below, the horrld caldron boils-

## Bоoк III.

# FAN1L」ARANDEPISTOL.1RY 

## 70 MISS R——.

##  1, 1iะそ.

Adals the silent where of time
'ribeit anmall rothat have drv' $n$,
Aud yom, tho sratse in maten prime, $\therefore$ re so math nearer heav'o.

Nongits have Ifrem Indian coasta
The infant year to hall;
3 send yon more than Imota boasts In Élucin's simple tale.
Sur sex with enife and fanthirga love
Is charg'd, prortrips too true;
3at! may, disir mand, each lover proyo
An Edecias athll in yrus.

TO NHSS CRETCKSHSANES, A VERY YOINB $1 . \triangle$ DP,
Written oa the hiant lenfof a Bouk, presented to her by this riuther.
Beacteves mae bud voung and cay,
Phombing ent the early Jav,
Never may'st that, fovaly fiow'z,
('hilly shrinak in sluety show's!
Nevar Hornas hosry math,
Never Fin:us pois nomy hereath,
Never balef it stelle? lights,
Taint the ewith untmady tifores.

Never, never reptile thinf
Rlot on thy virgin leat':
Nor even Sol too fiercely view
Thy bosom blushing still with dew:
May st thou long, sweet crimson gem, Rich!y deck thy native stem;
Till sonse evening, sober, caim,
Dropping dews, and breathing balm,
While all around the woodland ring
And ev'ry bird thy requiem sings;
Thou amid the dirgeful sound,
Bhed thy dying honours romnd,
And resign to parent earth
(The loveliest form she e'er gave birt?.

> VERSES
on a yocino Lady,
Residing on the banks of the small rieve Devon, in Clackmannanshire, but whose infant years were spent in Ayr. shire.
How pleasant the banks of the clear-winding Devon,
With green spreading bushes, and flow'rs blooming fair;
But the boniest flower on the banks of the Devon
Was once a sweet bud on the bracs of the Ayr.
Mild be the sun on this sweet-binshing flower,
In the gay, rosy morn, as it bathes in the dew:
And gentle the fall of the soft vernal shower,
That steals on the evening each leaf to renew:
O gpare the dear blossom, ye orient breezes, With chill hoary wing, as ye usher the dawn!
And far be thou distant, thou reptile that scizes The verdure and pride of the garden and lawn.
Sost Bourbon exult in his gay gilded lilics,
And England triumphant display her proud rose;
A nirer thin elfier adorns the gieen vallies Where Devon, sweet Devon, meandering flows.

VERSES

## to a young lady, with a present of songs.

Here, where the Scottish muse immortal lives, In sacred strains abu tuneftil numbers join'al
Accept the gift ; tho' humble he who gives,
Rich is the tribute of the grateful mind
So may no ruffian-feeling in thy breast
Discordant jar thy bosom-chords among;
But peace attune thy gentle soul to rest,
Or love ecstatic wake his seraph song:
Or pity's notes, in luxury of tears, As modest want the tale of wo reveals;
While conscious virtu? all the strain endears And heav'n-born piety her sanction seals.

## VERSES,

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NRITTEN ON the blank leaf of a copy of his pozme,
PRESENTED TO A LADY, WHOM HE HAD OF'GEN CELEBRAT
ED UNDER TIIE NAME OF CHLORIS.
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'Tis Friendship's pledge, my young fair friend, Nor thou the gift refuse,
Nor with unwilling ear attend
The moraiizing muse.
Since thou, in all thy youth and charms, Must bid the world adieu,
'A world 'gainst peace in constant arms) To join the friendly few.
SInce, thy gay morn of life o'ercast, Chill came the tempest's lower;
, And ne'er misfortune's eastern blast Did nip a fairer flower.)
Since life's gay scenes must charm no more, Still much is lent behind;
Still nobler wealh hast thou in store, The comforts of the mindl
Thine is the self-approving glow, On conscious honour's part ; And, dearest gin of Heaven belon, Thlne friendship's trucet hears.
CHIEFLY SCOTTTSF.

The joys refin'd of sense and taste, With every Muse to rove:
And doubly were the Poct blest, These joys could he improve.

## VERSES,

WRITTEN ON THE BLANK LEAF OF $\triangle$ COPY OF HIS POEMS, PRE GENTED TO AN OLD SWEETHYART, THEN MARRIED.

Orce fondly lov'd, and still remember'd dear, Sweet early ohject of my youthful vows,
Accept this mark of friendship, warm, sincere,
Friendship !-'tis all cold duty now allows:
And when you read the simple, artless rhymes,
One friendly sigh for him, he asks no more,
Who distant burns in flaming, torrid climes, Or haply lies beneath the Atlantic roar.

## TO A YOUWG LADY'

 PRESENTED HER.
Thine be the volumes, Jessy fair, And with them take the Poet's prayer ;
That Fate may in her fairest page,
With ev'ry kindliest, best presage
Of cuture bliss, enrol thy name,
With native worth and spotless fame.
And wakeful caution, still aware
Of lll-but chief, man's felon snare;
All blameless joys on earth we find
And all the treasures of the mind-
These be thy guardiar and reward,
So prays thy faithful friend, the Bard.

TO J. S****
Priendship I mysterious cement of the soul Sweet'ner of life, and solder of society l I owe thee muek.-

Bzais.
Dgar $\mathbf{S}^{* * * *}$, the slecst, paukie thief, That e'er attempted stealth or ref,

## POEMS,

Ye surely hae some warlock-breef
Owre humian hearts ;
For ne'er a bosom yet was prief
Against your aris.
For me, I swear by sun and moon, And ev'ry star that blinks aboon, Ye've cost me twenty pair o' shoon

Just gaun to see you ;
And ev'ry ither pair that's done,
Mair ta'en I'm wi' you.
That auld capricious carlin, Nature,
To mak amends for scrimpit stature, She's turn'd you aff' a human creature

On her first plan,
And in her freaks, on ev'ry feature,
She's wrote the Man.
Just now I've ta'en the fit o' rhyme, My barmie noddle's working prime, My fancie yerkite up sublime

Wi' hasty summon;
Hae ye a leisure-moment's time
To hear what's comin?
Some rhyme, a neebor's name to lash;
Some rhyme (vain thought!) for needfu' casis '
Some rhyme to court the countra clash,
An' raise a din;
For me, an aim 1 never fash;
I rhyme for fun.
The star that rules my luckless lot, Has fated me the russet coat,
And damn'd my fortune to the groat;
But in requit,
IIas bless'd me wi' a random shot O' countra wit.
This while iny notion's ta'en a skleot, To try my fate in guid black prent; But still the mair I'm that way bent,

Something cries, "Hoolie!
I rede you, honest man, tak tent!
Ye'll sliaw your folls.
"There"s ither poets, much your bettere,
Far scen in Greck, deep men o' le'ters,
Hae thought they had insur'd their debtore
$A^{\prime}$ future afte;
Now moihs deform in shapeless tatters
Their unknown pases."

Then fareweel hopes o' laurel-boughs, To garland my poetic brows !
Henceforth I'll rove where busy ploughs
Are whistling thrang,
An teach the lanely lieights and howes
My rustic sang.
l'll wander on wi' tentless heed,
How never-halting moments speed,
Till fate shall smap the brittle thread ;
Then, all unknown,
I'll lay me with the inglorions dead, Forgot and gone!
But why o' Death begin a tale?
Just now we're living, somind, and hale,
Then $t_{i}$ ) and manitop crowd the sail,
ileave Care o'er-side!
And large, before Enjoyment's gale,
Let's tak the tide.
This life, sae far's I understand, Is a' enchanted, tairy land,
Where Pleasure is the magic wand
That, wielded right,
Maks hours like minntes, land in hand,
Dance by fu' light.
The magic wand then let ns wield;
For, ance that five-an'forty's speel'd,
See crazy, weary, joyless Eild,
W'j' wrinkled face,
Comes hostin, hirplin owre the field,
Vi' creepin pace. .
When ance Lifc's day draws near the gloamin, Then fareweel vacant, careless roamin ; Au' fareweel cheerfu' tankards foamin,

An' social noise;
An' fareweel dear, delnding woman,
The joy of joys!
O life! how pleasant in thy morning
Young Fancy's rays the hills adorning!
Cold-pansing Cantion's lessons scorning,
We frisk away,
Like school-boys, at th' expected warning,
To joy and piay.
We wander there, we wander here,
We eye the rose upon the brier,

Unmindful that the thorn is near,
Among the leaves;
And though the puny wound appeat,
Short while it grieves.
Some, lucky, find a flow'ry spot,
For which they never toild nor swat ;
They drink the sweet, and eat the fai,
But care or pain;
And, haply, cye the barren hat
With high disdain.
With steady aim, some Fortune chase;
Keen Hope does every sinew brace;
Thro' fair, thro' foul, they urge the race,
And seize the prey;
Then canie, in some cozie place,
They close the day.
And others, like your humble servan',
Poor wights! nae rules nor roads observin:
To right or left eternal swervin,
They zig-zag on ;
Till curst with age, obscure an' starvis,
They aften groan.
Alas ! what bitter toil an' straining-
But, trace with peevish, pcor complaining !
Is Fortune's fickle I,unc waning?
E'en let her gang !
Beneath what light slie has remalning,
het's sing our sang.
My pen I here fling to the door,
And knecl, "Ye Powers!", and warm imploss
"Tino' I should wander Terra o'er,
In all her climes,
Grant me but this, I ask no more,
Ay rowth o' hymes.
"Gie dreeping roasts to countra lairde,
Till icicles hing frae their beards;
Gle fine braw claes to fine Life-Guardo,
And Maids o' Honour:
And yill an' whiskey gie to Cairdo.
Until twey sconner.
"A Title, Dempster merits It;
A garter gie to Willie Putt;
Gie Wealith to some be-leger'd cia,
In cent. per ceat.;
But gie me real, sterling Wht,
And I'm contess.
"While ye are pleas'd to keep me hale,
I'll sit down o'er my scanty meal,
Be't water-brose or muslin-kail,
Wi' cheerfu' face,
As lang's the Muses dinna fail
To say the grace."
An anxious e'e I never throws
Behint my lug, or by my nose;
I jouk beneath Misfortune's blows
As weel's I may;
Sworn foe to Serrow, Care, and Prose, I rhynie away.
O ye douce folk, that live by rule, Grave, tideless-bloody, calm, and cool,
Compar'd wi' you-O fool ! fool ! fool!
How much unlike!
Your hearts are just a standing pool,
Your lives, a dyke!
Nae hair-brain'd, sentimental traf $\boldsymbol{A}$
In your unlettered nameless faces,
In arioso trills and graces
Ye never stray;
But, gravissimo, solemn basses
Ye hım away.
Ye are sae grave, nae doubt ye're wise;
Nae ferly tho' ye do despise
The hairum scairum, ram-stam boys,
The rattlin squad:
I see you upward cast your eyes-
Ye ken the road.
Whilst I-but I shall haud me there
Wi' you I'll scarce gang ony where-
Then, Jamie, I shall say nae mair,
But quat my sang,
Content wi' you, to mak a pair, Whare'er I gang.

## I.

Whise winds frae aff Ben-Lomond blaw
And bar the doors wi' driving snaw,
And hing us owre the ingle,
I sit me down to pass the time,
And spin a verse or twa $0^{\prime}$ rhyme,
In hamelv westlin jingle.
While frosty winds blaw in the drift,
Ben to the chimla lug,
I grudge a wee the great folks' gift,
That live sae bien an' snug:
I tent less, and want less
Their roomy fire side ;
But hanker and canker,
To see their cursed pride.

## II.

It's hardly in a body's pow'r
To keep at times frae being sour,
To see how things are sliar'd;
How best o' chiels are whiles in want, While coofs on countless thousands rank,
And ken na how to wair't:
But, Davie, lad, ne'er fash your head,
Tho' we hae little gear,
We're fit to win our daily bread,
As lang's we're hale and ficr ;
" Mair spier na, no fear na," $\dagger$
Auld age ne'er mind a feg,
The last o't, the warst o't
Is only for to beg.

## III.

- To lie in kilns and barns at e'en,

When banes are craz'd and bluid is thim
Is, doubtless, great distress!
Yet then contant could make us blest ;
Ev'n then, sometimes we'd snatch a taste
Of truest happiness.

- David Sillar, one of the club at Tarbolton, and author of a volume of Poems in the Scottish dialect.

Ramsay.

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

The honest heart that's free frae a'
Intended fraud or guile,
However Fortune kick the ba',
Has ay some cause to smile;
And mind still, you'll find still,
A comfort this nae sma';
Nae mair then, we'll care then, Nae farther can we fa'.

## IV.

What tho', like commoners of air, We wander out we know not where, But either house or hal' !
Yet nature's charms, the hills and woods,
The sweeping vales and foaming floods,
Are free alike to all.
In days when daisies deck the ground, And blackbirds whistle clear,
With honest joy our hearts will bound, To see the coming year:
On braces when we please, then, We'll sit an' sowth a tune;
Syne rhyme till't, we'll time till't, And sing't when we hae done.

## V.

It's no in titles nor in rank
It's no in wealth like Lon'on bank,
To purchase peace and rest ;
It's in makin muckle mair;
It's no in books ; it's no in lear,
To make us truly blest:
If happiness hae not her seat
And centre in the breast,
We may be wise, or rich, or great,
But never can be blest:
Nae treasures, nor pleasures,
Could make us happy lang;
The heart's ay the part ay,
That makes us right or wrang

## VI.

Think ye, that sic as you and I ,
Wha drudge and drive thro' wet and dry, Wi' never-ceasing toil,
Think ye, are we less blest than they,
Wha scarcely tent us in their way,
As hardly worth their while?

## PUEMS,

Alas! how aft in haughty mood, God's creatures they oppress ! Or else, neglecting a' that's guid,

They riot in excess!
Baith careless and fearless
Of either heav'n or hell :
Esteeming, and deeming It's a' an idle tale !
VII.

Then let us cheerfu' acquiesce,
Nor make our scanty pleasures less,
By pining at our state;
And, even should misfortunes come,
I, here wha sit, hae met wi' some,
An' 's thankfu' for them yet,
They gie the wit of age to youth;
They let us ken oursel;
They make us see the naked truth,
The real grid and ill.
Tho' losses and crosses, Be lessons right severe, There's wit there, ye'll get there, Se'll find na other where.
VIII.

But tent me, Davie, ace o' hearts ! "To say auglit less wad wrang the cartes Aud flatt'ry I detest,)
This life has joys for you and I ;
And joys that riches ne'er could buy;
And joys the very best.
'There's a' the pleasures o' the heart,
'The lover an' the frien';
Ye hae your Meg , your dearest part,
And I my darling Jean !
It warms me, it charms me,
To mention but her name:
It heats me, it beets me,
And sets me a' on flame!

## [X.

O all ye Pow'rs who rule above !
O Thou whose very self art lovel
Thou know'st my words sincera!
fore 'ife-blood streaming thro' my heart
f ir my more dear irranortal para
Is liot mere fond'y dear:

When heart-corroding care and grief Drprive my soul of rest,
Her dear whea brings relief?
And solace io my breast.
Thon Being, All-siteing,
O hear my fervint pray'r:
Still take her, and make her
Thy most peculiar ca:t:!
X.

All hail, ye tender ferling= \& at !
The smile of love, the frietid! lear, The sympathetic giow ;
Long since, this world's thorny ways
liad number d out my weary days, Had it not been for you!
Fate still has blest me with a friend, In every care and ill;
And of: a more ondearing band, A tie mare temderstill.

It lighte ns, it thelitens,
The trmertie scrine, To mpet with, and areet with, My Javic ot my Jcan.

## XI.

O, how that name inspires my style? The words come skeipin ranis and file, Amaist kefore 1 keh!
The ready measure rins as fine,
As Phebus and the fanums Nine Were glowrin owre my pen.
My spaviet regasus will limp,
Till ance lee's fairly het:
And then he's hileh, and stilt, abd jump: An' rin anthere fit:
But lest then, the brast lhem,
Should rue this hasty ride,
I'Il light now, and diaht now,
His sweaty, wizen'd hioe.

TO THE S.ЯME.
AELD NEEEOR,
I'm three times donbly o're your dehtor,
For your auld farrant, from'ly letter,
Tho' I maun say't, I doubt ye flat:er,
Ye sprak ste farr;

## Vot. I.

I.

For my puir, silly, rhymin' clatter, Some less maun sair.

Ilale be your heart, hale be your fiddle ;
Lang may your elbuck jink an' diddle,
To cheer you thro' the weary widdle
O' war'ly cares,
Till bairns' bairns kindly cuddle
Your auld gray hairs.
But, Davie, lad, I'm red ye're glaikit;
I'm tauld the inuse ye hae negleckit,
An' gif is sae, ye sud be licket
Until ye fyke;
Sic hauns as you sud ne'er be faikit, Be hain't wha like.
For me, I'm on Parnassus' brink,
Rivin the words tae gar them clink;
Whyles daez't wi' love, whyles daez't wi' dilnk
Wi' jads or masons;
An' whyles, but ay owre late, I think
Braw sober 'iessons.
Of a' the thoughtless sons o' man,
Commen' me to the Bardie clan;
Except it be some idle plan
O' rhymin' clink
The devil-haet, that I sud ban,
They ever think.
Nae thought, nac view, nae scheme o' livin',
Nae cares tae gie us joy or grievin';
But just the pouchie put the nieve in,
An' while aught's there,
Then hiltie, skiltie, we gae scrievin',
An' fash nae mair.
Leeze me on rhyme ! its ay a treasure,
My chief, amaist my only pleasure,
At hame, a-fiel', at wark or leisure,
The Muse, poor hizzie !
Tho' rough an' raploch be her measure,
She's seldom lazy.
Hand tae the Muse, my daintie Davie :
The warl' may play you monie a shavd
But for the Muse, she'll never leave ye,
Tho' e'er sae puir,
Na, even tho' ':mpin wi' the spavie
Frae door to door.

## EPISTLE TO J. LAPRAIK,

## AN OLD SCOTTISH BARD.

April 1, 1785.
Wirle briers an' woodbines budding green, An' paitricks scraichin loud at e'en,
An ${ }^{\circ}$ morning poussie whiddin seen, Inspire my Muse,
This freedom in an unkinown frien'
I pray excuse.
On fasteen-een we had a rockin, Co $r$ a' the crack and weave our stockis
And there was muckie fun an' jokins
Ye need na doubt.
At length we had a hearty yokiu
At sang about.
l'here was ae sang, amang the rew
Aboon them a' it pleas'd me best,
That some kind hinsband had addrest
To some sweet wife;
It thrill'u the heart-strings thro' the breast.
$A^{\prime}$ to the life.
I've searce heard aurit deseribe sae wet
What gen'rous, manly bosoms feel:
Thought I, "Can this be I'ope, or Steele,
Or Beattie's wark ?"
They told me 'twas an ord kind chicl
About Juirkirk.
ft pat me fidgin-fain to hear't,
And sie about him there I spier't,
I'hen a' that kent him round declar'd
He had ingine,
That nane excell'd it, few eam near'l.
It was sae finc.
That set him to a pint of ale
An' either douce or merry tale,
Of rhynes an' sangs he'd made humsel,
Or witty catches,
'Tween Inverness and Tiviotdale,
He had few matches.
Then up I gat, an' swore an aith, Though I should pawn my pleugh and gratin,

Or die a cadger-pownie's death, At some dyke-back,
A pint an' gill I'd gie them baith To hear your crack.
But first an' foremost, I should tell, Amaist as soon as I could spell,
I to the crambo-jingle fell,
'Tho' rude an' rough,
Yet crooning to a body's sel, Does weel enough.
I am nae Poet, in a sense,
But just a Rhymer, like, by chance,
An' hae to learning nae pretence,
Yet what tha matter ?
Whene'er my Muse does on me glance, I jingle at her.
Your critic-folk may cock their nose,
And say, "How can you e'er propose,
You wha ken hardly verse frae prose,
To mak a sang?"
But, by your leaves, my learned foes,
Ye're may be wrang.
What's a' your jargon o' your schools,
Your Latin names for horns an' stools,
If honest nature made you fools,
What sairs your grammare
Ye'd better taen up spades and shools,
Or knappin-hammers.
A set o' dull, conceited hashes,
Confuse their brains in college classes !
They gang in stirks, and come out asee,
Plain truth to speak:
An' syne they think to climb Parnassur
By dint o' Greek!
Gie me ae spark o' nature's fire,
That's a' the learning I desire;
Then tho' I drudge thro' dub an' mire
At pleugh or cart,
My Muse, tho' hamely in attire,
May touch the heart.
O for à spunk o' Allan's glee,
Or Fergusson's, the bauld and slee,
Or bright Lapraik's, my friend to be,
If I can hit it !
That would be lear encugh for me.
If I could get it !

CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.
Now, sir, if ye hae friends enow, Tho' real friends, I b'lieve are few, Yet, if your catalogue be fou, I'se no insist,
But gif ye want a friend that's true,
I'm on your list.
I winna blaw about mysel ;
As ill I like my fauts to tell;
But friends and folk that wish me well,
They sometimes roose me,
Tho' I maun own, as monie still
As far abuse me.
There's ae wee faut they whyles lay to me
I like the lasses-Gude forgie me!
For monie a plack they wheedle frae me
At dance or fair ;
May be some ither thing they gie me,
They weel can spare.
But Mauchline race, or Mauchline fair,
I should be proud to mect you there,
We'se gie ae night's discharge to care,
If we forgather,
An' hae a swap o' rhymin-ware
$\mathrm{Wi}^{\prime}$ ane anither.
The four-gill chap, we'se gar bim clatter, An' kirsen him wi' reekin water ; Syne we'll sit down an' tak our whitter

To checr our heart ;
An' faith, we'se be acquainted better
Before we part.
Awa, ye selfish, warly race,
Wha think that havirs, sense an' grace,
Ev'n love an' friendship should gire place
To catch-the-plack!
I dinna like to see your face,
Nor hear your crack.
But ye whom social pleasure charms,
Whose hearts the tide of kindness warms
Who hold your being on the terms,
"Each aid the others!"
Come to my bowl, come to my arms,
My friends, my brothers !
But, to conclude my lang epistle, As my auld pen's worn to the grissie;

## POEMFS,

## Twa lincs frae you wad gar me fissle, <br> Who ain, most fervent, While I can cither sing or whissle, Your friend and servant.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { TO TIIE SAME. } \\
\text { April } 21,1785 .
\end{gathered}
$$

While new-ca'd kye rout at the siake An' pownies reek in pleugh or braik, This hour on e'enin's edge I take,
'J'o nwn I'm dehtor
To honest-hearted, auld Lapraik,
For his kind letter
Forjesket sair, with weary logs,
Rattlin the corn out-owre the rigs,
Or dealing thro' amang the naiss
Their ten-hours bite,
Aly awkart Muse sair pleads and begs,
I would na write.
The tapetiess ramfeezl'd hizzie,
She's saft at best, and something lazy,
Quo" she, "Ye ken we've been sac busy,
'I'his mouth an' mair,
That trouth my head is grown right dizzie,
And something sair."
Her dowff excuses pat me mad :
"Conscience," says, I, " ye thowless jad!
['II write, an' that a hearty blaud,
That vera night;
So dinna ye affront yrur trade,
But rhyme it right.
"Shall bauld L, apraik, the king o' hearts,
Tho' mankind were a pack of cartes,
Roose you sae weel for your deserts,
In terms sae friendly,
fet ye'll neglect to show your parts,
A ad thauk him kindly!'"
Sap I gat paper in a blink,
An' down gaed stumpie in the ink
Quoth I, "Before I slepp a wluk,
I vow J'll close it ;
Ari if you winna mak it clink,
By juve ['ll prose it !"

Sae I've begun to scrawl, but whether
In rhyme or prose, or baith thegither, Or some hotch-protch that's rightly neither

Let time mak proof;
But I shall scribble down some blether Just clean aff-loof.

My worthy friend, ne'er grudge an' carp
Tho' fortune use you hard an' sharp;
Come, kittle up your moorland harp
Wi'gleesome touch:
Ne'er mind how Fortune waft an' warp;
She's but a b-tch.
She's gien me monie a jest an' fleg,
Sin' I could striodle owre a rig;
But by the L-d, tho I should beg
Wi' layart pow,
I'll laugh an' sing, an' shake my leg,
As langs I dow!
Now comes the sax-an'-twentieth simmer
I've seen the bud ope' the timmer,
8 till persecuted by the limmer
Frae year to year;
But yet, despite the kittle kinımer
I, Rob, am herc.
Do ye envy the city Gent,
Behind a kist to lie and skient,
Or purse-proud, big wi' cent. per cent.,
And muckle wane,
In some bit burgh to represent
A Bailie's name !
Or, is't the paughty, feudal Thane,
W1' ruffled sark an' glancing cane,
Wha thinks himsel nae slieep-shank bane,
But lordly stalks,
While caps and bnnnets aff are taen,
As by he walks?
"O Thou wha gies us each good gift,
Gle me o' wit an ${ }^{\circ}$ sense a lift,
Then turn me, if Thou please, adrift,
Thro' Scotland wide;
WI' Cits nor Lairds I wadna shift,
In a' their pride !"
Were this the charter of our state,
"On pain of hell be rich an' great,"

Damnation then would be our fate,
Beyond remead;
But thanks to Heav'n! that's no the gate
We learn our creed :-
For thus the royal mandate ran,
When first the human race began-
"The social, friendly, honest man,
Whate'er he be,
'Tis he fulfils great $\mathcal{N}$ ature's plan,
An' none but he f"
O mandate glorious and divine:
The ragged followers of the Nine,
Poor thoughtless devils ! yet may shine
In glorious light,
While sordid sons of Mammon's line
Are dark as night.
Tho' here they scrape, an' squeeze, an' growl.
Their worthless neivefu' of a soul
May in some future carcass howl,
The forest fright ;
Or in some day-detesting owl
May shun the light.
Then may Lapraik and Burns arise,
'To reach their native, kindred skies,
And sing their pleasures, hopes, an' joys,
In some mild sphere,
Still closer knit in friendshlp's ties,
Each passing year!

TO W. $S^{* * * * * N . ~}$
OCHILTREE, MAY, 1785.
I aal' your letter, winsome Willie;
Wi' grateful heart I thank you brawlio
Tho' I maun say't, I wad be silly,
An' unco vain,
Should I believe, my coaxin billy,
Your flatt'rin straln.
But I'se believe ye kindly meant it,
I sud be laith to think ye hinted
Ironic satire, sideling sklented
On my poor Musle ;
Tho' in aic phraisin terms ye've penn'd it,
I scarce excuse ye.

My eenses wad be in a creel,
Should I but dare a hope to speel, Wi' Allan, or wi' Gilbertfield, The braes o' fame ;
Or Fergusson, the writer-chiel, A deathless name.
(O Fergusson I thy glorious parts
IIl suited law's dry, musty arts!
My curse upon your whunstane hearts,
Ye E'nburgh gentry!
The tithe o' what ye waste at cartes, Wad stow'd his pantry!
Yet when a tale comes i' my head,
Or lasses gie my heart a screed,
As whyles they're like to be my dead,
(O) sad disease!)

I kittle up my rustic reed,
It gies my ease.
Auld Coila now may fidge fu' fain, She's getten Poets o' her ain,
Chiels wha their chanters winna hain, But tune their lays
Till echoes a' resound again
Her weel-sung praise.
Nae Poet thought her worth his while,
To set her name in measur'd style !
She lay like some unkenn'd-of isle
Beside Nero-Holland,
Or whare wild-meeting oceans boil
Besouth Mageilan.
Ramsay an' famous Fergusson
Gled Forth an' Tay a lift aboon; Yairow an' 'Tweed, to monie a tune,

Owre Scotland rings ;
While Irwin, Lugar, Ayr an' Doon, Nae body sings.
Th' Illissus, Tiber, Thames an' Seine, Glide sweet in monie a tunefn' line!
But, Willie, set your fit to mine,
An' cock your cicst,
We'll gar our streams and burnies shine Up wi' the best.
We'll sing auld Coila's plains an' fells,
Her moors red-brown wi' heather-bells,

## POEMS,

Her banks an' braes, her dens an' dells,
Where glorious Wallacs
Aft bure the gree, as story tells,
Frae Southron billies.
At Wallace's name, what Scottish blood
But boils up in a spring-tide flood!
Of have our fearless fathers strode
By Wallace's side,
Still pressing onward, red-wat shod, Or glorious dy'd.
O sweet are Coila's haughs an' woods, When lintwhites chant, amang the buds, And jirkin bares, in amorous whids,

Their loves enjoy,
While thro' the braes the cushat croods
Wi' wailfu' cry!
Ev'n winter bleak has charms to me,
When winds rave through the naked tree;
Or frosts on hills of Ochiltrce
Are hoary gray ;
Or blinding drifts wild furious flee,
Dark'ning the day!
O Jature! a' thy shews an' forms
To feeling pensive hearts nae charms :
Whether the summer kindly warms,
Wi' life an' light,
Or winter howls, in gusty storms,
The lang, dark night!
The Muse, nae Poet ever fand her,
Till by himself he learn'd to wander,
Adown some trotting burn's meander,
An' no think lang!
O sweet, to stray an' pensive ponder
A heart-felt sang!
The warly race may drudge an' drive,
Hog-shouther, jundie, stretch an' strive,
Let me fair Nature's face descrive,
And I, wi' pleasure,
Shall let the busy, grumbling hive
Bum owre their treasure.
Fareweel, " niy rhyme-composing brithet I"
We've been owre lang unkenn'd to ther:
Now tet us lay our heads thegither,
In love fraternal:
May Envy wallop in a tether,
Black fiend, infernal!

While Highlandmen have tolls an' taxess
While moorlan' herds like guid fat braxies;
While terra firma, on her axis
Diurnal turns,
Count on a friend in faith an' practice
In Robert Burns.
POSTSCRIPT.
My mem'ry's no worth a preen ;
I had amaist forgotten clean,
Ye bade me write you what they mean By this new light,*
'Bout which our herds sae aft hae been
Maist like to fight.
In days when mankind were but callans
At Grammar, Logic, and sic taients,
They took nae pains their speech to talance,
Or rules to gie,
But spak their thoughts in plain, braid Lallians
Like you or me.
In thae auld times, they thought the moon,
Just like sark, or pair o' shoor,
Wore by degrees, till her last roon,
Gaed past their viewin',
An' shortly after she was done,
They gat a new one.
This past for certain, undisputed:
It ne'er came in their heads to doubt it.
Till chiels gat up an' wad confute it,
An' ca'd it wrang ;
An' muckle din there was about it,
Baith loud and lang.
Some herds, wecl learn'd upo' the beuk,
Wad threap auld folk the thing misteuk ?
For 'twas the auld moon turn'd a neuk,
An' out o' sight.
An' backllns-comin, to the leuk, She grew mair bright.
This was deny'd, it was affirm'd;
The herds an' hissles were alarm'd;
The rev'rend gray-beards rav'd an' storm $d$,
That beardless laddies
Should think they better were inform'd
Than their auld daddies.

- New light, a cant phrase in the West of Scoltand for Elose religious opinions which Dr. Taylor of Norutich defondod so strenuously.

Frae less to mair it gacd to sticks ; Frae words an' aiths to blours an' nicks, And monie a fallow gat his licks, Wi' hearty ctunt ; An' some, to learn tliem for their tricks, Were hang'd an' brunt.
This game was play'd in monie lands, An' aulal light caddies pure sic hands, That, faith, the youngeters took the sands

Wi' nimble shanks,
The lairds forbade, by strict commands,
Sic bluidy pranks.
But new-light lierds gat sic a cowe,
Folk thought them ruin'd stick an' stowe,
Till now amaist on ev'ry knowe,
Ye'll find ane plac'd;
An' some. their new-ligltt fair avow,
Just quite barefac'd.
Nae doubt the auld-light flocks are bleatin;
Their zealous herds are vex'd an'sweatin;
Mysel, I've even seen them greetin
Wi' girnin spite,
To hear the moon sue sadly lied on
By word an' write.
But shortly thoy will cowe the louns;
Some auld-iight herds in neebur towns
Are mind't in tixings they ca' balloons,
To tak a flight,
An' stay ae month amang the moons,
An' see them right.
Gudd observation they will gie them,
An' when the auld monn's gann to lea'e them
The hindmost shaird, they'll fetch it wi' them
Just i' their pouch,
An' when the new-light billies see them,
I think they'll crouch !
Sae ye observe that a'this chatter
Is nacthing but a "moonshine matter;"
But tho' dull prose-folk Latin splatter
In logic tulzie,
I hope, we bardies ken some better
Than mind sic brulzie.

## EPISTTJE TO J. R******。

ENCLOSING gOME POEMS.
O rovgh, rude, ready-witted R******,
The wale o'cocks for fun and drinkin !
There's monie godly folks are thinkin,
Your dreams* an' tricks
Will send you, Korah-like, a sinkin,
Straught to auld Nick s.
Ye hae sae monie cracks an' cants, And in your wicked, drucken rants, Ye make a devil o' the saunts,
$\mathrm{An}^{\prime}$ fill them fou;
And then their failings, flaws, an' wants, Are a' seen thro'
Hypocrisy, in mercy spare it :
That holy robe, O dinna tear it !
Spar't for their sakes wha aften wear it, The lads in black;
But your curst wit, when it comes near ih, Rives't aff their back.
Think, wicked sinner, wha ye're skaithing, It's just the blue-gown badge an' claithing
$\mathbf{O}^{\text {' saunts; tak that, ye lea'e them naething }}$
To ken them by,
Frae ony unregenerate heathen
Like you or I.
I've sent you here some rhyming ware,
A' that I bargain'd for, an' mair;
Sae, when ye hae an hour to spare,
I will expect
Your sang $\dagger$, ye'll sen't wi' cannie care
And no neglect.
Tho' faith, sma' heart hae I to sing !
My Muse dow scarcely spread her wing !
I've play'd mysel a bonie spring,
$A n^{\prime}$ danc'd my fill !
I'd better gaen an' sair'd the king,
At Bunker's Hill.

[^7]'Twas ae night, lately, in my fun. I gaed a roving wi' the gun, An' brought a partrick to the grun.

A bonie hen, $A n^{\prime}$, as the twilight was begun,

Thought nane wad ken
The poor, wee thing was little hurt, I straikit it a wee for sport,
Ne'er thinkin they wad fash me for't,
But dell-ma'-care ${ }^{\prime}$
Somebody tells the poacher-court
The hale affair.
Some auld-us'd hands had taen a noto
That sic a hen had got a slot ;
I was suspected for the plot;
I scorn'd to lie,
So gat the whissie o' my groat,
An' pay't the fee
But, by my gun, $o^{\prime}$ guns the wale, An' by my pouther an' my hail, An' by my hen, an' by her tail,

I vow an' swear!
The game shall pay o'er moor an' dalo
For this, niest year.
As soon's the clockin-time is by,
An' the wee pouts begin to cry,
L-d, I'se hac sportin by an by,
For my gowd guinea.
Tho' I should herd the buckskin kyo
For't in Virginia.
Trowth, they had muckle for to blame :
'Twas neither broken wing nor limb, But twa-three draps about the wame

Scarce thro' the featherw ;
An' baith a yellow George to claim,
An' thole their blethers '
It pits me ay as mad's a hare;
Sc I can riyme nor write nae mair!
But pennyworths again is fair,
When time's expedient :
Meanwhile, I am, respected sir,
Your most obedient

TO DR. BLACKLOCK.
Ellisland, Oct. 211789.
Wow, but your letter made me vauntie !
And are ye hale, and wee!, and cantie?
I kenn'd it still your wee bit jauntie
Wad bring ye to:
Lord send ye ay as werl's I want ye,
And then ye'll do.
The ill-thief blaw the IIeron* soutil
And never drink be near his drouth!
He tald mysel by word o' mouth,
He'd tak my letter;
I lippen'd to the chiel in trouth
And bade nae better.

- But aiblins honest Master Heron

Had at the time some dainty fair one,
To ware his theologic care on,
And holy stuily,
And tir'd o' sauls to waste his lear on, E'en tried the body.

But what d'ye think, my trusty fier,
I'm turn'd a gauger - peace be here!
Parnassan queens, I fear, I fear
Ye'll now disdain mr,
And then my fifty pounds a-year
Will little gain me.
Ye glaikit, gleesome, daintie damies
Wha hy Castalia's wimplin streamies,
Lowp, sing, and lave your pretty limbics
Ye ken, ye ken,
That strang necessity supreme is
'Mang sons o' men.
I hae a wife an' twa wee laddies,
They maun hae brose and brats o' duddice
Ye ken yoursels my heart right proud is,
i need na vaunt,
But I'll oned besoms-thraw saugh woodes, Before they want.

* Mr. Heron, author of a History of Scotlandi, ans various other works

Lord help me thro' this warld o' care:
I'm weary sick o't late and air !
Not but I hae a richer share
Than mony ithers:
But why should ae man better fare,
And a' men brithers?
Come, Firm Resolve, take thou the van,
Thou stalk o' carl-hemp in man !
And let us mind, faint heart ne'er wan
A lady fair ;
Wha does the utmost that he can,
Will whyles do mair.
But to conclude my silly rhyme,
(I'm scant o' verse, and scant o' time,)
To make a happy tire-side clime
To weans and wlfe,
That's the true pathos and sublime
Of human life.
My compliments to sister Beckie;
And eke the same to honest Lucky,
I wat she is a dainty cluckie,
As e'er tread clay!
An' gratefully, my guid auld cockie,
I'm yours for ay.
ROBERT BURNE

TO COLONEL DE PEYSTER
DUMFRIES, 1796.
My honour'd Colonel, deep I feel
Your interest in the Poct's weal;
Ah! now sma' heart hae I to speel
The stecp Parnassus,
Surrounded thus by bolus pill,
And potion glasses.
O what a canty warld were it,
Would pain, and care, and sickness spare it:
And forlune favour worth and merit,
As they deserve:
(And aye a rowth, roast-beef and claret;
Sync wha wad starve?)

Dame Life, tho' fiction out may trick het And in paste gems and frippery deck her:
Oh ! flickering, feeble, and unsicker
I've found her still,
Ay wavering like the willow wicker,
'Tween good and ill.
Then that curst carmagnole, auld Satan, Watches, like baudrans by a rattan,
Our sinfu' saul to get a clant on
Wi' felon ire;
Syne, whip! his tail ye'll ne'er cast saut on, Ile's aff like firc.
Ah! Nick! ah Nick! it is na fair, First showing us the tempting ware,
Bright wines and bonie lasses rare,
To put us daft ;
Syne weave, unseen, thy spider snare, O' hell's damu'd waft.
Poor man the flie, aft bizzies by, And aft as chance he comes thee nigh, Thy auld damn'd elbow yeuks wi' joy,

And hellish pleasure;
Already in thy fancy's eye,
Thy sicker treasure.
Soon heels o'er gowdie : in he gangs, And like a sheep-liead on a tangs,
They girning laugh enjoy his pangs
And murdering wrestle,
As dangling in the wind, he hangs,
A gibbet's tussel.
But lest you think I am uncivil,
To plague you with this draunting drivel A bjuring a' intentions evil,

I quat my pen:
The Lord preserve us frae the devil!
Amen! Amen!

TO MR. MITCHELL,
COLLECTOR OF EXCISE, DUMFRIES, 1796.
Friend of the Poet, tried and leal,
Wha wanting thee might beg or steal;
Vol. I.
M

Alake, alake, the meikle deil Wi' ${ }^{\prime}$ ' his witches
Are at it, skelpin! jig and reel, In my poor pouches.

I modestly, fu' fain wad hint it, That one pound one, I sairly want it;
If wi' the hizzie down ye sent it, It would be kind;
And while my heart wi' life-blood dunted, I'd bear't in mind.

So may the auld year gang out moaning
To see the new come laden, groaning,
Wi' double plenty o'er the loaning
To thee and thine;
Domestic peace and comforts crowning
The hale design.
POSTSCRIPT.
Ye've heard this while how I've been licket.
And by fell deatl was nearly nicket;
Grim loun! he gat me by the fecket,
And sair me sheuk;
But by good luck, I lap a wicket,
And turn'd a neuk.
But by that health, I've got a share o't, Aad by that life, I'm promis'd mair o't, My hale and weel I'll take a care o't,

A tentier way;
Then fareweel, folly, hide and hair o't, or ance and aye.

## LETTER

TO J——s T——T GL-NC-R.
Auld comrade dear and brither slnner, How's a' the folk about Gl-nc-r 1
How do you this blae eastlin wind,
That's like to blaw a body blind ? For me, my faculties are frozen, My dearest member nearly dozen'd: F've sent you here my Johnnie Simson, Twa sage philosophers to glimpse on;
Emith, wi' his sympathetic feeling,
...1 ticid to common sense appealing,

Philosophers have fonght an' wrangled, And meikle Greek an' Latin mangled, Till wi’ their losic.jargou tir’d,
An' in the dephli of science mir'd, To common sense they now apueal, What wives and wabsters see an' feel: l3ut hark ye, friend, I charge you stricily,
Peruse them an return them quickly ; For now i'm grown sae cursed douce,
I pray an' ponder butt the homse,
My shins, my lane, I there sit ionstin,
Perisimg Bunyan, Brownh, and Boston;
'Till by an' by, if I haud on,
l'll grunt a real Gospel groan;
Already I begin to try it,
To cast my cen up !ike a jyat,
When by the ginn slie tmables o'er,
Fhattring an gasting in her gore:
Sae shmily you shall see me light, A buraing an a shining hicht.

My licart warm love to catd auld Glen,
The ace an' wale of honest men;
When bending down with auld gray hairs,
Beneath the load of years and cares,
May he who made him still suppot him,
An' views beyond the grave comfort him.
Ilis worthy family far and near,
God bless them a' wi' grace and gear.
My aud school fellow, Preacher Willie, The manly tar, my mason Billie,
An' Aucheubay, I wish him joy ; If he's a parent, lass or boy, May he be diat, and I!eg the mither, Just five-an'-forty years theroither!
An' no forgetting wabster Cinatie,
l'm tauld he offers very fairly.
An' L-d remember singing Sannock, Wi' hate brefls, saxpence an' a bammock And next, my and aeruaintance, Nancy, Since she is fitted to bier fancy; An' her kind stars hae airted till her A guid chiel wi' a pickle sillir.
My kindest, best respects I seri* it,
To cousin Kate, an' sister Janct;
Tell them fiac me, wi' chiels be cautious, For faith, they'll aib'ins fin' them fashous ${ }^{\text {P }}$ To graat a lerat is sarly rivil

But to grant a maidenhead's the devil! $\Lambda n^{\prime}$ lastly, Jamie, for yoursel, May guardian angels tak a spell, An steer you seven miles south ${ }^{\circ}$ ' hell: But first, before you see heav'n's glory, May ye get monie a merry story, Monie a laugh and monie a drink, An' ay enough o' needfu' clink.

Now fare ye weel, an' joy be wi' you, For my sake this I beg it o' you, Assist poor Simson a' ye can, Ye'll fin' him just an honest man: Sae I conclude and quat my chanter, Your's, saint or sinner,

ROB THE RANTER.

TO THE GUIDWIFE OF WAUCHOPE-HOUSE
in answer to an epistle which she had sent the aUthor.
I.

Guidwife,
I mind it weel in early date,
When I was beardicss, young, and blate,
And first could thresh the barn;
Or haud a yokin at the pleugh;
An' tho' for foughten sair enough,
Yet unco proud to learn:
When first amang the yellow corn
A man I reckon'd was,
And wi' the lave ilk merry morn,
Could rank my rig and lass,
Still shearing, and clearing
The tither stooked raw,
Wi' claivers, an' haivers,
Wearing the day awa.
II.

Ev'n then, a wish, I mind it's pow'r,
A wish that to my latest hour, Shall strongly heave my breast,
That I for poor auld Scotland's sake
Some usefu' plan or book could make, ir sing a sang at least.

The rough burr-thistle, spreading wide Amang the bearded bear, I turn'd the weeder-clips aside,

An' spar'd the symbol dear;
No nation, no station,
My envy e'er could raise, A Scot still, but blot still, I knew nae higher praise.

## III.

But still the elements o' sang,
In forniless jumble, right an' wrang, Wild floated in my brain;
Till on that har'st I said before,
My partner in the merry core,
She rous'd the forming strain :
I see her yet, the sonsie quean, That lighted up her jingle,
Her witching smile, her pauky e'en, That gar't iny heart-strings tingle;

I fired, inspired,
At every kindling keek,
But bashing, and dashing, I feared ay to speak.

## IV.

Ilail to the set, ilk guid chiel says, Wi' merry dance in winter-days, An' we to share in conımon;
The gust o' joy, the balm o' wo,
The saul o' life, the heav'n below, Is rapture-giving woman.
Ye surly sumphs, who hate the name, Be mindfu' o' your mither;
She, honest woman, may think shame That ye're connected with her;

Ye're wae men, ye're nae men,
That slight the lovely dears;
To shame ye, disclaim ye,
Ilk honest birkieswears.

## V.

For you, na bred to barn or byre,
Wha sweetly tune the Scottish lyre,
Thanks to you for your line.
The marled plaid ye kindly spare
By me shorid gratefully be ware
'T'wad pleaso me to the Nine.

I'd be mair vauntic o' my hap,
Douse hinging o'er my curple,
Than onie ermine ever lap, Or proud imperial purple. Fareweel then, lang hale then, An' plenty be your fa' :
May losses and crosses Ne'er at your hallan ca'.
March, 1787.
R. BURNS.

TO J. RANKEN,
on his writing to tie author that a girl was witil child by mis.
I am a keeper of the law
In some sma' points, altho' not a';
Some people tell me gin 1 fa',
^n way or ither,
The breaking of ae point, tho' sma',
Breaks a' thegither.
I hae been in for't ance or twice, And winna say o'er far for thrice, Yet never met with that surprise

That broke my rest, But now a rumour's like to rise,

A whaup's i' the nest.

ADDRES
to an illegitimate child.
Tuov's weicome, wean, mishanter fa' me, If aught of thee, or of thy mammy,
Shall ever danton me, or awe me,
My sweet wee lady,
Or if I biush when thou shalt ca' me
Tit-ta or daddy
Wee image of iny bonie Betty,
I fatherly will kiss an' daut thee,
As dear an' near my heart I set thee
Wi' as gude will
As a' the prisists had seen me get thee
That's out o' $h-11$.

What tho' they ca' me fornicator,
An' tease my name in kintry-clatter;
The mair they tauk I'm kent the better,
E'en let them clash;
An auld wife's tongue's a feckless matter
To gie ane fash.
Sweet fruit o' monie a merry dint, My funny ticl is now a' tint;
Sin' thou came to the warl asklent,
Which fools may scoff at ;
In my last plack thy part's be in'tThe better half o't.
An' if thou be what I wad hae thee, An' tak the counsel I shall gie thee, A lovin father I'll be to thee,

If thou be spar'd
Thro' a' thy childish years I'll e'e thee, An' tlink't weel war'd.

Gude grant that thou may ay inherit
Thy mither's person, grace, an' merit,
An' thy poor worthless daddy's spirit,
Without his failins,
'Twill please me mair to hear an' see't, Than stocket mailins.

TO A TAILOR,
IN ANGWER TO AN EPISTLE WHICH HE HAD SENT TEE
AUTHOR.
What ails ye now, ye lousie $b-h$,
To thresh my back at sic a pitch?
Looh man! hae mercy wi' your natch,
Your bodkin's bauld,
1 did na suffer half sae much
Frae daddy Auld.
What tho' at times when I grow crouse,
I gle their wames a random pouse,
Is that enough for you to souse
Your servant sae?
Cae mind your seam, ye prick the louse,
An' jag the flae.

King David o' poctic brief, Wrought 'mang the lasses sic mischie? As fill'd his after life wi' grief

An' bloody rants, An' yet he's rank'd amang the chie! O lang syne saunts.
And, may be, Tam, for a' my cants, My wicked rhymes, an' drucken rants, I'll gie auld cloven Clooty's haunts An unco slip yet,
An' snugly sit amang the saunts, At Davie's hip yet.
But fegs, the session says I maun Gae fa' 'upo' anitier plan, Than garren lasses cowp the cran Clean heels owre body,
And sairly thole their mithers' ban A fore the howdy.
This leads me on, to tell for sport
How I did with the session sortAuld Clinkum at the inner port

Cry'd three times, "Robin?
Come hither, lad, an' answer for't.
Ye're blam'd for jobbin."
Wi' pinch I put a Sunday's face on,
An' snoov'd awa' before the sessionI made an open, fair confession,

I scorn'd to lie;
An' syne Mess John, beyond expression,
Fell foul o ne.
A formicator loun he call'd me,
An' said my faut frae bliss expell'd me;
I own'd the tale was true he tell'd me,
"But what the matter,"
Quo' I, "I fear unless ye geld me,
I'll ne'er be better.'
"Geld you!" quo' he, "and whatfore no
If that your right hand, leg or toe,
Should ever prove your sp, ritual foe,
You shou'd remember
T) cut it aff, and whatfore no

Your dearest member."
" $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{Na}$," quo' I, "I'm no for that, Gelding's nae better than 'tis CR's,

I'd rather suffer for my faut,
A hearty flewit
As sair owre hip as ye can araw't !
Tho' I should rue it.
" Or gin ye like to end the bother To please us a' I've just ae ither, When next wi' yon lass I forgather Whate'er betide it, I'll frankly gie her't a' thegither, An' let her guide it."

But, Sir, this pleas'd them warst ava, An' therefure, Tam, when that I saw, I said " Gude night," and cam awa',

An' left the session;
I saw they were resolved a'
On my oppression.

## TO $M R$. WILLIA M TYTLER.

WITE A PORTRAIT OF THE AUTHOR.
Revered defender of beauteous Stuart, Of Stuart, a name once respected,
A name, which to love was the mark of a true heart, But now 'tis despised and reglected.
Tho' something like moisture conglobes in my eye, Let no one misdeem me disloyal ;
A poor friendless wanderer may well claim a sigh, Still more, if that wand'rer were royal.
My fathers that name have rever'd on a throne; My fathers have fallen to right it ;
Those fathers would spurn their degenerate son, That name should he scoffingly slight it.
Still in prayers for K-G-I most heartily jois, The Q-, and the rest of the gentry,
Be they wise, be they foolish, is nothing of mines Their title's avow'd ky my country.

But why of this epocha make such a fuse,

[^8]. . . .......... ... .
1\%צ POEUNO

But loyuity, uruce ! we're on dangcrous grouris, Who knows how the fishions may alter ?
The doctrine to-tay that is loyalty sound, To-morrow may bing us a halter.
1 send you a trific, a bead of a bard, A tritie scarce worthy your care,
But aecept it, guod sir, is a mark of regard, Sincere as a saint's dying prayer.
Now life's chilly evening dim shates on your eye, And ushers the long dreary night ;
But you, bike the star that athwart gilds the sky, Your course to the latest is bright.

FPISTI.F:
TO R. GRAIIAM, ESQ. UF FINTRA.
When Nature her great masterpiece design'd, And fram'd her last, best work, the human mind, Her cye intent on all the mazy plan, She form'd of varions parts the various man.

Then first she calls the useful mary forth;
Plain, plodding indlistry, and sober worth;
Thence peasants, farmers, native sons of earth,
And merchandise, whole genus take their bleth;
Each prudent cit a warm existcnce finde,
And all mechanics' many apron d kinds.
Some other rarer sorts are wanted yet,
The 'ead and buoy are needful to the net ;
The caput mortazm of gross desires
Makes a material for mere knights and squires;
The martial phosphorus is tanght to flow,
She kneads the lumpish, philosophic dough,
Then marks th' unyielding mass with grave destros
Law, physics, politics, and deep divines:
Iast she sublimes the Aurora of the poles,
The flashing elements of feranle souls.
The order'd system fair before her stood,
Nature, weil pleas'd, pronounced it very goout;
But ere she gave creating labour o'er,
Ha!f jest, she tried one curious latomir mose
Some spumy, fiety, ignis fututis matter;
Such as the slightest breath of air might ecatsa:
With arch alacrity snd conecjoute gleq

Nature thay have her whim as well as we, Her Hegarth-art perhaps she meant to show it,) She forms the thing, and claristens it - a poet. Creature, though of the prey of care and sorrow, When blest to-day unmindful of to-morrow. A being form'd to amuse his graver friends, Admir'd and prais'd - and there the homage ends; A mortal quite unfit for fortune's strife, Yet of the sport of all the ills of life; Prone to enjoy each pleasure riches give, Yet haply wanting wherewithal to live; Longing to wipe each tear, to heal each groan, Yet frequent all unheeded in his own.
But honest Nature is not quite a Turk, She laugh'd at first, then felt for her poor work, Pitying the propless climber of mankind, She cast about a standard-tree to find; And, to support his helpless woodbine state, Attach'd him to the gencrous, truly great, A title, and the only one I claim, To lay strong hold for help on bounteous Graham.

Pity the tuneful Muses' hapless train, Weak, timid landmen on 'ife's stormy main ! Their hearts no selfish, stern, absorbent stuff;
That neither gives - though humbly takes enough
The little fate allows, they share as soon,
Unlike sage, proverb'd Wisdom's hard-wrung boon.
The world were bless'd did bliss on them depend,
Ah! that "the friendly e'er should want a friend! "
Let prudence number o'er each sturdy son,
Who life and wisdom at one race begun,
Who fee! by reason, and who give by rule,
(Instinct's a brute, and sentiment a fool !)
Who make poor will do wait upon I should -
We own they're prudent, but who feels they're good?
Ye wise ones, hence! ye hurt the social eye!
God's image rudely etch'd on base alloy !
But come ye who the godlike pleasure know,
Heaven's attribute distinguish'd - to bestow!
Whose arms of love would grasp the human race;
Come thou who giv'st with all a courtier's grace ;
Friend of my life, true patron of my rhymes!
Prop of my dearest hope for future times.
Why shrinks my soul half-blushing, half-afraid,
Backward, abashed to ask thy friendly aid?
I know my need, I know thy giving hand,
a crave thy friendship at thy kind command;

But there are such who court the tuneful nine-
Heavens! should the branded character be mine,
Whose verse in inanhood's pride sublimely flows,
Yet vilest reptiles in their begging prose,
Mark, how their lofty, independent spirit
Soars on the spurning wing of injured inerit!
Seek not the proofs in private life to find !
Pity, the rest of words should be but wind!
So to heaven's gates the lark's shrill song ascends,
But grovelling on the earth the carol ends.
In all the clamorous cry of starving want,
They dun benevolence with shameful front ;
Oblige them, patronise their tinsel lays,
They persecute you all your future days!
Ere my poor soul such deep damnation stain,
My horny fist assume the plough again;
The piebald jacket let me patch once more;
On eighteen pence a week I've liv'd before.
Though thanks to heaven, I dare even that last shic ;
I trust, meantime, my boon is in thy gift ;
That placed by thee upon the wished-for height,
Where, Man and Nature fairer in her sight,
My Muse may imp her wing for some sublimer flight.

## TO THE SAJME.

Late crippled of an arm, and now a leg, About to beg a pass for leave to beg;
Dull, listless, teased, dejected and deprest,
(Nature is adverse to a cripple's rest.)
Will generous Graham list to his Poet's wall? (It sooths poor Misery hearkening to her tale) And hear him curse the light he first surveyed, And doubly curse the linckless, rhyming trade!

Thou, Nature, partial Nature, I arralgn; Of thy caprice maternal I complain.
The lion and the bull thy care have found,
One shakes the forest, and one spurns the ground ;
Thou gi'st the ass his hide, the snail his shell,
Th' envenom'd wasp, victorious, guards hls cell.
Thy minions, kings, defend, control, devour
In all th' omnipotence of rule and prower.
Foxes and statesmen, subtle wiles insure ;
The cit and polecat stink, and are secure.
Toads with their posison. doctors with their drug,

The prlest and hedgehog in their robes are snug. Ev'n silly woman has lier warlike arts, Her tongue and eyes, her dreaded spear and darts.

But oh ! the bitter step-mother, and hard,
To thy poor fenceless, naked child-the Bard,
A thing unteachable in world's skill,
And half an idiot too, more helpless still.
No heels to bear him from the op'ning dun ;
No claws to dig, his hated sight to shun;
No horns, but those by luckless Hymen worn,
And those, alas! not Amalthea's horns:
No nerves olfact'ry, Mammon's trusty cur
Clad in rich dulness, comfortable fur,
In naked feeling, and in aching pride,
Ile bears th' unbroken blast from ev'ry side ;
Vampyre booksellers drain him to the heart,
And scorpion critics curcless venom dart.
Critics-appall'd I venture on the name,
Those cut-throat bandits in the paths of fame :
Bloody dissectors, worse than ten Monroes;
He hacks to teach, they mangle to expose.
His heart by causeless, wanton malice wrung,
By blockheads' daring into madness stung ;
His well-won bays, than life itself more dear,
By miscreants ton, who ne'er one sprig must wear:
Foil'd, bleeding, tortur'd in the unequal strife, The hapless Poet flounders on thro' life,
Till fled each hope that once his bosom fir'd,
And fled each Muse that glorious once inspir'd,
Low sunk in squalid, unprotected age,
Dead, even resentment, for his injur'd page,
He heeds or feels no more the ruthless critic's rage :
So, by some hedge, the generous steed deceas'd, For half-starv'd snarling curs a dainty feast ;
By toil and famine wore to skin and bone,
Lie senseless of each tuggin bitch's son.
O Dulness ! portion of the truly blest ;
Calm shelter'd haven of eternal rest :
Thy sons ne'er madden in the fierce extremes
Of Fortune's polar frost, or torrid beams.
If mantling high she fills the golden cup,
With sober, selfish ease they sip it up;
Conscious the bounteous meed they well deserve,
They only wonder "some folks" do not starve.
The grave sage her" thas easy picks his frog,

And thi.aks the mallard a sad, worthless dog. When disappointment snaps the clue of hope, And thro' disastrous night they dazkling grope,
With deaf endurance sluggishly they bear,
And just conclude that "fools are Forture's care."
So, heavy, passive to the tempest's shocks,
Strong on the sign-post stands the stupid ox.
Not so the idle Muses, mad-cap train,
Not such the workings of their moon-struck broing
in equanimity they never dwell,
By turns in soaring lieav'n or vaulted hell.
1 dread thee, Fate, relentless and severe, With all a Poet's, Ilusband's, Father's fear :
Already one strong hold of hope is lost,
Glencairn, the truly noble, lies in dust ;
(Fled, like the sun eclips'd at noon appears,
And left us darkling in a world of tears;)
0 ! hear my ardent, grateful, selfish pray'r :
Fintra, my other stay, long bless and spare!
''hro' a long life his hopes and wishes crown;
And bright in cloudless skies his sun go down!
May bliss domestic smooth his private path :
Give energy to life, and sooth his latest breaih,
With many a filial tear circling the bed of dea!l.

TO THE SAME,
ON RECEIVING A FAVOUR,
1 call no goddess to inspire my strains, A fabled Muse may suit a bard that feigns; Friend of my life! my ardent spirit burns, And all the tribute of my heart returns, For boons accorded, gocilness ever new, The gift still dearer, as the giver you.

Thou orb of day, thou other paler light! And all ye many sparkling stars of night; If aught that giver from my mind efface; If I that giver's bounty e'er disgrace ; Then roll to me, along your wandering spheres, Only to number out a villain's years !

## TO A GENTLEMAN

## WHOM THE $\triangle U T H O R ~ H A D ~ O F F E N D E D . ~$

The friend whom wild from wisdom's way
The fumes of wine infuriate send;
(Not moony madness more astray;)
Who but deplores that hapless friend ?
Mine was the insensate frenzied part,
Ah why should I such scenes ortlive?
Scenes so abhorrent to my heart !
'Tis thine to pity and forgive.

## TO A GENTLEMAN

WEO HAD BENT HIM A NEWSPAPER, AND OFFERED TO CONTINUE IT FREE OF EXPENEE.

Kind Sir, I've read your paper through,
And faith, to me, 'twas really new!
How guess'd ye, Sir, what maist I wanted?
This monie a day I've grain'd and gaunted, To ken what French mischief was brewin;
Or what the drumblie Dutch were doing;
That vile doup-skelper, Emperor Joseph, If Venus yct had got his nose off;
Or how the collieshangie works
Atween the Russians and the Turks
Or if the Swede, before he halt,
Would play anither Charles the Twalt;
If Denmark, any body spak o't;
Or Poland, wha had now the tack o't ; How cut-throat Prussian blades were hingin, How libbet Italy was singin ;
If Spaniard, Portuguese, or Swiss, Where sayin or takin aught amiss Or how our merry lads at hame, In Britain's court kept up the game, How royal George, the Lord leuk o'er him W as managing St. Stephen's quorum ; If sleekit Chatham Will was livin, Or glaikit Charlie got lis nieve in; How daddie Burke the plea was cookin, If Warren Hastings' neck was yeukin ; How cesses, stents, and fees were ras'd,

Or if bare a-ses yet were tax'd; The news o' princes, dukes, and earla, Pimps, sharpers, baivds, and opera-girs, If that daft buckie, Geordie W***s, Was threshin still at hissies' tails, Or if he has grown oughtlins douser, And no a perfect kintra cooser, $A$ ' this and mair I never heard of ; And but for you I might despair'd of So, gratefu', back your news I send you, And pray, a' guid things may attend yous ! Ellisland, 1790.

> SKETCH,

TO MRS. DUNLOP, ON A NEW YEAR'S DAZ.
Tins day, Time winds the exhausted chain, To run the twelvemonth's length again;
I see the auld bauld-pated fellow,
With ardent eyes, complexion sallow,
Adjust the unimpair'd machine,
To wheel the equal, dull routine.
The absent lover, minor heir, In vain assail him with their prayer ;
Deaf as my friend, he sees them press, Nor makes the hour one moment less.
Will you (the Major's with the hounds, The happy tenants share his rounds;
Coila's fair Rachel's care to-day,
And blooming Keith's engaged with Gray)
From housewife cares a minute borrow-
That grandchild's cap will do to-morrow-
And join with me a moralizing,
This day's propitious to be wise in.
First, what did yesternight deliver ?
"Another year is gone for ever."
And what is this day's strong suggestion,
"The passing moment's all we rest on !"
Rest on-for what do we here?
Or why regard the passing year?
Will time, amus'd with proverb'd lore,
Add to our date one minute more?
A few days may-a few years mustRepose us in the silent dust.

Then is it wise to damp our bliss?
Yes-all such reasonings are amiss :
The voice of nature loudly cries,
And many a message from the skies,
That something in us never dies:
That on this frail, uncertain state,
Hang matters of eternal weight;
That future life, in worlds unknown,
Must take its hיy from this alone;
Whether as heavenly glory bright,
Or dark as misery's woful night.-
Since ther, my honour'd, first of friends,
On this poor being all depends;
Let us the important nowo employ,
And live as thiose that never die.
Tho' you, with days and honours crown'd, Witress that filial circle round,
(A sight life's sorrows to repulse, A sight pale envy to convulse,
Others now claim your chief regard ;
Yourself, you wait your bright reward.

## THE AULD FARMER'S

WEW YEAR MORNINQ BALUTATION TO HISAULD MARE, MAGAIE,

## ()n giving her the accustomed rip of corn to hansel

in the New Year.
A gutd new year I wish thee, Maggie!
Hae, there's a rip to thy auld baggie:
'Tho' thou's howe-backit, now, an' knaggie,
I've seen the day
Thou could hae gaen like onie staggie
Out-owre the lay.
Tho' now thou's dowie, stiff, an' crazy, An' thy auld hide's as white's a daisy, I've seen thee dappl'd, sleek and glaizie,

A bonie gray ;
He should been tight that daur't to raise thee
Ance in a day.
Thou ance was i' the foremost rank, A filly, buirdly, steeve an' swank, An' set weel down a shapeless shank,

As e'er tread yird,
An' could hae flewn out-owre a stank,
Like onie bird.
Vol. I.
N

It's now some nine-an'-twenty year, Sin' thou was my guid father's meere; He gied me thee, o' tocher clear, An' fifty mark ;
Tho' it was sma' 'twas weel-won gear,
An' thou was stark.
When first I gaed to woo my Jenny, Ye then was trottin wi' your minnie; Though ye was trickie, slee, an' funnle, Ye ne'er was donsic; But hamely, tawie, quiet, an' cannie, An' unco sonsie.
That day, ye pranced wi' muckle pride, When ye bure hame my bonie bride;
An' sweet an' gracefu' she did ride, Wi' maiden air!
Kyle Stewoart I could braggead wide, For sic a pair.
Though now ye dow but hoyte and hobbles
An' wintle like a saumont cobble,
That day ye was a jinker noble,
For heels an' win'!
An' ran them till they a' did wauble, Far, far behin'.

When thou an' I were young an' skelgh, An' stable meals at fair were dreigh, How thou wad prance, an' snore, an' skreigh, An' tak the road!
Town's bodies ran, and stood abeigh, An' ca't thee mad.

When thou was corn't, an' I was mellow,
We took the road ay like a swallow;
At Brooses thou had ne'er a fellow,
For pith an' speed;
But ev'ry tale thou pay't them hollow
Where'er thou gacd.
The sma', droop-rumpl't hunter-catte,
Might aiblins waur't thee tor a bratte;
But sax Scotch miles, thou try't their mettls
An' gar't them whalzle:
Nae whip nor spur, but just a wattle
O'saugh or hazel.
Thou was a noble fittie-lan', As e'er $\ln$ tug or tow was drawn!

Af thoe an' I, in aught hours gaun, On guid March-weather,
Hee turn'd sax rood beside our han'
For days thegither.
Thou never braindg't, an' fech't, an' fliskit,
But thy auld tail thou wad hae whiskit,
An' spread abreed thy weel-fill'd brisket,
Wi' pith and pow'r,
Tid spritty knowes wad rair't and risket,
An slypet owre.
When frosts lay lang, an' snaws were deep,
An' threaten'd labour back to keep,
I gied thy cog a weep-bit heap
Aboon the timmer;
1 kenn'd my Maggie wad na sleep
For that, or simmer.
In cart or car thou never restit;
The steyest brae thou wad hae fac'd it:
Thou never lap, and sten't and breastit,
Then stood to blaw;
But just thy step a wee thing hastit,
Tholl snoov't awa.
My pleugh is now thy bairn-time a' ;
Four gallant brutes as e'er did draw ;
Forbye sax mae, I've sell't awa,
That thou hast nurst ;
They drew me thretteen pund an' twa,
The very warst.
Monie a sair daurk we twa hae wrough,
An' wi' the weary warl' fought!
An' monie an anxious day, I thought
We wad be beat;
Tet here to crazy age we're brought,
Wi' something yet.
An' think na, my auld trusty servan', That now perhaps thou's less deservin,
An' thy auld days may end in starvin,
For iny last fou,
A heapit stimpart, lill reserve ane
Laid by for you.
We've worn to crazy vears thegither ;
We'll toyte about wi' ane anither;
Wl' tentie care l'll fit thy tether
To sone hain'd rig,
Whare ye may nobly rax you eatier
Wi' sma' fatigue.

## THE DEATH AND DYING WORDS OF POOR MAILIE,

## THE AUTHOR'S ONLY PET YOWR

An unco mournfu' Tale.
As Mailie an' her lambs thegither,
Where ae day nibbling on the tether,
Upon her clont she coost a hitch,
An' owre she warsl'd in the ditch;
There, groaning, dying, she did lie,
When Hughoc* he came doytin by.
Wi' glowrin een, an' linted han's,
Poor Hughoc like a statue stan's;
He saw her days were ncar-hand ended,
But, waes my heart ! he could na mend it :
He gaped wide, but naething spak,
At length poor Mailie silence brak.
"O thou, whase lamentable face, Appears to mourn my wofu' case ! My dying words attentive hear,
An' bear them to my master dear.
"Tell him, if e'er again he keep
As muckle gear as buy a sheep,
O, bid nim never tie them mair
Wi' wicked strings o' hemp or hair :
But ca' them out to park or hill,
An' let them wander at their will; So may his flock increase, an' grow To scores o' lambs, an' packs o' woo'!
" Tell him he was a master kin', An' ay was guid to me and mine; An' now my dying charge I gie him, My helpless lambs I trust them wi' him.
" O , bid him save their harmless livea
Frae dogs, an' tods, an' butchers' kniven!
But gie them guid cow-milk their fill,
Till they be fiit to fend themsel ;
An' tent them duly, e'en an' morn,
Wi' teats o' bay an' rips o' com.

- A neigkbour herd-callan
" An' may they never learn the gaets Of 'ther vile wanrestfu' pets!
To slink thro' slaps, an' reave, an' steal, At stacks ${ }^{\prime}$ ' pease, or stocks o' kail. So may they, like their great forbears, For manie a year come thro' the shears; So wives will gie them bits o' bread, An' bairns greet for them when they're dead.
"My poor toop-lamb, my son an' heir,
O, bid him breed him up wi' care :
An', if he live to be a beast,
To pit some havins in his breast !
An' warn him what I winna name,
To stay content wi' yowes at hame;
An' no to rin an' wear his cloots,
Like ither menseless, graceless brutea.
" An' niest my yowie, silly thing.
Gude keep thee frae a tether-string,
O may thou ne'er forgather up
Wi' ony blastit, moorland toop;
But ah keep mind to moop an' mell
Wi' sheep o' credit like thysel !
" And now, my bairns, wi' my last breath, I lea'e my blessin wi' you baith;
An' when you think upo' your mither, Mind to be kin' to ane anither.
"Now, honest Hughoc, dinna fail,
To tell my master a' my tale;
An' bid him burn this cursed tether, An', for thy pains, thous'e get my blether."
This said, poor Mailie tum'd her head, Ar' clos'd her een amang the dead.


## POOR MAILIE'S ELEGY.

Lament in rhyme, lament in prose,
Wi' saut tears trickling down your nose?
Our bardie's fate is at a close,
Past a' remead;
The last sad cap-stane of his woes ;
Poor Mailie's dead!
It's no the loss o' warl's gear,
That could sae bitter draw the tear,
Or mak our bardie, dowic, wear
The moarning weed;
He's lost a friend and neebor dear
In Mailie dead.

Through a' the toun she trotted by him,
A lang half mile sle could descry him;
Wi' kindly bleat, when she did spy him,
She ran wi' speed;
A frlend mair faithfu' ne'er cam nigh him, Than Mailie dead.
I wat she was a sheep o' sense,
An' could behave hersel wi' mense ;
I'll say't she never brak a fence,
Thro' thievish greed;
Our bardie, lanely, keeps the spence
Sin' Mailie's dead.
Or, if he wanders up the howe,
Her living image in her yowe,
Comes bleating to him, owre the knowe,
For bits o' bread;
An' down the briny pearls rowe, For Mailie dead.
She was nae get o' moorland tips, Wi' tawted ke an' hairy hips ;
For her forbears were brought in shlp
Frae yont the Tweed:
A bonier fleesh ne'er cross'd the clipm
Than Mailie dead.
Was worth the man wha first d!d eispo
That vile, wanchancie thing-a rape!
It maks guid fellows girn an gape,
Wi' chockin bread ;
An' Robin's bonnet wave wi' crape,
For Mailie dead.
O, a' ye bards on bonie Doon !
An' who on Ayr your chanters tune:
Come join the melancholious croon
$\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ Robin's reed!
His heart will never get aboon!
His Mailie dead.

END OF VO\&.


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of

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## POEMES

## CHIEFLYSCOTTISH。

## Boor IV.

## GUGOROUS, SATIRICAL, EPIGRAMMATICAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS

TAM O'SHANTER.

ATALE.
Of Brownyis and of Bogilis full is this Buke. Gawin Douglag.

When chapman billies leave the street, And drouthy neebors, neebors meet, As market days are wearing late, An' folk begin to tak the gate;
White we set bousing at the napry,
An' getting feu and unco happy,
We think na on the lang Scots miles,
The mosses, waters, slaps, and styles,
That lie between us and our hame,
Whare sits our sulky, sullen dame,
Gath'ring her brows like gath'ritig storn,
Nursing her wrath to keep it wa:m.
This truth fand honest Tam O'Shanter, As he, frae $A y r$, ae $\llcorner\cdot$ 'eht did canter, (Auld Ayr wham ne'er a town surpasser, For honest men and bonie lasses.)
Vol. 11 .
$B$

## POEMS,

O Tam! had'st thou but been sae wise, As taen thy ain wife Kate's advice! She tauld thee weel thou was a skellum, A blethering, blustering, drunken blellum; That frae November till October,
Ae market day thou was na sober;
That ilka melder, wi' the miller,
Thou sat as lang as thou had silier;
That ev'ry naig was ca'd a shoe on
The smith and thee gat roaring fon on;
That at the L-d's house, ev'n rn Sunday,
'Thou drank wi' Kirton Jean tilı Vonday.
She prophesy'd, that, late or soor,
Thou would be found deep drown'd in Doom
Or catch'd wi' warlocks in the mirk,
By Alloway's auld haunted kirk.
Ah, gentle dames ! it gars me greet,
To think how monie counsels sweet,
How monic lengthen'd sage advices,
The husband frac the wife despises!
But to our tale: Ae market night, Tam had got planted unco right :
Fast by an ingle, bleezing finely,
Wi' reaming swats, that drank divincly
And at his elbow, souter Johnny,
His ancient, trusty, drouther crony,
Tam lo'ed him like a vera brither;
They had been fou for weeks thegither.
'The night drave on wi' sangs and clatter
And ay the ale was growing hetter;
The landlady and Tam grew gracions,
Wi' favours, secret, sweet, and precious:
The souter tauld his queerest stories ;
The landlord's laugh was ready chorus:
The storm without might rair and rustie,
T'am did na mind the storm a whistle.
Care, mad to sce a man sae happy,
F'en drown'd himself amang the nappy ;
As bees flee hame wi' lades o' treasire, The minutes wing'd their way wi' pleasure ; Kings may be h'est, but Tam was glorious, O'er a' the ills o' life victorious.

But plaasures are like poppies spread, You seize the inwer ats hom is shat; Or, like the smow alls in the river, A moment white-therm melts for cver;

Or like the borealis race,
That flit ere you can point their place;
Or like the rainbow's lovely form
Evanishing amid the storm.-
Nae man can tether time or tide;
The hour approaches Tam maun ride;
That liour, o' night's black arch the key-stane,
That dreary hour he mounts his beast in ;
And sic a night he taks the road in,
As ne'er poor sinner was abroad in.
The wind blew as 'twad blawn its last;
The rattling show'rs rose on the blast;
The speedy gleams the darkness swallow'd;
Loud, deep, and lang, the thunder bellow'd:
That night, a child might understand,
The Deil had business on his hand.
Weel mounted on his gray mare, Meg ,
A better never lifted leg,
Tam skelpit on thro' dub and mire,
Despising wind, and rain, and fire;
Whyles holding fast his guid blue bonnet;
Whyles crooning o'er some auld Scots sonnet:
Whyles glow'ring round wi' prudent cares,
Lest bogles catch him unawares;
Kirk-Alloway was drawing nigh,
Whare ghaists and houlets nightly cry.
By this time he was cross the ford,
Whare in the snaw the chapman smoor'd:
And past the birks and meikle stane,
Whare drunken Charlie brak's neck bane;
An thro' the whins, and by the cairn,
Whare hunters fand the murder'd bairn;
And near the thorn, aboon the well,
Whare Mungo's mither hanged hersel.-
Before him Doon pours all its floods,
The doubling storm roars thro' the woods;
The lightnings flash from pole to pole;
Near and more near the thunders roll;
When, glimmering thro' the groaning trees,
Kirk-Alloway seem'd in a blceze:
Thro' ilka bore the beams were glancing ;
And loud resounded mirth and dancing.
Inspiring bold John Barlcycorn!
What dangers thou canst make us scorn !
Wi' tippenny, we fear nae evil ;
Wi' usquebae, we'll face the devil'

The swats sae ream'd in Tammie's notule, Fair play, he car'd na Deils a boddle. But Maggie stood right sair astonish'd, Till, by the heel and hand admonish'd, She ventur'd forward on the light ; And vow! Tam saw an unco sight! Warlocks and witches in a dance; Nae cotillion brent new frae France, But hornpipes, jigs, strathepeys, and reels,
Put life and mettle in their heels.
A winnock-bunker in the east,
There sat auld Nick, in shape o' beast ;
A nwzie tyke, black, grim, and large,
To gie them music was his charge:
He screw'd the pipes, and gart them skirs
Till roof and rafters a' did dirl.
Coffins stood round like open presses,
That shaw'd the dead in their last dresses:
And by some devilish cantrip slight,
Each in its cauld hand held a light,
By which, heroic Tam was able
To note upan the haly table,
A murderer's banes in gibbet airns;
Twa span lang, wee, unchristen'd bairns;
A thief, new cutted frae a rape,
Wi' his last gasp his gab did gape ;
Five tomahlawks, wi' bluid red.rusted;
Five scimitars, wi' murder crusted;
A garter, which a babe had strangled;
A knife, a father's throat had mangled,
Whom lis ain son o' life bercft,
The gray hairs yet stack to the heft;
'Three lawyers' tongues turn dinside out,
Wi' lies seam'd like a beggar's c'out;
And priests' hearts, rotten, black as muck,
Lay, stinking, vile, in every neuk.
Wi' mair o' horrible and awfu',
Which ev'n to name wad be unlawfu'.
As Tammie glow'rd, amaz'd, and curious,
The mirth and fun grew fast and furious:
The piper loud and louder blew;
The dancers quick and quicker flew ;
They reel'd, they set, they cross'd, they cleekif,
Till ilka carlin swat and reekit,
And coost her duddies to the wark,
And linket at it in her sark !
Now Tam, O Tam! had they been queans A' plump and strapping is 'heir teens ;

Their sarks, instead o' creeshie flannen, lieen snaw-white seventeen hunder linen !
These breeks o' mine, my only pair, That ance were plush, o' guid blue hair, I wad hae gi'en them aff my hurdies, For ae blink o' the bonie burdies !

But wither'd beldams, auld and droll, Rigwoodie hags wad spean a foal, Lowping an' flinging on a crummock, I wonder didna turn thy stomach.

But Tam kenn'd what was what fu' brawlie. There was ae winsome wench and walie, ('That night enlisted in the core
Lang after kenn'd on Carrick shore:
For monie a beast to dead she shot,
And perish'd monie a bonie boat,
A nd shook baith meikje corn and bear, And kept the country-side in fear,)
Iler cutty-saik o' Paisley harn,
That while a lassie she had worn
In longitude tho' sorely scanty,
It was her best, and she was vauntie. -
Ah ! little kenn'd thy reverend grannie,
That sark she coft for her wee $\mathcal{N}$ unnie,
Wi' twa pund Scots ('twas a' her riches)
Wad ever grac'd a dance o' witches !
But here my muse her wing maun cow'r;
Sic flights are far beyond her pow'r;
To sing how Nannic lap and flang,
(A souple jad she was and strang)
And how Tam stood, like ane bewitch'd,
And thought his very een enrich'd;
Even Satan glowr'd, and fidg'd fu' fain,
And hotch'd, and blew wi' might and main, Till first ae caper, syne anither,
Tam tint his reason a' thegither,
And roars out, "Weel done, Cutty-sark!"
And in an instant a' was dark:
And scarcely liad he Maggie rallied,
When out the hellish legion sallied.
As bees bizz out wi' angry fyke,
When plındering herds assail their byke;
As open I ussie's mortal foes,
When, pop! she starts before their nose;
As eager runs the market-crowd,
When, "Catch the thief !" resounds aloud;

So Magge runs, the witchns foliow, Wi' munie an entrich skreech and hollow.

Ah, Tam! ah, Tam! thou'll get thy fairin! In hell they'll roast thee like a herrin! In vain thy Kute awaits thy eomin! Kate seon will be a woefu' woman ! Now, do thy speedy utmost. Mrir, And win the key-stiane ${ }^{\text {of }}$ the brig ; There at them thon thy tait maty toss, A running stream they dare na cross. But ere the key-stane she could make, The fient a tail she had to slake! For $\mathcal{N}$ annie, far bobine the rest, Hard inmon moble Mfaggie prest, And flew at Tam wi' furious entie; But litule wist she Ahagric's menteAe spring bromat aft her master 'a!e, But left behind her ain gray ${ }^{\text {and }}$ :
The carlin clanglit her loy ite rimp. And left poor Alegrgrie scarce a stumr r ,

Now, what this taie o' truth shal, reap, Ilk man and mothor's son, lake heed: Whene'er to drink you are inctind, Or cutty-sarks rus! in your mina, Think, ye raty buy the joy's o'er dear, Remember Tuin O'Shanter's mare.
[The following poem will, by many readers, be well enouglt puderstood; but for the sake of those who are anacynamtead will the manmers and traditions of the coumtry where the scene is cast, notes are added, to give some acconnt of tha principal charms aud sjells of that night, so big with pro phecy to the peasantry in the sest of scutand. The passota of prying into futurity makes a striking part of the history of fuman nature in its rude state, iti all ages and hatums and it may be some entertainment to a philosaphac masd, it any such should homour the anthor with a promsal, to sce the remains of it among the more nnenlightentat in our own.]

[^9]
## HALLOWEEN.*

Yes l' let the rich deride, the proud disdain, The simple plcasures of the lowly train; To xue more dear, congcnial to my heart, One native charm than all the gloss of art.

Goldsmit I

## I.

Upon that night, when fairies light, On Cassalis Duwnans $\dagger$ dance,
Or owre the lays in splendid blaze,
On sprightly coursers prance ;
Or for Colean the rout is taen,
Beneath the moon's pale beams;
There, up the Cove, $\ddagger$ to stray an' rove Amang the rocks an' streans

To sport that night.

## II.

Among the bonie winding banks, Where Donn rins, wimplin, clear,
Where Brace $\delta$ ance ru!'d the martial ranke, And shook the Carrick spear,
Some inerry, friendly, countra folks, Together did convene,
To burn their nits, an' pou their stocks, An' haud their Hallowecn

Fu' biythe that night.

## III.

The lasses feat, an cleanly neat, Mair braw than when they're fine;
Their faces blythe, fu' sweetly kythe, Hearts leal, an' warm, an' kin':

* Is thought to be a night when witches, devils, and other mischicf-raking beings, are all abroad on their banefui medneghe errands; particularly those acrial pcople,the fairies, are said on that night to hold a graul anniversary.
| Certain littlc, romantic, rocky, green lills, in the ncigh. bourhood of the ancient seat of the earls of Casstias.
$\ddagger$ A nuted cancrn ncar Colean-house, called the Cove of Culean; which, as woll as Cassilis Jlownans, is famed in country story for being a favourite haunt of fairies.
0 The famous family of that name, the ancestors of Ro bert, the great deliverer of his country, were earls of Ciarrich

The lads sae trig, wi' wooer-babs, Weel knotted on their garten,
Some unco biate, and some wi' gabs, Gar lasses' hearts gang startin

Whyles fast that night.
IV.

Then first and foremost, thro' the kail,
Their stocks* maun a' be sought ance;
They steek their een, an' graip an' wale, For muckle anes an' stranglit anes.
Poor hav'rel Will fell aff the drift, An' wauder'd thro' the bow-kail,
An' pow't, for want o' better shift,
A runt was like a sow-tail,
Sae bow't that night.
V.

Then, straugh, or crooked, yird or nane, They roar an' cry a' throu'ther;
The vera wee things, todlin, rin
Wi' stocks ollt-owre their shouther ;
An' gif the custock's sweet or sour,
Wi' joctelegs they tiste then ;
Syne coziely, aboon the door,
Wi' cannie care, they've plac'd them
To lie that night.

## VI.

The lasses staw frae 'mang them a'
To pou their stalks o, corn; $\dagger$

* The first ceremony of Halloween, is, pulling each a stock, ('r plant of kail. They must go out, hand in hand, with eyes shitt, and pull the first they mect with. Its being big or little, straight or crookcd, is prophetic of the size and shape of the grand objact of all their spells-the husband or wije. If any yird, or chrth, stick to the root, that is tuucher, or fortune; and the taste of the custock, that is, the heart of the stem, is indicative of the natural temper and ísposition. Lastly, the stems, or to give them their ordinary uppellation, the runts, are placed somcwhere abrve the hand of the dvor: and the Christiall names of *"e peoplc whom chance brings into the housc, are, accoung to the priority of placing the runts, the names i.. question.
; They go to the barn-yard, and pull cach, at three several times, a stalk of oats. If the third stalk roants the tap pickle, that is, the grain at the top of the stelk, the party in questeo will come to the marriage-bed any thing but a maid.

But Rab slips out, an' jinks about, Behint the muchle thorn:
He grippet Nelly hard an' fast,
Loud skirl'd a' the lasses;
But her tap-pickle maist was lost,
When kintin in the fause-house*
Wi' him that night.
VII.

The auld guidwife's weel hoordet nits $\dagger$ Are round an' round dividerl, An' monie lads' an' lasses' fates, Are there that night decided:
Some kindle, couthie, side by side, An' burn thegither trimly; Some start awa wi` saucy pride, And jump out-owre the chimlie

Fu' high that night.

## VIII.

Jean slips in twa wi' tentie e'e; Wha 'twas she wadna tell; But this is Jock, and this is me, She says In to helsel :
He bleuz'd owre hrr, an' she owre him, As they wad never mair part!
Tjul luff! he start d up the lum, An' Jean had e'en a sair heait

To see't that ijght.

## IX.

Poor Willie, wi' his bow-kail-runt, Was brunt wi' primsie Malle;
An' Mallie, nar doubt, tonk the drunt, To be compard to Willie :
Mall's nit lap r, ut wi' pridefu' fling, An' her ain fit it brunt it;

* When the corn is in a doubtful state, by being too green or ucct, the stack-builder, by means of old timber, \&c., makes a large apartment in his stack, with an opening in the side which is flirest exposed to the woind; this he calls a fausehones.
+ Burning the nuts is a famous charm. They name the lad and lass to each particular nut, as they lay them in the firr, and afcordingly as they burn quietly together, or start from beside one another, the course and issue of the ccurtslip will be.

While Willie lap, and swoor by jing, 'I'was just the wav he Fillted
'To be that night
X.

Nelthad the fause-house in her min', She pits hersel an' Rob in;
In inving bleeze they sweetly join, Till white in ase ihey're sohbin:
Nell's heart was dancin at the view, She whisper'd Rob to leuk for't:
Roh, stowlius, prie'd her bonte mou, Fu' cozie in the neuk for't, Unseen that night. XI.

But Merran sat behint their backs, ller thonghts on Andrew Bell;
She tea'es them gashin at their cracks, And silis out by hersel:
Sthe thro' the yard the nearest take, An' to the kiln she goes then,
An' darklins grapit for the banks, And in the biuc-clue* throws then,

> Riglit fear't that night.

## XII.

An' ay she win't, an' ay she swat, I wat she made nae jankin;
Till something hrld withm the pat, Guid L-d, but she was quakin!
But whether 'twas the Deil himsel, Or whether 'twas a bank-en',
Or whother it was Andrew Bell,
Slee did na wait on ta'kin
To spier that night.
XIII.

Wee Jenny to her graunie sayg,
"Will je go wi' me, graunte?

* Whocwer mould, with success, try this sycil, must atrictly observe these directions: Steal out, all alone, to the kiln, anc arhling, throw into the pot a slue of liue yarn; wind it in a new cluc off the old one; and towards tho latter ond, something will hold the thread; demand, Wha haudo? i. e. Who holids? An answer will be returncd from the kiln.pot, by rawing the christian and surname of your future spouse.

III sut the apple* at the glass, 1 gat fiae uncle Johnnie:"
She fuff't her pipe wi' sick a lunt, In wrath she was sae vap'rin, She notic't na, an aizle brunt Her braw new worset apron

Out thro' that night.

## XIV.

- Ye little ekeipie limmer's face : How daur you try sic sportin, As seek the foul thief onie place, For hin to \&pae your fortune?
Nae doubt but ye may get a sight :
Great cause ye have to fear it ;
For monie a are has gotten a fright, An' lived an' died delecret

On sic a night
XV.
"Ae hairst afore the Sherra-moor, I mind't as weel's yestreen,
I was a gylpey then, I'm sure
I was nae past fyfteen;
The simmer had been cauld an' wat, An' stuIf was unco green;
An' ay a rautin kirn we gat, An' just on Hallozneen

It fell that night.

## XVI.

"Our stibble-rig was liab M'Graem, A clever, stirdy fallow;
He's sin' gat Eppie Sibl wi' wean, That liv'd in Achmacalla:
Ile gat hemp-seed, $\dagger$ I mind it weel,

* Take a candle, and go alove to a looking-glass; eat an spple before it, and some traditions say, you should comb your hasr all the time; the face of your conjugal companion to be, will be seen in the glass as if pecping over your sioulder.
$\dagger$ Stcal out, unperceived, and suw a handful of hemp-seed; harrowing it woith any thing you cun conveniently draw after you. Refeat now and then, "Hemp-seed, I saw thee, hemp seed, I saw thee; and him (or her) that is to be my true love, come after me and pou tkee." Lock over your left shoulder: and you will sce the appearance of the person invoked, in the attitude of pulling hemp. Some traditions say 'Come


## POEMS;

An' he made unco light o't;
But monie a day was by himsel, He was sae sairly frightet That vera night."
XVII.

Thon up gry fetchin Jamie Fleck, An' hat swour by his conscience, That he could suro hemp-seed a peck, For it was a' but nomsense :
The auld guidman raught down the peck, An' out a harulfn' gied him ;
Syne but lim slip frae 'mang the folk,
Some time when na alre see'd him,
An' try't that night.
XVIII.

He marches thro' amang the stacks, 'Tho' he was something sturtin;
The gruip he for a harrono taks,
An' haurls at his curpin:
An' pv'ry How an' then, he says,
" Ilemp-seed, I saw thee,
An' her that is to be my lass.
Come alter me, and draw thee
As filst this night."
XIX.

IT 4 wistl'd up Lorl Lennox's march, I'o keep his courage cheery:
A'tisongh his hair began to arch,
He was sae fley'd an' eerie;
Tiil presently he hears a squpak,
An' then a grane an' grunte:
IIe hy his shomber gae a keek,
An' tambled wi' a winte
Out-owre that nigbt.
$\mathbf{X X}$.
Jle roar'd a horrid murder-shout,
In dreatilfu' desperation!
An' young and anld cime rinnin out,
An hear the sad narration:
He swoor 'twas hilchin Jean M'Craw,
after me, and shaw thee," that is, show thyself: in which asse it sumply appears. Others omit the harrowng, and say, "Come after me, and barrow thec."

Or crouchie Merran Humphie,
'Till stop! she trotted thro' them a'
An' wha was it but grumphie
Asteer that night !

## XXI.

Meg fain wad to the barn hae gaen
To wonn three wocchts o' naething;*
But for to meet the Deil her lane,
She pat but little faith in:
She gies the herd a pickle nits,
An' twa red cheekit apples,
To watch, while for the barn she sets,
In hopes to see Tam Kippies
That vera night
XXII.

She turns the key wi' cennie thraw,
And owre the threshold ventures;
But first on Sawnie gies a ca',
Syne bauldly in she enters;
A ratton ratu'd up the wa',
An' she cry'd, L-d, preserve her !
An' ranthro' midden-hole an' $a$ ', An' pray'd wi' zeal an' fervor,

Fu' fast that night.
XXIII.

They hoy't out Will, wi' sair advice:
They hecht him some fine braw ane;
It chanc'd the stack he faddom'd thrice, $\dagger$ Was timber-propt for thrawin:

* This charm must likewoise be performed, unperceived. and alone. You go to the barn, and open both doors, talking them off the hinges, if possible; for there is danger that the being, about to appcar, may shut the doors, and do you some mischucf. Then take that instrument used in winnowing the corn, which, in our country dialect, we call a wecht; and go througi all the attitudes of letting down corn against the roind. Repeat it three times; and the third time an apparition will pass through the barn, in at the windy door, and out at the ather, having both the figure in question, and the appearance or retinue, marking the employment or station in life.
$\dagger$ Take an opportunity of going, unnoticed, to a bearstack, and fathom it three times round. The last fathom of the last time, you woill catch in your arms the appearance of your future conjugal yoke-fellow.

He taks a swirlie, auld moss oak, For some black, grousome carlin ;
An' loot a winze, an' drew a stroke, Till skain in blypes came haurlin

## Aff's nieves that night.

XXIV.

A wanton widow Leezie was, As canty as a kitilen;
But Och! that night, amarg the shaws, She got a fearfu' settlin!
She thro' the whins, an' by the crirns An' owre the hill gaed scrieviti,
Whare three lairls' lands met at a burn,*
'To dip her left sark-sleeve in,
Was bent that night.
XXV.

Whyles owre a linn the burnie plays, As thro' the glen it wimul't;
Whyles round a rocky scar it strays; Whyles in a wiel it dimpl't;
Whyles glitter'd to the niglitly rays, Wi' bickering, dancing diazzle;
Whyles cookit underueith the braes, Below the spreading hazel,

Unseen that night

## XXVI.

Amang the brachens, on the brae, Betweens lrer an' the moon,
The Deil, or else an outler quey, Gat up an' gae a croon :
Pour Leezie's lnart maist lap the hool; Near lav'rock-height she jumpit,
But mist a fit, an' in the pool Out owre the lugs she plompit,

> Wi' a plunge that night.

* You go out, one or more, for this is a social spell, 80 a south-ruming spring or rimilet, where "thrce lairds' lands meet," ant dip your left shirt slepve. Ao to bed in sight of a fire, aut hang your wet slecre before it to dry. I.e aucake: and sometime near midnight ave apparituon, having the exect figure of the grand oliject in grorstion, wall come and turn the slecve, as if to dry the other side of it.


## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

XXVII.

In order, on the clean hearth-stane,
The luggics three* are ranged,
And every time great care is taen,
To see them duly changed:
Auld uncle Johin, wha wediock's joys Sin Mar's year did desire,
Because he gat the toom dish thrice, He heav'd then on the fire

In wrath that night

## XXV1II.

Wi' merry sangs, all' friendly cracks
1 wat they did na weary;
Au' micn tales, an' fumie jokes,
Their sports were eheap an' cheery.
Till butter'd so'ns, $\dagger$ wi' hagrant lunt,
Set a' their gabs a-steerin,
Syue wi' a sucial glass o' strunt,
They parted alf careerin
Fu' blythe that night.

## THE JOLLY BEGGARS.

A CANTATA.

## RECITATIVO.

When lyart leaves hestrow the yird, Or wavering like the Banckie-bid, $\ddagger$ Breiom canld Boreas' blast ;
Whell hail stanes drive wi' bitter skyte,

* Takc three dishes : put clean watcr in one, foul wates in another, leave the third cupty: blindfrld a person, aze lead hin to the $h$ arth where the dishes are rangell; he (on she) dips the left hund: if by chance in the clean rater, th. futurc husband or wife will come to the Lar of matrimony, maid: if in the joul, a viduro: if in the eniply di:h, il fore tells, rith equal :ertainty, no uurriage at all. It is repeatel three times, and cvery time the arrangencint of the dishes in altercd.
$\dagger$ sourcns, with butter instead of milk to them, is always the Halloween s'pper.
$\pm$ The old Sco ich name for the Bat

And Infant frosts begin to bite.
In hoary craureuch drest;
Ae night at e'en a merry core
O' randie, gangrel boilies,
In Poosie-Nansie's held the splore,
To drink their orra duddies: Wi' quaifing and laughing,

They ranted and they sang;
Wi' jumping and thumping,
The vera girdle rang.
First niest the fire in auld red rags,
Ane sat, weel hrac'd wi' mealy bags,
And knapsack a' in order;
His doxy lay withim his arm,
Wi' usquebae an' blankets warm-
She blinket on her sodger:
$A n^{\prime}$ ay he cives the tozle drab The tither ske!pin kiss,
While she held up her greedy gab Just like an aumos dish.

Ilk smack still did crack still,
Just like a cadger's whip,
Then staggering and swaggering
He roar'd this ditty up-

## AIR.

Tune-"Soldier's Joy."
I.

I am a son of Mars, who have been in many wars, And show my cnts and scars wherever I come:
This here was for a wench, and that other in a trench, When welcoming the French at the sound of the drum.

Lal de diudle, \&a
II.

My prenticeslip I past where my leader breath'd his last, When the bloody die was cast on the heights of Abrain; I served out my trade when the gallant game was ulay'd, And the Moro low was laid at the sound of the drum.

Lal de daudle, \&c.
III.

I lastly was with Curtis, among the floating hatt'rles, And there I left for witness an arm and a linib; Yet let my country need me, with Elliot to head me, I'd clatter on my stumps at the sound of a drim.

Lal de daudle, \&c
IV.

A nd now, tho' I must beg with a wooden arm and leg, And many a tatter'd rag hanging over my bum,
I'mas happy with my wallet, my bottle and my callet,
As when I us'd in scarlet to follow a drimm.
Lal de daudle, \&c.

## V.

What tho' with hoary locks, I must stand the winter shocks, Beneath the woods aid rocks oftentimes for a home, When the t'othar bag I soll, and the t'other bottle tell, I could meet a troop of hell at the scund of the drum. Isal de daudle, \&sc.

## necitativo.

He ended; and the kebars sheuk Abown the: chorus roar ;
While friglited rattons backward leuk, And seek the hemmost bore;
A fairy lidaller frate the neuk, lle skir"d out encore!
But up arose the martial chuck, And laid the lond uproar.

AIR.
Tunc-"Soldier Laddie."
I.

I once was a maid, tho' I cannot tell when,
Aud still my delight is in proper young men :
Some one of a trocp of dragoons was nyy daddie, No wonder I'm fond of a sodger laddje.

Sing, Lal de la!, \&c.
II.

The first of my loves was a swaggering blade, To rattle the thundering drum was his trade:
His leg was so tight, and his clreek was so ruddy, Transported I was with my sodger laddie,

Sing, Lal de lal, \&ce
III.

But the godly old cliaplain left him in the lurch, The sword I forsook for the sake of the church;
Ife ventured the soul, and I risked the body,
'Twas then I prov'd false to my sodger laddie.
Sing, Lal de lat, \&c
Vol. II.
C
IV.

Full soon I grew sick of my sanctified eot, The reginent at large for a husband I got; From the gilded spoutton to the fife I was ready,
I askea no more dut a souger tacuiie.
Sing, Lal de lal, sce.
V.

But the peace it reduc'd me to beg in despalr, Till 1 met my auld boy at Cumniaghan ratr ; His rags regimental they fluter'd so gaudy, My heart it rejoiced at my sodger laddie.

Sing, Lal de lal, \&c.
VI.

And now I have liv'd-I know not how long, And still I can join in a cup or a song; But whilst with both hands I can hobl the glass steady, Here's to thee, my hero, my sodger laddie.

Sing, Lal de lal \&e.

## RECITATIVO.

Then niest outspak a raucle carlin, Wha kent fu' weel to cleek the sterling, For monie a pursie she had liooked, And had in monie a well been ducked. Her dove had been a Highland Iaddie, But weary fa' the waefu' woody ! Wi' sighs and sobs slie thus began To wail her braw John Highlandman.

AIR.
Tune-"O an' ye were dead, gudeman."

## I.

A highland lad my love was born, The Lalland laws he held in scorn; But he still was faithfu' to his clan, My gallant braw John Highlandinan.
chorus.
Sing. hey my braw John Highlandmek! Sing. ho my braw John Hichlandman' There's not a lad in a' the lan' Was match for my John Highlandmas.

CIIEFLY SCOTTISH.

With his philibeg, an' tartan plaid, An' gude clayume down by his side 'The kadies' hararts her did trepas, My gallant loaw Joha Iligh:amdman.

Sing, hey, ac.
111.

We 1auged a fon Twred iv Epey, An' ho゙d like tonts and tedues.y ; For a Lalland fanco ber toad mone, My gallam biaw Juill Highamdman.

Sing, hey, Sc.

## IV.

Thay bani=h'd! !im beyond the sea, But tre the thad wits nu lise trep, Adown my checks the pearls ran, Cobtacitg my Jolan Ilighlandman.

Sing, hey, \&cc.
V.

Bot, oh ! they catched him it the last, And homm him in a dun: 2 em fast; Sy curse nou them ewry one, They've hang'd my braw Jolm Highlandman.

Sing, luy, \&c.

## V!.

And now a widow, I must mourn The phastars that will meer return;
No combirt !ut a lasarty cam,
When I think on Juhin Highlandman.

> Sing, hicy, \&cc.

## RECITATIVO.

A pigmy scraper wi his fiddle, Wha usid to trysts and fairs to driddle, Her strappan liob and ganey mitd!e,

He rached nae higher.
Had hol'd his heatie like a riddec,
An' blawn't on tire.
Wi' hand on haunch, an' upward e’e,
Ife cromid his gamut, me, two, three,
Then in an Arimen key,
The: wee Apullo
Set of ril sllermitogice
llis yiga solo.
resus,
AIR.
Tune-" Whistle o'er the lave o't."
I.

Let me ryke up to dight that tear, An' go wi' me to be my dear,
An' then your ev'ry care and fear
May whistle o'er the lave o't.
chorus.
I am a fiddler to my trade, And a' the tunes that e'cr I play'd, The swectest still to woife or maid, Was whistle o'er the lave o't.
II.

At kirns and weddings we'se be there, And $O$ ! sae ricely's we will fare; We'll bouse about till daddie Care

Sing whistle o'er the lave o't.
1 am, \&cc.
III.

Sae merrily the banes we'll pyke, An' sun oursels about the dyke, An' at our leisure, when we like,

We'll whistle o'er the lave o't.

> I am, \&c.
IV.

But bless me wi' your heav'n o charms,
And while I kittle hair on thairms,
Hunger, could, an' a' sic harms,
May whistle o'er the lave o't.
I am, \&cc.

## RECITATIVO.

Her charms had struck a sturdy Caird, is weel as poor gut-scraper ;
He taks the fiddler by the beard, And draws a rusty rapier.
He swore by a' was swearing worth, To speet him like a pliver,
Unless he would, from that time forth, Relinquish her for ever.

Wi' ghastly e'e, pnor tweedle-dee Upon his hunkers bemled. And pray'd for grace, wi' ruefu' face, And so the quarrel ended. Da: :unus mis mue neart tid grieve, When romal the tinker press'd her He frignd to suirtle in his sleeve,

When thus the Caind aduress'd her.
AIR.
Tune-" Clout the Caudron."
I.

My honie lass, I work in brass, A tiuker is my station;
I've travelled round all Christian ground In this my occupation.
I've ta'en the gold, I've been enroll'd
In many a noble squadron;
But vain they search'd, when aft I march'd
To go and clont the caudion.
I've ta'en the gold, \&c.
II.

Despise that shrimp, that wither'd imp,
Wi' a' his ncise and cap'rin,
And tak a share wi' those that bear
The budget and the apron.
And by thit stowp! ny fiith and houp, And by that lear Kilbaigie,*
If e'er ye want, or meet wi' scant,
May 1 ne'er weet my craigie.
And by that stowp, \&c.

## RECITATIVO.

The Caird prevaild-th' unblushing fair
In his cmbraces sunk,
Partly wi' lave o'ercome sae sair,
An' partly she was drunk.
Sir Violina wi' an air
That show'd a man of spunk,
Wish'd unison between the pair,
An' nade the boule clunk
To their health that night.

[^10]But hurchin Cupid shot a shaft That play'd a dame a shavie, The fiddler rak'd her fore and aft Behint the chi ken cavis.
Her lord, a wight o' Homer's* craft, 'Tho' limpin wi' the spavie, He hirpl'd up, and lap like daft, And shor'd them dainty Davie O' boot that night
He was a care-defying blade As ever Bacclus listed;
'Tho' Fortune sair upon him laid, His heart slte ever miss'd it.
He liad nae wish, but-to be clad, Nor want, but--when he thirsted:
He hated nonglit but-to be sad, And thus the Muse suggested llis sang that night.

AIR.
Tunc-" For a' that, and a' that."
I.

I am a Bard of no regard Wi' gentle folks, an' a' that ; But Ilomer-like, the gluwran byke, Frae town to town I draw that.

## chorus.

For a' that, and a' that, And twice as muchle's a' that;
rve lost but ane, Ive twa behin', Ive wife cncugh for $a$ ' that.
II.

I never drank the Muses' stank, Castalia's burn, and a' that;
But there it streains, and richly reamp, My Ilelicon I ca' that.

For a' that, \&c.
III.

Great love I bear to a' the fair, Their humble slave, and a' that;

- Hamer is allowed to be the oldcet baillad singer on rtu cord.

But lordly will I hold it still A mortal sin to thraw that. For a' that, \&c.
IV.

In raptures sweet, this hour we mect, Wi' mutual love, and a' that;
But for how lang the flie may stang, Let inclination law that.

For a' that, \&c.
V.

Their tricks and craft have put me daf, They've ta'en me in, and a' that;
But clear your decks, and here's the sex!
I like the jads for a' that.
For $a^{\prime}$ that, and $a^{\prime}$ that, And twice as muckle's a' that;
My dearest bluid, to do them guid, They're welcome till't for $a^{\prime}$ that.

## RECITATIVO.

So sung the bard-and Nansie's wa's
Shook wi' a thunder of applause,
Re-echo'd from each mouth :
They toem'd their pocks, an' pawn'd their dude,
They scarcely left to co'er their fuds
To quench their lowan drouth.
Then owre again, the jovial thrang
The poet did request,
To low'se his pack, an wale a sang,
A ballad o' the best :
He, rising, rejoicing,
Between his twa Deborahs,
Looks round him, an' found them Impatient for the chorus.

## A1R

Tune-" Jolly mortals, fill your glasses."
I.

See the smoking bowl before us : Mark our jovial, ragged ring! Round and round take up the chorus, And in raptures let us sing.

A fig for those by lavo protected Liberty's a glorious feastl
Courts for cowards were erceted, Churches built to please the priesa

## II.

What is title? what is treasure?
What is reputation's care?
If we lead a life of pleasure,
'Tis no matter how or where.
A fig, \&c.
III.

With the ready trick and inble,
Round we wander all the day;
And at night, in barn or stable,
Hug our doxies on the hay.

> A fig, \&c.
IV.

Does the train attended carriage
Tlirn' the conntry lighter rove?
Does the sober bed of marriage
Witness brighter scenes of love?
A fig, \&c.

## V.

Life is all a variorum,
We regard not how it goes;
Let chem cant about decorum,
Who have characters to lose.
A fig, \&c.
VI
Here's to budgets, buiss, and wallets ;
Here's to all the waudering train:
Here's our ragged brats aind callets 8 One and all cry out, Amen !

A fig for those by law protected! Liberty's a glorious fcast !
Courts for cowards were crected, Churches built to please the priest

## DEATH AND DR. HORNBOOK,

A TRUE STORY.
Some books are lies frae end to end,
And some great lies were never penn'd:
Ev'n minizters, they hae been kenn'd,
In holy rapture,
A rousing whid, at times to vend,
And nail't wi' Scripture.
But this that I am gaun to tell, Which lately on a night befell,
Is just as true's the Deil's in h-H1
Or Dublin city;
That e'er he nearer comes oursel
's a muckle, pity.
The Clachan yi!l had made me canty,
I was nae fou, but just had plenty ;
I stacher'd whyles, but yet took tent ay
To free the ditches;
An' hillocks, stanes, an' bushes, kenn'd ay Frae ghaists an' witches.
The rising Moon began to glow'r
The distant Cumnock hills out-owre;
To count her horns, wi' a' my pow'r,
I set mysel ;
But whether she had three or four,
I cou'd na tell.
I was come round about the hill, And todlin down on Willie's mill, Setting my staff wi' a' my skill,

To keep me sicker ;
Tho' leeward wliyles against my will,
I took a bicker.
I there wi' something did forgather,
That put me in an eerie swither;
An awfu' scythe, out-owre ae shouther,
Clear dangling hang;
A three-tae'd leister on the ither
Lay, large an' lang.
Its stature seem'd lang Scotch ells twa,
The qucerest shape that e'er I saw, For fient a wame it had ava!

And then, its shanks,
They were as thin, as sharp, an' sma'
As cheeks o' branks!
"Guid-e'en," quo' I; "Friend! hae ye been ms\%ts
When ither folk are busy sawin ?" "
ft seem'd to mak a kind o' stan',
But naething spak;
At length, says I, "Friend, whare ye gaun?
Will ye ga back ?"
It spak right howe-" My name is neat,
But be na fley'd." - Quo' I, "Guid faith!
Ye're may be come to stap'iny breath;
But tent me, billie;
I red ye weel, tak care o' skaith,
See, there's a guily !"
"Gudeman," quo' he, "put up your whittle,
I'm no design'd to try its mettle;
But if I did, I wad be kinte
To be misleard,
I wad na mind it, ne !!a: spitite
Out-owe my beard."
"Weel, weel !" says I, " a bargain be"t;
Come, gie's your hand, an' sae we're gree't;
We'll ease our shanks, an' tak a seat,
Come, fie's your news;
This whylet ye hae bren monie a gate,
At innmie a house."
"Ay, ay !" quo" he, an' slook his head,
"It's e'en a lang, lang time indeed
Sin' I began to nick the read,
An' chuke the breath :
Folk maun do something for their bread,
An' sae ısaun Death.
"Sax thousand years are near hand fled
Sin' I was to the butching irred,
An' monie a scheme in vaia's been lala,
To stap or seor me ;
Till ane Hornbook's $\ddagger$ ta'en up the traide,
An' faith, h'll waur me.

* This rencontre happencd in serd-time, 17R5.
- An epidemical fever was then, aging in that country.
\# This gentleman, I)r. Hor ibook, is, professionally, abro
ther of the sovereign order of the Ferila. but, by tnturtuon
asd inspiration, is at once an apothecary, surgreon ars $\%$ sy -iciar


## CTIEFZY SCOTTISF.

"Ye ken Jock Hornbrooki' the Clachan, Deil mak his king's-hond in a spleuchan!
He's grown sae weel acquaint wi' Buchan*
An' ither chaps,
The weans haud ont their fingers langhin, An' pouk my hips.
"See, here's a scythe, and there's a darts
They hae pierc'd nonie a gallant heart ;
But Doctor Mornbook, wi' his art,
And cursed skill,
Has made them baith no worth a $f-t$,
D-min'd hact they'll kill :
"Twas but yestreen, nae fartl:er gaen, Ithrew a noble throw at ane;
Wi' less I'in sure, l've hundreds stain;
But deil-ma-care,
It just play'd dirl on the bine,
But did nac mair.
" Hornbook was hy, wi' readiy ar,
And had sae fortified the prart.
That when I looked to my dart,
It was sae blunt,
Fient haet o't wad liae pierc'd the hear Of a kail-runt.
"I drew my scythe in sic a fury, Inear hand cowpit wi" my hurry,
But yet the baaid Apothecary
Withstood the shock;
\& might as weel hae try'd a 'quarry
O' hard whin rock.
"Ey'n them he canna get attended, Altho' their face he ne'er had kemn'd it, Just-In a kail-blade, and send it,

As soon's he smells't,
Baith their discase, and what will mend in,
At once he tells't.
"And then a' doctor's saws and whitticg Of a' dimensions, shapes, an' mettles, A' kind o' boxes, mugs, in botlog,

Ile's sure to have;
Thelr Lain names as fast lie raties
As A 3 C .

[^11]' Calces o' fossils, earth. and trees:
I rue sal-marinum o' the seas;
The farina of beans and peas,
He has't in p!enty;
Aqua-fontis, what you please,
He can content ve
"Forbye some new, uncommon weapons,
Urinus spiritus of capons;
Or mite-horn shavings, filings, scrapings,
Distill'd per se;
Sal alkali o' midge-tail-clippings,
And monie mac."
"Waes me for Johnny Ted's Hole* now,"
Quo' I, "if that the news be truc!
His braw calf-ward whare gowans grew,
Sae white and bonie,
Nae doubt they'll rive it wi' the plengh:
They'll ruin Johnny !"
'T'lie creature grain'd an eldritch laugh,
And says, "Ye need na yoke the plaugh;
Kirkyauds will soon be till'd eneugh,
'Tak ye nae fear:
They'll a' be trench'd wi' monie a shengh,
In twa-three year.
"Whare I kill'd ane a fair strae death,
By loss n' blood or want o' breath,
This night I'm free to tak my aith,
That Hornbook's skill
Has clad a score i' their last claith,
By drip) an' pill.
"An honest Wabster to his trade,
Whase wife's twa nieves were scarce well bred,
Gat tippence-worth to mend her head,
When it was sair;
The wife slade cannie to her bed,
But ne*er spak mair.
"A countra Laird had taen the batts,
Or some curnurring in his guts,
His only son fir Hornbuok sets,
An' pays lim well
The lad, for tu a guid gimmer pets,
Was Laird himsel.

* The grave-dugger
" A bonde lass, ye kenn'd her name,
Some ill-brewn drink had hov'd her wame
She trusts hersel, to hide the shame,
In Hornbook's care;
Horn sent her aff to lier lang hame,
To lide it there.
"That's just a swatclı, ITornbooli's way
Thus goes he on from day $t$, day,
Thus does le poison, kill, : n' slay,
An's weel paid for't;
Yet stops me o' my lawfu' prey,
Wi' his d-mn'd dirt.
"But hark ! I'll tell you of a plot,
Tho' dinna ye be speaking o't :
I'll nail the self-conceited sot,
As dead's a herrin;
Niest time we meet, I'll wad a groat,
He gets his fairin !"
But just as he began to tell,
The auld kirk-hammer strak the bell
Some wee short hour ayont the tual,
Which rais'd us baith;
I took the way that pleas'd mysel,
And sae did Death.


## A DREAM.

Thoughts, words, and deeds, the statute blames with reason: But surely dreans were ne'cr indicted treason.
[On reading, in the public papers, the Laureat's Ode, with the other parade of June 4, 1786, the author was no sooner dropt asleep than he inagined himself transported to the birth-day levee; and in his dreaming fancy made the followlng address.]

## I.

Guid morning to your Majesty!
May heav'n augment your blisses,
On every new birth-day ye see,
An humble poet wishes!
My bardship here, at your levee,
On sic a day as this is,
Is sure an uncouth sight to see,
Amang thae birth-day dresses
Sae fine thin dav.

## POEMS,

II.

I soe ye're complimented thrang, By monie a lord and lady;
" God save the king!"'s a cuckoo sang That's unco easy said ay;
The Poets, too, a venal gang,
Wi' rhymes weel-turn'd and ready,
Wad gar ye trow ve ne'er do wrang, But ay unerring steady,
O. sic a day.

## III.

For me ! before a monarch's face, Ev'n there I winna flatter ;
For neither pension, post, nor place, Am I your humble debtor;
So, nae reflection on your grace,
Your kingship to bespatter ;
There's monie waur been o' the race, And aiblins ane been better,

Than you this day.
IV.
'Tis very true, my sov'reign king, My skill may weel be doubted;
But facts are cliels that wimna ding, $\mathrm{An}^{\prime}$ downa be disputed:
Your royal nest, bencath your wing, Is e'en right reft an' clouted,
And now the third part of the string, An' less, will gang about it

I'han did ae day.
V.

Far be't frac me that I aspire
To blame your legislation,
Or say, ye wisdom want, or fire,
To rule this mighty nation!
But faith! I muckle doubt, my Sire; Ye've trusted ministration
To cliaps, wha, in a barn or byre, Wad better filld their station

Than courts yon day.
VI.
ind nowy ye've gien auld Britain peaia, Her broken shims to plaster;
Your snir taxition dues her flecee,
Till she has acaref a tester;

For me, thank (sod, my life's a lease, Nae bargain wearing faster,
Or, faith ! I fex', that wi' whe geese,
I shortly boc it to pasture
(' the craft some day.
VII.

I'm no mistrus'sig Willie Pitt, When taxes 10 eularges,
(An' Will's a tue guid fallow's get, A name not envy spairges,)
That re inten's to pay your debt, An' lessen :.' your charges;
But, G-d sako! let nae saving-fi Abridge yo ir bonie barges

## An' boats this day.

## VIII.

Adicu, my licge! may frecdom geck Beneath y'ur hiph protection ;
An' may ye rax corruption's neck, And gie her for dissection!
But since !'m here, I'll no neglect, In loyal, true affection,
To pay your Queen, with due respect, My fralty an' suljection,

This great birth-day.
IX.

Hail, Majesty most exceilient! V/hile nubles strive to please ye,
Wil ye accept a compliment A simple Poet gir:s ye?
Thae bonie bairn-time, Heav'n has lent, Still higher may they heeze ye
In bliss, till fate some day is sent, For ever to release ye

Frae care that day.
X .
For you, young protentate o' W-, I tell your highness fairly,
Down pleasure's stream, wi' swelling sails,
I'm tauld ye'te driving rarely;
But some day yo may gnaw your nails,
An' curse yo tr folly sairly,
That e'er ye biak Diana's pales,
Or rattl'd dice wi' Charlie,
By night or day:

## XI．

Yet aft a ragged coree＇s been knows To mak a noble aiver ；
So ye may doucely tili a thone， For a＇their clish－ma－claver：
Where him＊at Agincourt wha shone， V＇ew better were or braver；
And yet，wi＇fummy，queer Sir Jobn，$\uparrow$ lle was an meo shaver

For monie a day．

## xil．

For you，right rev＇rend O
Nane sets the lawn－slecve sweeter，
Atho＇a riband at your ligy
Wad been a dress completer：
As ye disown you paughty dog ＇Ilat bears the keys of Peter，
Then，swith！an＇get a wife to hug， Or，tronth ！ye＇ll stain the mitre Som：luckless day XIIT．
Young，royal Tarry Brectis，I learn， Ye＇ve lately come athwart her；
A glorious galley，${ }^{\dagger}$ stem an＇stern， Well rige＇d for Venus＇barter；
But first hang ont，that she＇li duiscem Your hymenial character，
＇Then heave abroad your grapple air， An＇targe ups＇her quarter，

Conne full that day．
XIV．
Ye，lastly，bonic blossoms a＇， Ye royal lasses dainty，
Heav＇n mak you guid as weel＇s braw， An＇gie you lads a－plenty；
But sneer na British boys awo＇， For kings are unco scant ay；
An＇German gentles are but sma＇． They＇re better just than want ay

On onie day．
＊ing Henry V．
$\dagger$ Sir John Falstaff．Vide Shakspeare．
$\ddagger$ Alluding to the rewspaper account of a cerlain rovis？ －ailor＇s amour．

## XV

God bless you a' ! consider now, Ye're unco muckic dautet;
But ere the course o' life be thro', It may be bitter sautet:
An' 1 hae seen thcir coggie fou, That yet hae tarrow'd at it;
But or the day vas done, I trow,
The laggen they hae clautet Fu' clean that day.

## SCOTCH DRINK.

Gie him strong drink until he wink, That's sinizing in despair;
An' liquor guid to fire his bluid, That's prcst wi' grief an' care;
There let him bouse, an' dcep carouse, HZ̈' bumpcrs flowing o'cr,
Till he forgets his lowis or debts, And minds his gricfs no more.

Solomon's Proverbs, xxxi. 6, 7
Lext other Poets raise a fracas
'Bout vines, an' wines, an' drunken Bacchus
An' crabbit names an' stories wrack $u s$,
An grate our lug,
I sing the juice Scots bear can mak us,
In glass or jug.
O thou, my Musel guid and Scotch Drink, Whether thro' wimpliu worms thou jink, Or, richly brown, ream o'er the brink,

In glorious faem,
Inspire me, till I lisp and wink,
To sing thy name :
Let liusky Wheat the haughs adorn, An' Aits set up their awnic horn, An' Peas an' Beans at e'en or mom,

Perfune the plain,
Lecze me on thee, John Barley corn,
Thou king o' grain !
On thee aft Scolland chows her cnod,
In souple sicones, the walc o' food!
Or tumblin in the boiling flood
Wi' kail an' beef:
But when thou pours thy strong heart's blood,
There thou shines chief
Sos. II.
D

Food fills the wame, an' keeps us lipla;
'Tho' life's a gift no worth receivin,
When heavy dragg'd wi' pine an' grievin;
But, oil'd by thee,
The wheels o' life gae down-hill, scrievin,
Wi' rattlin glee.
Thou clears the head o' doited Lear:
Thou cheers the heart o' drooping Care;
'Ihou strings the nerves o' Labour sair,
At's weary toil:
Thou even brightens dark Despair
Wi' gloomy smile.
Aft, clad in massy silver weed,
Wi' gentles thou erects thy head;
Yet humbly kind in time $0^{\circ}$ need,
The poor man's wine,
Hlis wee drap parritch, or his bread,
Thou kitchens fine.
Thou art the life o' public haunts;
But thee, what were our fairs and rants?
Ev'n godly meetings o' the saunts,
By thee inspir'd,
When gaping they besicge the tents,
Are doubly fir'd.
That merry night we gat the corn in, O sweetly then thou reams the horn in?
Or reeking on a new year morning
In cog or bicker,
An' just a wee drap sp'ritual burn in,
An' gusty sucker!
When Vulcan gies his bellows breath,
An' plonghman gather wi' their graith,
O rare to see thee fizz an' freath,
I' th' lugget caup!
Then Burncwoin* comes on like death
At ev'ry chaup.
Nae mercy, then, for airn or steel; The brawrie, bainie, ploughman chiel,
Brings hard owrehip, wi' sturdy wheel,
The strong forelismmer,
Till block an' studdie ring an' reel
Wi' dinsome clamour.

[^12]
## When skirlin weanies see the light,

 Thou maks the gossips clatter bright, How fumblin cuifs their dearies slight;Wae worth the name;
Nae howdie gets a social night,
Or plack frae them.
When neebors anger at a plea, An' just as wud as wud can be, How easy can the barley-bree

Cement the quarrel !
It's aye the cheapest lawyer's fee,
To taste the barrel.
Alake ! that e'er my Muse has reason
To wyte her countrymen wi' treason!
But monie daily weet their weason
Wi' liquors nice,
An' hardly, in a winter's season, E'er spier her price.
Wae worth that brandy, burning trash ?
Fell source o ${ }^{\circ}$ monie a paill an' brash !
Twins monie a poor, doylt, drunken hash,
0 ' half his days !
An' sends, beside, auld Scotland's cash
To her warst faes.
Ye Scots wha wish auld Scotland well,
Ye chief, to you my tale I tell,
Poor plackless dcrils like mysel!
It sets you ill,
Wi' bitter, deathfu' wines to mell,
Or foreign gill.
May gravels round lis blether wrench,
An' gonts torment him inch by inch,
Wha twists his gruntle wi' a glunch
O' sour disdain,
Out-owre a glass $0^{\prime}$ whiskey punch
Wi' hohest men.
O whiskey' soul o plays an' pranks :
Accept a Bardie's humble thanks!
When wanting thee, what tuneless cranky
Are my poor verses!
'Thou comes-they ratte i' their ranks
At ither's a-s!
Thee, Ferintosh! O sadly lost:
Ecutand, lament frae coast to curse!

Now colic grips, an' barkin boast, May kill us a' ;
For loyal Forbes' charter'd boast, Is taen awa!
Thae curst horse-leeches o' th' Excise,
Wha mak the uchiskcy stclls the prize!
Haud up thy han', Deil! ance, twice, thrice, There, seize the blinkers!
An' bake them up in brunstane pies For poor d-n'd drinkers.
Fortune : if thou'll bitt gie me still
Hale breeks, a scone, an' whiskey gill,
An' rowth o' rhyme to rave at will,
'Tak a' the rest,
An' deal't about as thy blind skill
Birects thee best.

THE AUTHOR'S EARNEST CRY AND PRAYER
TO THE SCOTCII REPRESENTATIVES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.
D'earcst of distillation I last and best-- How art thou lost 1-

## Parody on Milton.

Ye Irisit Lords, ye Kniglits an' Squires,
Wha represent our burghs an' shires,
An' doucely manage nur affairs
In parliament,
To you a simple Poet's prayers
Are humbly sent
Alas ! my roupet Muse is hearse !
Your honours' heart wi' grief 'twad pierce,
To see her sttitit on her a-e
Low i' the dust,
Au' scriechin ont prosaic verse,
An' like to brust :
Tell them what hae the chief direction,
Scotiand an' me's in great aftliction,
E'er sin' they laid that curst restriction
On Aqu:uvitu ;
An' rouse them up to stroug conviction,
An' hove their pity.

* This vas voritten before the act anent the Scotch distil lerics, of scssion 1786 ; for which Scotland and the author seturn their most grateful thanks.

Stand forth, an' tell yon Prenier youth, The honest, open, naked trull: ;
Tell him o' mine au' Scotland's drouth, His servants humble:
The muckle Devil blaw ye south, If ye dissemble:
Does onie great man glunch an' gloom :
Speak out, an' never fash your thumb?
Let posts an' pensions sink or soom
Wi' them wha grant 'em :
If honestly they cauna come,
Far better want 'cm.
In gath'ring votes you were na slack;
Now stand as tightly by your tack;
Ne'er claw your lig, an' fillve your back,
An' lmm an haw ;
But raise your arm, an' tell your crack Bcfore them a'.

Paint Scotland greeting owre he: thrissle;
Her mutchkin stoup as toom's a whissle ;
An' d-mn'd excisemen in a hussle,
Seizin a stell,
Triumphant crushin't like a mussel
Or lampit shell.
Then on the tither haud present her, A blackguard smuggler right behint her,
An cheek-for-chow, a chuffie Vintne:
Colleaguing join,
Picking her pouch as hare as winter
Of a' kind coin.
Is there, that hears the name $n$ ' Scot,
But feels his heart's bluid, ising het,
To see his poor auld mither's pot
Thus dume in staves,
An' plunder'd o' her hindugot gront
By gatlows knaves?
Alas! I'm but a nameless wight,
Trode I' the nime an' nat o' sightl'
But cond I like Momremmeries fight,
Or wab like Bowwel?,
There's some sark necks I wad draw tigish,
An' tie some hose we!l.

God bless your honours, can ye see'in The kind, auld, cantie Carlin gıeet, An' no get warmly to your feet,

An' gar them hear it, An' tell them wi' a patriot heat,

Ye wima bear it!
Some o' you nicely ken the laws, To round the period, an' pause, An' w', the rhetoric clause on clause

To mak harangues ;
Then echo thro' Saint Stephen's wa's
Auld Scotland's wrangs.
Dempstcr, a true-blue Scot ['se warran:
Thee, aith-detesting, chaste Kilkerran;*
An' that glib-gabbet highland Baron,
The Laird o' Graham; $\dagger$
An' ane, a chap that's d-mn'd auld farraris
Dundas his name.
Erskine, a spunkie Norland billie;
True Camplells, Frederick an' Ilay;
An' Livingstone, the banld Sir Willie;
An' monie ithers,
Whom auld Demosthenes and Tully
Might own for brithers.
Arouse, my hoys ! exert your mettle,
To get auld Scotland back her kettle;
Or, faith! I'll wad my new pleugh-pettle,
Ye'll see't or lang,
She'll teach you wi' a reekin whittle,
Anither sang.
This while she's been in crankous mood, Her lost Militia fir'd her bluid;
(Veil na they never mair do guid,
Play'd her that pliskie!)
An' now she's like to rin red-wud,
About her whiskey.
An' L-d, if ance they pit her till't, Her tartan petticoat she'll kllt, An' dirk an' pistol at her bu'it,

She'll tak the streets,
An' sin her whittle to the hilt,
I' the first she mects

- Sir Adam Ferguson. $\quad \dagger$ The present Dulo of Jices trase.


## CHIEFKY SUUZTIS天.

For G-d's sake, Sirs! then speak her fair
An' straik her cannie wi' the hair, An' to the muckle house repair,
An' strive wi' a' your wits an' lear a' your wits an'
To get remead.
Yon ill-tongu'd tinkler, Charlic Fox, May taunt you wi' lis jeers an' mocks;
But gie him't het, my hearty cocks!
F'en cowe the caddie :
An' send him to his dicing box An' sporting lady.
Tell yon guid bluid n' audd Boconnoch's
I'll be lis debt twa maslilum bonnocks,
An' drink his health in anld Nanse Tinnock':
Sine times a weck,
If he some scheme, like tea an' winnocks, Wad kindly seck.
Could he some commutation broach,
I'll pledge my aith in guid braid Scotch,
He need na fear their foul reproach
Nor erudition,
Yon mixtia-maxtic queer lotch-joteh, Tlie Coalition.
Anld Scotland has a rancle tongue.
She's just a tlevil wi' a rung;
An' if slie promise antd or young
To tak their part,
Tho' by the nock she should be strung
She'll no desert.
Au' now, ye clinsen Fïve.and.Furty, May still your mither's heart support ge ;
Then, thougli a minister grow dorty
An' lick your place,
Ye'll snap your fingers, poor an' hearty, Before Jis face.
God bless your honours a' your days,
Wi' sowns o' kuil an' braits o' claise,
In syite o' a' the thicvish kaes,
That haunt Saint Jamie's !
Your humble poet sings an' prays
While $R a b$ his name is.

* A worthy old hostcss of the author's in Manch line, sohere he sometimes studics politics over a gliss of guid auld
Scolch drink.

Let half-starved slaves, in warmer skies,
See future wines, rich-clust'ring, rise ;
Their lot auld Scotland ne'er envies,
But blythe and frisky,
She eyes her free born, martial hoys
Tak aff their whiskey.
What tho' their Phohus kinder warms,
While fragrance blooms and beanty charms !
When wretches range, in famish'd swarms,
The scenited groves;
Or hounded forth, dishonour arms
In hungry droves !
Their gun's a burden on their shouther ;
They downa bide the stink o' ponther;
Their bauldest thought's a hank'ring swither
To stan' or sin,
All skelpt-a shot;-they're aff a throwther,
To save their skin.
But bring a Scotsman frue his hill,
Clap in his cheek a Highland gill,
Say, such is royal George's will,
An' there's the foe.
He has nae thonght but how to kill
Twa at a blow.
Nae cauld, faint-hearted doubtings tease hime ;
Death comes, wi' fearless cye he sees him;
Wi' bluidy hand a welcome gies him:
An' when he fa' $\varepsilon$,
His latest draught o' brethin lea'es him
In faint huzzas.
Sages their soiemn een may steek, An' raise a philosophic reek,
An' physically causes seek,
In clime an season;
But tell me whiskcy's name in Greek,
I'll tell the reason.
Scotland, my auld respected mither!
Tho' whyles ye moistify yon: leather,
Till what ye sit, on craps n' heather,
Ye tin your dam;
(Frcedom and whiskey gang theg!ther!)
Tak af your drain!

## ADDRESS TO THE DEII.

O Prince ! $O$ Chief of many throned Pow'rs, That led the embattied Seraphim to war.

Milton.
O rhou ! whatever title suit thee,
Auld Homie, Satan, Nick, or Clootic, Wha in yon cavern, grim an' sootie,

Cios'd under hatches,
Spairges about the brunstanc contie, 'To scaud poor wretches !
Hear me, anld Hangic, for a wee, An' let poor damned bodies be:
I'm sure sma' pleasure it can gie,
E'en to a Deil,
To skelp an' scaud poor dors like me, An' hear us squecl!
Great is thy power, an' great thy fame ;
Far kenn'd and noted is thy name;
An' tho' yon lowin heugh's thy hame,
Thou travels far;
An' faith thou's neither lag nor lame,
Nor blate nor scaur.
Whyles ranging like a roarin lion,
For prey, a' holes an' corners tryin;
Whyles on the strong-wing'd tempest flyin,
Tirlin the kirks ;
Whyles in the human bosom pryin,
Unseen thou lurks.
I've heard my reverend grannie say,
In lanely glens ye like to stray ;
Or where auld, ruin'd castles, gray,
Nod to the moon,
Ye fright the niglitly wand'rer's way, Wi' churitch croon.
When twilight did my grannie summon,
To say her prayers, douce, honest woman!
An yont the dyke she's heard you hummin
Wi' ecric drone;
Or rustlin thro' the brotries comin,
Wi' heavy groan.
Ae drcary, windy, winter night,
The stars shot duwn wi ektentin light;

Wi' you, mysel, I gat a fright, A yont the lough:
Ye, like a rash-bish, stood in sight, Wi' waving sugh.
The cudgil in my nieve did shake,
Each bristl'd hair stood like a stake,
When, wi' an elditich stour, quaick-quaickAmang the springs,
A w'a' ye squatter'd, like a drake, ()n whistling wings.

Let warlucks grim, an' wither'd hags,
Tell now wi' you ou ragweed nags,
They skim the muirs, an' dizzy crags,
Wi' wicked spreed;
And in kinkyards renew their learues, Owre howkit dead.
Thence countia wives, wi' toil, an' pain, May plunge an' plunge the kirn in vain;
For, oh! the yellow treasure's taen
By witching skill:
An' dawtit, twal-pint Hawkie's gaen As ye!l's the Bill.
Thence mystic knots mak great abuse,
On young guidmen, fond, keen, an' crouse;
When the best wark-lume i' the ilouse
By cantrip wit,
Is instant made no worth a louse, Just at the bit.
When thowes dissolve the snawy hoord $i$
And float the jingling icy-boord,
Then voater-kelpies haunt the foord,
By your dircction,
An' nighted trav'llers are allur'd
To their destruction.
An' aft your moss-traversing Spu $=$ kies
Decoy the wight that late an' drunk is:
The bleezin, curst, mischievous monkies
Delude his eyes,
Till in some miry slough he sunk is, Ne'er mair to rise.

When Mason's mystic word an' grip
In storms an' tempests raise you up,
Some cock or cat your rage maun stop,
Or, strange to tell!
The youngest brother ye wad whip
Aff straught to h-11.

Long syne, in Eden's bonie yard, When youthfu' lovers first were pair'd,
An' $a$ ' the saul of love they shar'd
The raptur'd hour;
Sweet on the fragrant flow'ry swaird, In shady bow'r:
Then you, ye auld, snick-drawing dog . Ye came to Paradise incog.
An' play'd on man a cursed brogue,
(Black be your fa' !)
An' gied the infant warld a shog,
'Maist ruin'd $a^{\prime}$.
D'ye mind that day, when in a bizz, Wi' reekit duds, an' reestit gizz, Ye did present your smoutie phiz,
'Mang better folk,
An' sklented on the man of $U z$
Your spitefu' joke?
An' how ye gat him i' your thrall, An' brak him out o' house an' hall,
While scabs and hlotches did him gall,
Wi' bitter claw,
An' lows'd his ill-tongu'd wicked Scawl, Was warst ava?
But a' your doings to rehearse, Your wily snares an' fetchin fierce, Sln' that day Michael* did you pierce,

Down to this time,
Wad ding a' Lalland tongue, or Erse, In prose or rhyme.
An' now, auld Cloots, I ken ye're thinkin A certain Bardie's rantin, drinkin, Eome luckless hour will send him linkin, To your black pit;
But, faith, he'll turn a corner jinkin,
An' cheat you yet.
But, fare you weel, auld Nickie-ben !
O wad ye tak a thought an' men'
Ye alblins might-I dinna ken-
Still hae a stake-
r'm wae to think upo' your den,
Ev'n for your sake!

* Fide Milton, Book VI


## ON THE LATE CAPTAIN GROSE'S

PEREGRINATIONS THROUGH SCOTLAND, COLLECTIRG TEM ANTIQUITIES OF THAT KINGDOM.

Hear, land o' cakes, and brither Scots,
Frae Maidenkirk to Johnny Groat's
If there's a hole in a' your coats,
I rede ye tent it:
A chiel's amang you taking notes,
And, faith, he'll prent it
If in your bounds ye chance to light,
Upon a fine, fat, fodgil wight,
O' stature short, but genius bright,
That's he, mark weel-
And vow! he has an unco slight
O' eauk and keel.
By some auld, houlet-haunted-biggin,*
Or kirk deserted by its riggin,
It's ten to ane ye'll find him snug in
Some eldritch part,
Wi' Deils, they say, L-d safe's ! colleaguin
At some black art.
Ilk ghaist that haunts auld ha' or cham'er,
Ye gipsey.gang that deal in glamor,
And you, deep-read in hell's black grammar
Warlucks and witches;
Ye'll quake at his conjuring hammer,
Ye midnight $b$-es.
It's tauld he was a sodger bred,
And ane wad rather fa'n than fled;
But now he's quat the spurtle blade,
And dog-skin wallet,
And taen the-Antiquarian trade,
I think they call it.
He has a feuth o' auld nick-nackets !
Rusty airn caps and jinglin jackets, $\dagger$
Wad hard the Lothians three in tackets,
A towmont guid;
And parritch-pats, and auld saut-backets, Before the flood.

- Vide his Antiquities of Scotland.

1 Wide his Treatise on Ancient Armour and Woaposs.

CHIEFLY SCOTTIEF.
Of Eve's first fire he has a cinder ; Auld-Tubal Cain's fire-shool and fender; That which distinguished the gender O' Balaam's ass ;
A broom-stick o' the witch of Endor, Weel shod wi' brass.

Forbye he'll shape you aff, fu' gleg, The cut of Adam's philibeg: The knife that nicket Abel's craig He'll prove you fully.
It was a faulding jocteleg,
Or lang kail-guillie.
But wad ye see him in his glee,
For meikle glee and fun has he,
Then set him down, and twa or three
Guid fellows wi' him:
And port, O port $l$ shine thou a wee,
And thes ye'll see him:
Now, by the powers o verse and prose :
Thou art a dainty chiel, O Grose :
Whae'er o' thee shall ill suppose,
They sair misca' thee;
I'd tak the rascal by the nose,
Wad say, Shame fa' thee:

LINES
WRITTEN IN A WRAPPER, ENCLOSING A LETTER TO CAPTAKM GROSE, TOBE LEFT WITH MR. CARDONNEL, ANTIQUARLAN.

Tune-"Sir John Malcolm."
Ken ye aught o' Captain Grose?
Igo, and ago,
If he's amang his friends or foes ?
Iram, coram, dago.
Is he south, or is he north?
Igo, and ago,
Or drowned in the river Forth ?
Iram, coram, dago.
Is he slain by Highland bodies ?
Igo, and ago,
And eaten like a weather haggis ?
Iram, coram, dago

52
POEDIS,
Is he to Abram's bosom gane?
Igo, and ago,
Or hauden Sarah by the wane?
Iram, cotam, dago.
Where'er he be, the Lord be near him:
Ign, and agn,
As for the Deil, he durst na steer him,
Iram, coram, dago.
But please transmit the enclosed letter,
Igo, and ago,
Which will oblige your humble debtor, Iram, coram, dago.
So may ye hae auld stanes in store,
Igo, and ago,
The very stanes that Adam bore.
Irain, coram, dago.
So may ye get in glad possession,
Igo, and ago,
The coins o' Satan's coronation !
Iram, coram, dago.

## EPIGRAM OS C.APTAIN GROSE.

The Deil got notice that Grose was a-dying,
So whip! at the summois, old Satan rame flying; But when he approach'd where poor Francis lay mosning, And saw each bed-post with its burden a-groaning, Astonished ! confonmed ! cry'd Satan, by G-d, ''ll want 'im, ero I take such a d ——ble load. ${ }^{\circ}$

* .Mr. Grose was cxceedinghy corpulent, and used to rally himself with the greatces good itumour, on the singular rotundity of his figare. This Epigram, written by Burns, in a moment of festivity, was so much relished by the antiquarian, that he mate it serve as an excuse for prolonging the vonvinial cecavion that game it lirth to a vcry late hour.


## LINES

## ON AN INTERVIEW WITH LORD DAER.

This wot ye all whom it concerns,
1 Rhymer Robin, alias Burns,
October twenty-third,
A ne'er-to-be-forgotten day,
Sae far I spreckled up the brae,
I dinner'd wi' a Lord.
l've been at drucken writers' feasts,
Nay, been bitch fou 'mang godly priests,
Wi' rev'rence be it spoken:
I've even join'd the honour'd jorum,
When mighty squireships of the quorum,
Their hydra drouth did sloken.
But wi' a Lord--stand out my shin,
A Lord-a Peer-an Earl's son,
Up higher yet, my bonnet;
And sic a Lord-lang Scotch ells twa, Our pcerage he o'erlooks them a',

As I look o'er my sonnet.
But oh for Hogarth's magic pow'r :
To show Sir Bardy's willyart glow'r,
And how he star'd and stammer'd
When goavan, as if led wi' branks,
An' stumpin on his ploughman shanks,
He in the parlour hammer'd.

I sliding shelter'd in a nook,
An' at his lordship steal't a look
Like some portentous omen;
Except good sense and social glee,
An' (what surpris'd me) modesty,
I marked nought uncommon.
I watch'd the symptoms o' the great,
The gentle pride, the lordly state,
The arrogant assuming;
The fient a pride, nae pride had he,
Nor sauce, nor state, that I could see,
Mair than an honest ploughman

Then trom his Lordship I sha!l learm, Henceferth to meet with u.concern One rank as well's another:
Nae honest, worthy man heed care, To meet with noble, youtliful Daer, For he but mects a brother.

## 'HVENVENTORI;

Cf AMSWER TO A MANDATE BY THE SURVEYOR OPTES TAEEE.
Sir, as your mandate did request,
I send yon here a f'aithfu' list,
O'gudes a:I' gear, an' a' my graith, To which I'm clear to gie my aith.

Inprimis then, for carriage cattle,
1 have four brutes o' gallant mettie,
As ever hew afore a pettle.
My Lan' afore's* a whil! auld has-beem,
An' wight an' wina' a' his days been.
My lan' uhiv'st a wrel gatu fillee,
That af has herne suc hame frace Killie, $t$
An' your auth binm' monie a time,
In doys when riding was nae crime-
But ance when in any wooing pride
I, like a bockhead, boost to ride, 'The wiffu" creathe sad I int to, (1.- ( pardun n' my sins an' that too 'J

I Hay'd ny fa.je sic a stavie,
She s a' budu il d wi the spavie.
Wy furr uhiits a wordy beast,
As eecr int thg or tuw was trac'd. The finarth's it Miuhlard Donald hastig A d-n'd red-wnd Kibharnie Elastia Puhye a Cowt c' Cowt's the wale As ever ran afore a tail.
If he be spar'd to be a beast,
He'll d:aw me fiftern pun' at least.
Wheel carriages I hae but few,
Three calts, an' twa are feckly new ; Ane athid whect-barrow, mair for token Ac leg an bath the trams are broken;

- The fore-horse on the left-hand in the plough. The hiudmost on the left-hund in the plough. Rilmarnock.
The hindmost horse on the right-hand in the plough

I made a poker o' the spin'le, An' my auld mither brunt the trin'le.
For men, l've three mischievous boys,
Run deils for rantin and for noise;
A gaudsman ane, a thrasher t'other, Wee Davock hauds the nowt in fother.
I rule them as I ought, discreetly,
An' after labour them competeiy.
An' ay on Sundays duly nightly,
I on the Questions targe them tightly;
Tiil faith! wee Davock's turn'd sae gleg,
Tho' scarcely langer than your leg,
He'll screed you aff Effectual Calling,
As fast as onie in the dwalling.
l've nane in female servan' station,
(L-d keep me ay frae a' temptation!)
I hae na wife ; and that my bliss is,
An' ye have laid na tax on misses;
An' then if kirk folks dinna clutch me,
1 ken the devils dare na touch me.
Wi' weans I'm mair than weel contented,
Heav'n sent me ane mae than I wanted.
My sonsie, smirking, dear-bought Bess,
She stares the daddie in her face,
Enough of aught ye like but grace;
But her, my bonie, sweet, wee lady,
I've paid eneugh for lier already,
An' gin ye tax her or her mither,
B' the $L-d, y$, se get them a' thegither.
And now, remember, Mr. Aiken,
Nae kind of license out I'm takin:
Frae this time forth, I do declare,
I'se ne'er ride horse nor hizzie mair ;
Thro' dirt and dub for life I'll paidle,
Ere I sae dear pay for a saddle;
My travel a' on foot I'll slank it, 've sturdy bearers, Gude be thankit.
The kirk an' you may tak you that,
It puts but little in your pat:
Sae dinna put me in your buke,
Nor for my ten white shillings luke.
This list, wi' my ain hand I wrote it,
Day and date as under notit,
Then know all ye whom it concerns,
Subscripsi huic,
ROBERT BURNS
Mossgiel, Feb. 22, 1786.
VoL. II.

## TO A LOUSE,

ON SEEING ONE ON A LADY'S BONNET AT CEVRCE
HA! whare ye gaun, ye crowlin ferlie !
Your impudence protects you sairly ;
I canna say but ye strunt rarely
Owre gauze and lace;
Tho' faith, I fear ye dine but sparely
On sic a place.
Ye ugly, creepin, blastit wonner,
Detested, shunn'd, by saun and sinner,
Llow dare ye set your fit $u_{i}$ in her,
Sae fine a lady!
Gae somewhere else, and seek your dinner
On some poor body.
Swith. in some beggar's haffet squattlo:
There ye may creep, and sprawl, and sprattle
Wi' ither kindred jumpin cattle,
In shoals and nations:
Whare horn nor bane ne'er dare unsettle
Your thick plantations,
Now haud ye thero, ye're out o' sight,
Below the fatt'rils, snug an' tight:
Na , faith ye yet ! ye'll no be right
Till ye've got on it,
The vera tapmost, tow'ring height,
O' Miss's bonnet.
My sooth ! right bauld ye set your nose outs
As plump and gray as onie grozet;
O for some rank, mercurial rozet,
Or fell red smeddum,
I'd gie you sic a hearty doze o't,
Wad dress your droddum !
I wad na been surpris'd to spy
You on an auld wife's flainen toy;
Or aiblens some bit duddie boy,
Ou's wyliecoat;
But Miss's fine Lumardi ! fie,
How dare you do't!
O, Jenny, dinna toss your head,
An' set your beauties a' abread!
Ye little ken what cursed speed
The blastie's makin:
Thae winks and finger-ends, 1 dread,
Are notice takin !

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

O wad some Pow'r the giftie gie us
To sec oursels as others see us !
It wad frae monie a blunder free us
And foolish notion;
What airs in dress an' gait wad lea'e us, And ev'n Jevation!

## ADDRESS TO THE TOOTA-ACHE.

My curse upon thy venom'd stang,
That shoots my tortur'd gums alang;
An' thro' my lugs gies monie a twang,
Wi' guawing vengeance ;
Tearing my nerves wi' bitter pang,
Like racking engines !
When fevers burn, or agne freezes,
Rheumatics gnaw, or colic squeczes,
Our neighbour's sympathy may ease us,
Wi' pitying moan;
But thee-thou hell o' a' diseases,
Ay mocks our groan!
Adown my beard the slavers trickle!
I throw the wee stools o'er the nickle,
As round the fire the giglets keckle
To see me loup;
While raving nad I wish a heckle
Were in their doup.
O' a' the num'rous human dools,
Ill har'sts, daft bargains, cutty-stools,
Or worthy friends rack'd $i$ ' the nools,
Sad sight to see!
The tricks o' knaves, or fash o' fools,
Thou bear'st the gree.
Where'er that place be priests ca' hell, Whence a' the tunes o' mis'ry yell,
And ranked plagues their numbers tell,
In dreadfu' raw,
Thou, Tooth-ache, surely bear st the bell
Amang there $a^{\prime}$ !
O thou grim mischief-making chiel,
That gars the notes of discord squeel,
Till daft mankind aft dance a reel
in gare a sloo-thick :
Gle a' the faes o' Scet!and's weal
A tummond's Tecth-ache,

Fair fa' your honest, sonsie face,
Great chieftain o' the puddin-race !
Aboon them a' ye tak your place,
Painch, tripe, or thairm:
Weel are ye wordy of a grace
As lang's my arm.
The groaning trencher there you fill, Your hurdies like a distant hill, Your pin wad help to mend a mill In time o' need,
While thro' your pores the dews distil
Like amber bead.
His knife see rustic labour diglit, An' cut you up wi' ready slight,
Trenching your gushing entrails bright,
Like onie ditch;
And then, O what a glorious sight,
Warm-reeking, rich!
Then horn for horn they stretch an' strive,
Deil tak the hindmost, on they drive;
Till a' their weel-swall'd kytes belyve
Are bent like drums,
Then auld guidman, maist like to rive,
Bethankit hums.
Is there that o'er his French ragout,
Or olio that wad staw a sow,
Or fricasse wad mak her spew
Wi' perfect sconner,
Looks down wi' sneering, scornfu' view
On sic a dinner?
Poor Devil ! see him owre his trash,
As feckless as a wither'd rash,
His spindle-shank, a guid whip-lash,
His nieve a nit ;
Thro' bloody flood or field to dash, O how fiunt !
But mark the rustic, haggis-fed,
The trembling earth resounds his tread,
Clap in his walie nieve a blade,
Ile'll mak it whistle:
An' lega, an' arms, an' heads will sned,
Like taps o' thissle.

Ye Tow'rs wha mak mankind your care, And dish tatem out their bill o' fare, Auld Scutland wants na skinking ware

That jaups in luggies;
But, if ye wish her gratefu' pray'r,
Gie her a Haggis !

## THE HOLY FAIR.*

A robe of seeming truth and trust Hid crafty Obscrvation;
And sccret hung, with poison'd crust, The dirk of Defamation:
$A$ mask that like the gorget show' $d$, Dye-varying on the pigeon;
And for a mantle large and broad, He wrapt him in Religion.

Hypocrisy a-la-mode

## I.

Upon a simmer Sunday morn,
When Nature's face is fair,
I walked forth to view the corn, An' snuff the caller air,
Thu rising sun owre Galston muirs,
Wi' glorious light was glintin ;
The hares were hirplin down the furs,
The lav'rocks they were chantin
Fu' sweet that day.

## $1 I$.

As lightsomely I glowr'd abroad, To see a scene sre gay,
Three Hizzies, early at the road
Cam skelpin up the way;
Twa had manteeles o' dolefu' black,
But ane wi' lyart lining;
The thlrd, that gaed a-wee-a-back.
Was in the fashion shining,
Fu'gay that day.

* Hoty Pair is a common pirase in the ueet of Scotlasd for a sacramental occasion.


## POEMS,

III.

The twa appear'd like sisters twin, In feature, form, an' claes ;

Their visage, wither'd, lang, an' thin, An' sour as onie slaes ;

The third cam up, hap-step-an'-loun, As light as onie lambie,

An' wi' a curchie hwo did stoop,
As soon as e'er she saw me,
Fu' kind that day.
IV.

Wi' bonnet aff, quoth I, "Sweet lass,
I think ye seen to ken me;
I'm sure I've seen that bonie face, But yet I canna name ye."
Quo' she, an' laughing as she spak, An' taks me by the hands,
${ }^{\text {" Ye, for my sake, lua gien the feck }}$ Of a' the ten commands

A screed some day.
V.
" My name is Fun-your cronie dear, The nearest friend ye bae;
An' this is Superstition here, An' that's Hypocrisy.
I'm gaun to Holy Fair, To spend an hour in dafin; Gin ye'll go thare, yon runkl'd pair, We will get famous laughin At them this day."
VI.

Quoth I, " With a' my heart, I'll do't;
I'll get my Sunday's sark on,
An' meet you on the holy spot; Faith we'se hae fine rcmarkin!" Then I gaed hame at crowdie time, An' soon I made me ready ;
For roads were clad, frae side to side, Wi' monie a weary body,

In droves that day.

## VII.

Here farmers gash, in ridin graith. Gacd hoddin by their cotters;
There, swankies, young, in braw braid cioth Are springin o'er the gutters ;

The lacess, skelpin barefit, thrang,
In silks an' ecarlets glitter;
Wi' smeet-milk cheese, in monie a whang,
An' furls bak'd wi' butter
F'n' crump that day.
VIII.

When by the plate we set our nose,
Weel heaped up wi' he'nence,
A greedy glowr Black Bonnet throws,
An' we maun draw our tippence.
Then in we go to see the show,
On ev'ry side they're gathrin,
Some carrying dales, some chairs an' stool, An' some are busy blethrin

Riglit loud that day.
IX.

Here stands a shed to fend the show'rs,
An' screen our countra gentry,
There raccr Jess, an' twa-three wh-res,
Are b!inkin at the entry.
Here sits a raw of tittlin jades,
Wi' heaving breast and bare neck,
An' there a hatch of wabster lads,
Blackguarding frae $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{ck}$,
For fun this day.
X.

IIere some are thinking on their sins,
An' some upo' their claes;
Ane curses feet that fyl'd his shins, A nither sighs an' piays:
On this hand sits a cliosen swatch,
Wi' screw'd up grace-proud faces;
On that a set o' chaps at watch,
Thrang winkin on the lasses
To chairs that day.
XI.

O happy is that man an' blest !
Nas wonder that it pride him !
Whase ain ifear lass, that he likes best,
Comes clinkin down beside hinn!
Wi' arm repos'd on the chair back,
He sweetly does compose him!
Which, by degrees, slips round her neck,
An's lenf upon her hosem,
Lnkennd that day.

## XII.

Now a' the congregation o'er Is silent expectation ;
For $\quad$ speels the holy door, Wi' tidings o' d-mn-t-n.
Should Mornie, as in ancient days, 'Mang sons o' G- present him,
The very sight o' - 's face,
To's ain het hame had sent him
Wi' fright that day.
Xlli.
Hear how he clears the points o' faith Wi' rattlin an' wi* thumpin !
Now meekly calın, now wild in wrath, He's stampin, an' he's jumpin :
lfis lengthen'd chm, his turn'd-up snout,
His eldritch squeel and gestures,
O how they fire the heart devout, Like cantharidian plasters,

On sic a day !
XIV.

But hark ! the tent has chang'd its voice:
There's peace an' rest nae langer;
For a' the real judges rise,
They canna sit for anger.

- opens out his cauld harangues,

On practice and on morals;
An' aff the godly pour in thrangs,
'T'o gie the jars an' barrels
A lift that day.
XV.

What signifies his barren shine,
Of moral pow'rs and reason?
His English style, an' gesture fine, Are a' clean out o' season,
Like Socrates or Antonine,
Or some auld pagan IIcathen,
The moral man he does define,
But ne er a word o' faith in
That's right that day.
XVI.

In guid time comes an antidote Against the poison'd nostrum;
For $\quad$, frae the water-fit,
Ascends the holy rostrum:

Bae, up he's got the word o' G-
An meek an' mim has view'd jt,
While Common siense has taen the road, An' aff, an' up the Cowgate,*

Fast, fast, that day.
XVII.

Wee ——, niest, the guard relieves, An' Orthodoxy raibles,
Tho' in his heart he weel bel es,
An' thinss it auld wives ti
But, taith ! the bipkie wants: s; So, cannily he hums them,
Altho' his carnal wit and sens
Like haflins-ways o'ercome m
At times that $d$ :
XVIII.

Now butt an' ben, the Change-house fills Wi' yill-caup Commentators:
Here's crying out for bakes and gills, An' there the pint stowp clatters;
While thick an' thrang, an' loud an' lang, Wi' Logic, an' wi' Scripture,
They raise a din, that in the end, Is like to breed a rupture

O' wrath that day.

## XIX.

Leeze m indrink! it gies us mai?
Thane er school or college:
It kindles, $t$, it wankens lair, It pangs 4 fou $0^{\prime}$ knowledge.
Be't whiskey gill, or penny wheep, Or onie stronger potion,
It never fails, on drinking deep,
To kittle up our notion
By night or day,

## X2.

The lads an' lasses blithely bent To mind baith saia! mu' horty,
Sit rund the table weel content, An' steer about the toddy.

- A strcet so called, which faces the tent in

「ŨJMis,
On this ane's dress, an' that ane's leuk, They're making observations;
While some are cozie i' the neuk, An' formin' assignations, To meet some day XXI.

But now the L-d's ain trumpet touts, Till a' the hills are rairin,
An' echoes back return the shouts: Black _is na spairin:
His piercing words, like Highland sworde, Divide the joints an' marrow :
His taik o' H-II, where devils dwell, Our vera souls does harrow*

Wi' fright that day.
XXII.

A vast, unbottom'd, boundless pit, Fll'd fou o' lowin brunstane,
Wha's raging flame, an' scorchin heat, Wad melt the hardest whunstane!
The half-asleep start up wi' fear, An' think they hear it roarin,
When presently it does appear,
'Twas but some neebor snorin Asleep that day.
XXIII.
'Twad be owre lang a tale to tell How monie stories past,
An' how they crowded to the yill,
When they were a' dismbt:
How drink gaed round, in cogs an' caupa, A mang the furns an' henches;
An' cheese an' breat, frae women's laps,
Was dealt abont in lunches
An' dawds that day.
XXIV.

In comes a gancie, gash Gaudwife, An' sits down by the fire,
Syne draws her kebbuck an' her knife,
The lasses they are shyer.

The auld Guidmen, about the grace,
Frae side to side they bother,
Till some ane by his bonnet lays,
An' gies them't like a tether,
Fu' lang that day.
XXV.

Waesucks ! for him that gets nae lass, Or lasses that hae naething!
Sma' nced has he to say a grace,
Or melvie his braw claithing!
O wives, be mindfu' ance yoursel,
How bnnie lads ye wanted,
An' dinna, for a kebbuck-heel,
1 ct lasses be affronted
On sic a day!
XXVI.

Now Clinhumbell, wi' rattlin tow, Begins to jow an' croon:
Some swagger hame the best they dow, Some wait the afterinon.
At slaps the billies halt a blink,
Till lasses strip their shoon :
Wi' faith and hope, an' love an' drink,
'They're a' in famous tune,
For crack that day.
XXVII.

How monie hearts this day converts,
O' sinners and o' lasses!
Their hearts $0^{\prime}$ stane, gin night are gane,
As saft as onie flesh 's.
There's some are fou o' love divine ;
There's some are fou o' brandy;
An' monie jobs that day begin,
May end In Ifoughmagandie
some ither day.

## THE ORDINATION.

For sense they little owe to frugal Heav'mTo please the mob they hide the little giv'n.
1.

Rilyaznock wabsters fidge an' claw, An' puur your creeshle natlons ;

6
PCEvits,

An' ye wha leather rax an' draw, Of a' denominations,
Swith to the Laigh Kirk, ane an' a'
An' there tak up your stations;

- Then aff to $B-g b-$ 's in a raw, An' pour divine libations

For joy this day.
II.

Curst Common Sense, that imp o' $\mathbf{h - l i}$, Cam in wi' Maggie Lauder;* But 0 —aft made her yell, An' R—_sair misca'd her: This day M'_ takes the fail, And he's the boy wi!! bland her! IIe'll clap a shangan on her tail, An' set the bairns to daab her Wi' dirt this day.

## IIT.

Mak haste, an' turn King David owre, An' lilt wi holy clangour;
O' double verse come gie us four, An' skirl up the Bangor;
This day the Kirk kicks up a stour, Nae mair the knaves shall wrang her, For heresy is in her pow'r, An' gloriously she'll wang her

Wi' pith this day.
IV.

Come, lot a proper text be read, An' touch it aff wi' vigour,
How graceless Ham $\dagger$ leugh at his Dad, Which made Canaan a niger ;
Or Phincas $\ddagger$ drove the murdering blade Wi' wh-re-abhorring rigour ;
Or Zipporah 9 , the scaulding jade, Was like a bluidy tiger

I' th' inn that day.

* Alluding to a scoffing ballad which was made on the eat mission of the late reverend and worthy Mrr. L. to the Lasgh Kirk.
$\dagger$ Fenesis, c. ix. ver. ू2. $\ddagger$ Numbers, c. xxv. veq. 8,
( Exodus, ch. iv. vcr. 25.
V.

There, try his mettle on the creed, And bind him down wi' cantion, That Stipend is a carnal weed

He taks but for the fashion;
And gie him o'er the flock, to feed,
And punish each ransgression;
Especial, rams that cross the breed.
Gie them sufficier, threshin,
Spare them nae day.
VI.

Now auld Kilmarnocl, cock thy tail,
And toss thy horus fu' canty;
Nae mair thou'It rowte out-owre the d
Because thy pac,ure's scanty;
For lapfu's large o' gospol kuil
Shall fill thy crib in plenty,
An' runts o'grace the pick and wale,
No gien by way o' dainty,
But ika day.
VII.

Nae mair by Babel's streams we'll weep
To think upon our Zion;
And ling our fiddles up to sleep, Like baby-clouts a-dryin.
Come, screw the pegs wi' tunefu' cheep, And o'er the thairms be tryin;
Oh, rare ! to see our elbucks wheep,
An' a' like lamb-tails flying
Fu' fast this day ?
VIII.

Lang patronage, wi' rod o' airn Has shor'd the kirk's undoin,
As lately $\boldsymbol{F}-n w-c k$, sair forfair, Has proven to its ruin :
Our Patron, honest man! Glencairn, He saw mischief was brewin:
And, like a godly elect bairn,
He's wal'd us out a true ane,
And sound this day.

## IX.

Now R harangue nao mair,
But steek your gab for ever:
Or try the wicked town of Ayr, For there they'll think you clever:
rOASUS

Or, nae rellection on your lea. Ye may commonee a shaver; It to tle $\mathbf{N}-1 / h-r t-n$ repair, And thm a carpet weaver inf hand this day.

## X.

HI- and you were just a match, We never had sic twa droms ;
Auld Hormie did the Laigh Kirk watck Just like a winkin bandrons:
And ay he atch'd the tither wretch, To fry them m his ceudrons;
But now h. homour maun detachr Wi' a’ hit brimstone syuadrons, Fast, 'ast this day,

## XI.

See, sce an'd Orthodoxy's fips She's s.wintein thro' the city :
Hark, how the nime-taild cat she plays ? I row it's unco melly:
There, Learning, with his Greekish face, Grunts ont some Latin dity ;
Ind Commma Eense is gaun, she sayg
Toumak to Fanis Beattue
Ulo plaint this day.
III.

But there's Mumbity himse', Embracing all opinions;
Hear, how he gies the tither yell, Between his tiva companions:
See, now slee peels the skin an' fell, As ane were peeling onions !
Now there-they're packed aff to $\mathrm{h}-1 \mathrm{l}$, And banish'd our dominions,

Ilenceforth this day.
XIII.

O happy day, rejoice, rejoice! Come, bouse about the porter !
Morality's demure decoys, Shall here nae mair find quarter:
$\mathrm{M}^{6} \longrightarrow, \mathrm{R} \longrightarrow$ are the boym, That Heresy can torture :
They'll gie her on a rape a hoyse, And cow her measure shorter

By the head some day

Come, bring the tither mutchkin fis, And here's for a conclusion, To every New Light mother's son, From this time forth, Confusion; If mair they deave us with their din, Or Patronage intrusion,
We'll light a spunk, and, ev'ry skin,
We'll rin them affir fusion
Like oil, some day.

## ADDRESS

TO THE UNCO GUID, OR RIGIDLY RIGHTEOUE.
My son, these maxims make a ruie, And lump them ay thegither;
The rigid righteous is a fool,
The rigid wise anither;
The cleanest corn that e'er was dight
May hae some pyles o' caff in;
So ne'er a fellow-creature slight
For random fits o' daffin.
Solomon.-Eccleg. ch. vii. ver. 16.

## I.

O yr wha are sae guid yoursel, Sae pious and sae holy,
Ye've nought to do but mark and tels Your neebor's faults and folly ?
Whase life is like a weel-gaun mill,
Supply'd wi' store 0' water,
The heapit happer's ebbing still,
And still the clap plays clatter.
II.

Hear me, ye venerable core, As counsel for poor mortals,
That frequent pass douce Wisdom's door, For glaiket Folly's portals;
I, for their thoughtless, carelces sakes, Would here propone deferices,
Their donsie tricks, their black mistake, Their failings and mischances.

## III.

Ye see your state wi' their's compar'd
And shudder at the niffer,
But cast a moment's fair regard,
What makes the mighty differ;
Discount what scant occasion gave,
That purity ye pride in,
And (what's aft mair than a' the lave)
Your better art o' hiding.
IV.

Think, when your castigated pulse Gies now and then a wallop,
What ragings must his veins convulse,
That still eternal gallop:
Wi' wind and tide fair i' your tall,
Right on ye scud your sea-way:
But in the teeth o' baith to sail, It makes an unco leeway.

## V.

See social life and glee sit down, All joyous and unthinking,
Till quite transmugrify'd, they're grow,
Debauchery and drinking:
0 , would they stay to calculate
Th' eternal consequences ;
Or your more dreaded hell to state, Dammation of expenses !
VI.

Ye high, exalted, virtuous dames, Ty'd up in godly laces,
Before ye gie poor frailty names, Suppose a change o' cases:
A dear lov'd lad, convenience snug, A treacherous inclination-
But, let me whisper i' your lug,
Ye're aiblins nae temptation.
VII.

Then gently scan your brother man, Still gentler sister woman;
Tho' they may gang a kenning wrang;
To step as . de is human:
One point must still be greatly dark,
The moving why they do it ;
And just as namely can ye mark, How far perhaps they rue is.
VIII.

Who made the heart, 'tis he alone
Decided!y can try us,
He knows each chord, its various tone,
Cach spring-its various bias;
Then at the balance let's be mute, We never can adjust it;
What's done we partly may compute,
But know not whal's resistcd.

## THE TWA HERDS.*

O A' ye fous, godly flocks,
Well fed on pastures orthodox,
Wha now will keep yon frae the for,
Or worrying tykes,
Or wha will tent the waifs and crocks,
About the dykes?
The twa best herds in a' the wast,
That e'er gac gospel horn a blast,
These five-and-twenty sunmiers past,
O' dool to tell,
IIac had a bitter, black out-cast
Atween themsel.
O M——y, man, and wordy R-11,
How could you raise so vile a bustle?
Ye'll see how new-light herds will whistle,
And hink it fine.
The L-d's cause ne'er gat sic a twistle, Sin' I hae min'.
O, Sirs ! whae'er wad hae expeckit, Your duty ye wad sae ney!eckit,
Ye wha were ne'er by lairds respeckit,
To wear the plaid,
But by the brutes themselves eleckit, To be their guide.

- This piece was among the first of our author's produc tions which he suburtted to the public, and was occasioned Oy a dispute betsocen two clergymen, rear Kilmarnock.

VoL. II.
$E$

What flock wi' M-y's flock could rank,
Sar hale and hearty every shank,
Na poison'd, sour, Arminian stank, He let them taste,
I ae Calvin's well, ay clear they drank, O sic a feast!

The thummart wil'-cat, brock, and tod, Weel kenn'd his voice thro' a' the wood,
He smell'd their ilka hole and road, Baith out and in,
And weel he lik'd to shed their bluid, And sell their skin.

What herd like R -Il tell'd his tale,
His voice was heard thro' muir and dale,
He kenn'd the Lord's sheep, ilka tail, O'er a' the height,
And saw gin they were sick or lale, At the first sight.

He fine a mangy sheep could scrub,
Or nobly fling the gospel club,
And new-light herds could nicely drub, Or pay their skin,
Could shake them o'er the burning dub ;
Or heave them in.
Sic twa !-O, do I live to see't !
Sic famous twa should disagreet,
An' names, like villain, hypocrite,
Ilk ither gi'en,
While new-light herds, wi' laughin spite,
Say neither's tiein' !
A' ye wha tent the gospel fauld,
There's D -n deep, and $\mathrm{P} \longrightarrow \mathrm{s}$ shaul,
But chiefly thou, apostle A-d,
We trust in thee,
That thou wilt work them, hot and cauld, Till they agree.

Consider, Sirs, how we're beset,
There's scarce a new herd that we get,
But comes frae 'mang that cursed seh,
I winna name,
I bope frae heav'n to see them yet
In fiery tlame.

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

D-e has been lang our fae, M-Il has wruught us meikle wae, And that curs'd rascal ca'd $\qquad$ And baith the S--s, That aft hae made us black and blae, Wi' vengefu' paws.
Auld $\mathbf{W}-w$ lang has hatch'd mischlef, We thought ay death wad bring relief But he has gotten, to our grief,

Ane to succeed him.
A chiel wha'll soundly buff our beef
1 meikle dread him.
And monie a ane that I could tell, Wha fain would openly rebel, Forbye turn-coats amang oursel,

There $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{h}$ for ane, I doubt he's but a gray nick quill,

An' that ye'll fin'.
0 : $a^{\prime}$ ye flocks, $o^{\prime}$ er $\mathbf{a}^{\prime}$ the hills, By mosses, meadows, moors, and fells, Come join your connsels and your skilb

T'o cowe the lairds,
And get the brutes the power themsels
To choose their herds
Then Orthodoxy yet may prance, And Learning in a woody dance, And that fell cur ca'd Common Sense,

That bites sae sair,
Be banish'd o'er the sea to France;
Let him bark there.
Then Shaw's and D'rymple's eloquence
N'- Il's close, nervous excellence,
M'Q-'s pathetic manly sense,
And guid M'-h,
Wi' S-th, wha tho' the heart can glanes
May a' pack aff.

THE CALF.
TO THE REV. MR. -
On his Text, Walachi, ch. iv. ver. 2 "And they shall ges forth, and grow up, like caloes of the stall."

Rıgut, Sir ! your text l’ll prove it true, 'Tho' Heretics may langh;
For instance, there's yoursel just now, God knows, an unco Calj!
And shonld some Patron be so kind, As he'ss you wi' a kirk,
3 doibt na, Sir, but then we'll fimb, Ye'restill as gieat a Stirl.
But, if the lover's raptirrd hour Shall ever be your lot,
Forbid it, cv'ry lraventy Power, You e'er should be a Stot!
Tho' when some kind, comabial deaz, Your but-ant-ben alorns,
The like has been, thit you may wear A noble head of horns.
And in your lng , most reverend James, To hear yon roar and rowte,
Few men o' sense whll ciontit your claims To rauk amang the nowte.
And when ye're mmber'd wi' the deas, Below a grassy hillock,
Wi' justice they may mark your head-
"Here lies a famous Bullock!"

HOLY WILJIE'S PRAYER.
O trov, wha in the heavens dost dwell,
Wha, as it pleases best thysel',
Sends ane to heaven and ten to hell,
A' for thy glory,
And no for ony guid or ill
They've done afore thee!
I bless and praise thy matchless might,
Whan thousands thou hast leit in mght,
That I am here afcre thy sight,
For gifts an' grace,
A burnin an' a shinin light,
To a' this place.

What was I, or my generation,
That I should get euch exaltation?
I, wha deserve sic just damnation, For broken laws,
Five thousand years 'fore my creation, Thro' Adam's cause.
When frae my mither's womb I fell, Thou might hae plunged me into hell, To gnash my guns, to weep and wail, In burnin lake,
Whare damned devils roar and yell, Chain'd to a staik.

Yet I anı here, a eloosen sample,
To show thy grace is great an' asore ;
I'm here a pillar in thy temple, Strong as a rock,
A guide, a buckler, an' example To a' thy flock.
O L-d, thou kens what zeal I bear,
When drinkers drink, and swearers swear,
And singin there, and dancin here,
Wi' great an' sma':
For I am keepit ly thy fear, Free frae them a'.
But yet, O I-d ! confess I must,
At times I'm fash'd wi' fleshly lust, An' sometimes too, wi' warldly trust Vile self gets in !
But thou remembers we are dust, Defis'd in sin.

Besides, I farther mann allow, Wi' Lizzie's lass, three times I trow;
But, L-d, that Friday I was fou, When I came near her,
Or else, thou kens thy servant true Wad ne'er hae steer'd her
Maybe thou lets this fleshly thorn,
Beset thy servant e'en and morn,
Lest he owre ligh and proud should tura,
'Cause he's sae gifted ;
If sae, thy !ıan' maun e'en be borne,
[Tntil thou lift it.

L-d, bless thy chosen in this place, For here thou liast a chosen race ; But G-d confound their stubhorn face, And blast their name,
Wha bring thy elders to disyrace,
An' public shame.
I. -d , mind $\mathbf{G}-\mathrm{n}$ II —n's deserts,

IIe drinks, an' swears, an' plays at carts,
Yet has sae monie takin arts,
Wi' grit an' sma',
Frae G-d's ain priest the people's hearto
He steals awa'.
An' whan we chasten'd him therefor, Thou kens how he bred sic a splore,
An set the warld in a roar
0 ' laughin at us;
Curse thou his basket and his store, Kail an' potatoes.

L-d, hear my earnest cry an' pray'r,
Against that preshyt'ry $0^{\prime}$ Ayr;
Thy strong right hand, L-d, make it bare, Upo' their heads,
L-d, weigh it down, and dirna spare,
For their misdeeds.
O L-d, my G-d, that glib-tongu'd A $-\mathrm{a}_{\text {, }}$
My very heart an' saul are quakin,
To think how we sfood sweatill, slakin, An' d-d wi' dread,
While he, wi' hinging lips and snakin, Heid up his head.
L-d, in the day of vengeance try $\mathrm{him}_{1}$
L-d, visit them wha did employ him, An' pass not in thy mercy by 'em,

Nor hear their pray'r ;
But for thy people's sake, destroy 'een,
And dinna spare.
But, L-d, remember me and mine
Wi' mercies temp'ral and divine,
That 1 for gear and grace in ly shirse,
Excelld by nane;
An' $a$ ' the glory shall be thine,
Amen, Amew

## EPITAPII ON HOLY WILLIE.

Hrre Itoly Willie's sair-worn clay Takes up its last abode; Ilis sanl has taen some other way, Ifear the left-hand road.
Stop : there he is as sure's a gun, I'oor silly body, see limn;
Nae wonder lie's as black's the grun, Observe wha's standing wi' him.
Your brunstane devilship, I sce, llas got him there before ye;
But haud your nine-tai! cat a-wee, 'Till ance you've heard my story.
Your pity I will not implore,
For pity ye hae nane;
Justice, alas ! has gien him o'er, And mercy's day is gaen.
But hear me, Sir, Deil as ye are, Look something to your credit:
A coof like him wad stain your name, If it were kent ye did it.

## THE KIRK'S ALARM.*

A SATIRI.
Ortiondax, Orthodox, wha believe in John Knox,
Let me sound an alarm to your conscience;
There's a heretic blast has been blawn in the wast, That what is no sense musi be nonsense.
Dr. Mnc, $\dagger$ Dr. Mac, you should stretch on a rack, To strike evildoers wi' terror;
To join faith and sense upon onie pretence, 1s heretic, damnable error.
Town of Ayr, Town of Ayr, it was mad, I declare, To meddle wi' mischief a-brewing;
Frovost John is still deaf to the church's relief, And orator Bob ${ }_{+}^{+}$is its ruin.
*This poem was woritten a short time after the puslication of Dr. N'(Till's Fssay.


D'rymple mild, * ['ryuple mild, tho' yonr heart's like a child, And your life like the new driven smaw,
Fet that winna save ye, auld Satan must hae ye, For preaching that threc's ane and twa.
Rumble John, † Rumble John, momit the steps wi' a groan, Cry the book is wi' heresy cramm'd ;
Then lug out your lad!e, dral hrimstone like adle, And roar every note of the damn'd.
Simper James, $\ddagger$ Simper James, Ieave the fair Killie dames, There's a holier c'rase in your view;
['ll lay on your head, that the pack ye'll soon lead, For puppies like you there's but fiw.
singet Sawney, Singet Sawney, are ye lierding the penny, Unconscious what evils await?
Wi' a jump, yel!, and howl, alarm every soul, For the foul thief is just at your gate.
Daddy Auld, $\|$ Dadrly Auld, there's a tod in the fauld, A tod meikle waur than the Clerk ;
Tho* ye can do little shaith, ye'll be in at the death, An' gif ye cana bite, ye may bark.
Davie Bluster, er Davie Bluster, if for a saint ye do muster, The corps is no nice of recruits;
Yet to worth let's be just, royat b'und ye might boast, If the ass was the king of the brutes.
Jamy Goosc, ** Jamy Goose, ye hae made but toom roose In huntige the wicked lieuteant;
But the Doctor's your mark, for the L , d's haly ark, Ile has conqe' d, and caw'd a wrang piu in't.
Poet Willie, $\dagger$ Poet Willie, gie the doctor a volley, Wi' your liberty's chain and your wit;
O’er Pernsus' side ye ne’er lad astride,
Ye but sacht, man, the place where he sli-t.
Andro Gouk, if Andro Gouk, ye may slander the book, And the book not the watur, let me tell ye:
Ye are rich, and look bis, but lay by hat and wig, And ye'll hae a calf's head 0 'sma' value.

[^13]
## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

Barr Steenic,* Barr Steenie, what niran ye! what mean ye! If ye'li meddle nae mair wi' the matter,
Ye may hae some pretence to havins and sense, Wi* people wha ken ye uat bettur.
Irvine Side, $\dagger$ Irvine Side, wi' yonr turkey-cock pride, Of mathond but sma' is your sliare;
Ye've: the figure, 'tis true, even your faes will allow, And your friends they dare grant ye nae mair.
Muirland Jock, $\ddagger$ Misirlind Jock, when the :-d makes a rock To crush Common Sense for lier sins,
If ill manners were wit, there's no mortal so fit To corfound the pror doctor at once.
Holy Will,s Ifoly Will, there was wit i' your skull When ye pilfer'd the alms o' the poor;
The timmer is scant, were ye're taen for a saint, Wha should swiag in a rape for an loour.
Calvin's sons, Calvin's soms, seize your sp'ritual guns, Ammmition you never can need;
Your hearts are the stuff, will be powther enough, And yeur skulls are store-houses o' lead.
Port Burns, Poet Burns, wi' your priest-skelping turns, Why desert ye your auld native shire?
Your muse is a gipsic, e'en thr' she were tipsie, She could ca' us nae waur than we arc.

Letter to johN goudie, flh.hhrovock, on teg publication of mis essays.
O Gounie ! terror o' the whige,
Dread o' liack coats and rev'reud wigs,
Soor ligotry, on dee last leyse,
Girnin looks hack,
Wlshing the ton F.gyptian phagties
Wad seize you quick.
Poor gapin, glowrin Superstition,
W'aes me, she's in a sad condition;
Fly, bring Back-.Jock, lier state physician,
Tosse her w-ter;
Ales ! there's ground o' great suspicion
ifhe'll ne'er get letter.


Auld Orthodoxy lang did grapple, But now she's got an unco ripple, Haste, gie her name up i' the chapel Nigh unto deatl;
See how she fetches at the thrapple, An' gasps for breath.
Enthusiasm's past redemption,
Gaen in a galloping consumption, Not a' the quacks wi' a' their gumption,

Will ever mend her,
Her feeble pulse gies strong presumption,
Death soon will end her.
'Tis you and Tavlor* are the chief,
Wha are to blame for this mischief;
But gin the Lord's ain focks gat leave,
A toom tar-barre!
An' twa red peats wad send relief, An' end the quarrel.

## A DEDICATION TO GAVIN HAMILTON, ESQ

Expect na, Sir, in this narration,
A fleeching, fleth'rin dedication, To rouse you up, an' ca' you guid. An sprung o' great an' noble blint, Because ye're surnam'll like his grace, F'erhaps related to the race;
Then when I'm tir'd-auld sae are ye,
Wi' mony a fulsome sinfu' lie,
Set up a face, how I stop) short,
For fear your modesty be hurt.
This may do-maun do, Sir, wi' them wha
Mann please the great folk for a wamefou;
For me! sae laigh I needina bow,
For, Lord be thankit, I can plough;
And when I downa yoke a naig,
Then, L-d be thankit, I can ben;
Sae 1 shall say, an' that's nae flat'rin, It's just sic Poet, an' sic Patron.

The Poet, some guid angel help him, Or else, I fear some ill ane skeip him,
He may do weel for a' he's done yet,
But only he's no just begun yet.

* Dr. Taylor of Norwich.

The Patron, (Sir, ye maun forgie me, I wima lie, come what will $0^{\circ}$ me,)
OII ev'ry hand it will allaw'd be, He's just nae better than he should be.

I readily and freely grant, He downa see a poor man want :
What's no his aill lie wimnatak it,
What ance lee says he winna break it,
Ought he can lend he'll no refus't,
Till aft his gouduess is athus'd:
And rascals whyles that do him wrang,
Ev'n that, he does not mind it lang:
As master, landlord, Ims'and, father
He does na fail his part in either.
But then, nae thanks to him for a' that
Nae grodly symptom ye can ca' that,
If's nachling but a milder feature,
Of our ркит, sinfu', cormpt nature:
Ye'll get the heri o' morai works,
'Alang black Gentoos and pagan Turhs
Or hunters will! on Punotaxi,
Wha never heard of ortholoxy:
That he's the poor man's frimed in need,
The gentleman in word and dred,
I's no thro' terror of d-mnation:
It' $\varepsilon$ just a carnal inclination.
Morality ! thou dradiy hane, Thy tens "' hrusamds thom hast shain! Vain is his lume, whense stay anl trust is
In moral mercy, trulh, and justice!
No-stretch a point to catch a plack ;
Abuse a brother to his llack;
Steal thro' a winnock frie a wh-re,
But peint th the rake that takes the door:
Be to the poor like onie whunstane,
And haud their noses to the grumstane ;
Ply every art 0 ' legal thieving;
No matter, stick to sound bcliering.
Learn three-mile prayers, and half-mile graces,
Wi' weet-spead hoves, an' lang wry faces;
Grumt up a solemin, lingthend groan,
And dumn n' parties but your own:
I'll warrant then, ye're nae decewer,
A seady, sturdy, staunch believer.

O ye wha leave the springs of $C-l v-n_{3}$ For gumlie duds of your ain delvin :
Ye sons of heresy and error,
Ye'll some dey squeel in quakin terror !
When Vengeance draws the sword in wrath,
And in the fire throws the sheath;
When Ruin, with his sweepirg besom,
Just frets till heav'n commission gies him ;
While n'er the harp pale mis'ry moans,
A nd strikes the ever-deep'ning tones,
Still louder shrieks, and heavier groans !
Your pardon, Sir, for this digiession, I maist forgat my Dedication!
But when IVivinity comes cross me, My readers still are sure to luse me.

So, Sir, ye see 'twas nae daft vapour, But I maturely thonght it proper, When a' my works I did review,
To dedicate them, Sir, to $y$ пи:
Becanse (ye need na tak it ill)
I thought them something like yoursel.
Then parronise them wi' your favour,
And your petitioner shall ever-
I had amaist said, ever pray,
But that's a word 1 need na say;
For prayin I hae little skill o't ;
I'm haith dead-sweer, an' wretched ill o't;
But I'se repeat each poor man's pray'r, That kens or hears about you, Sir:-
"May ne'er misfortune's growling bark, Howl thro' the dwelling o' the Clerk!
May ne'er his gen'rous, honest heart, Fior that same gen'rous spirit smart !
May K-s far honour'd name
Lang beet his hymeneal flame,
Till II——s, at least a dizen,
Are fran their nuptial labours risen; Five Ionie lasses romed their table And seven braw fellows, stont an' able To serve their king and country weel, By word, or pen, or pointed steel:
May health and peace, with mutual rays,
Shime on the evening o' his days ;
Till his wee curlie John's ier-oe,
When ebbing life nae mair shall flow,
The last, sad, mouruful rites lestow !"

I will not wind a lang conclusion, Wi' complimentary effision :
But whi'st your wishes and endeavours
Are blest wi' Fortune's smiles and favours,
I am, dear Sil, with zeal most fervent,
Your much indebted humble servant.
But if (which powers above prevent!)
That iron-hearted carl, Want,
Attended in his grim advances,
By sid mistakes and black mischances,
While hopes and joys and pleasures fly him,
Make you as poor a dog as 1 am ,
Your humble servant then no more;
For who would humbly serve the poor?
But by a poor man's hopes in Jleav'n!
While recollection's pow'r is given, If, in the vale of humble life,
The victim sad of Fortune's strife,
I, thro' the tember gushing tear,
Should lecognise ny master dear,
If friendless, low, we meet together,
Then, Sir, your hand-my friend and irother.
I.IJVES

ADDRESSED TO MR. JUHN RANKEN.
Ae day as death, that grousome carl,
Was triving to the tither warl'
A mixtie-maxtie motly squad,
And monie a guitt-hespotted lad;
Black gowns of fach denomination,
And thieves of every rank and station,
From him that wears the star and garter,
Tu him that wintes in a halter;
Asham d himself to sce the wretches,
He mutters, glow'ring at the b-es,
"Ay G-, I'll not be scen behint them,
Nor 'mang the sp'ritual corps present them,
Wihout, at least, ae honest nan,
To grace this damn'd infernal clan."
By Adamhill a glance he threw,
" L-d $G-d$ !" quoth he, "I have it now
There's just the man I want, in faith."
Aad quickly stopped Ranken's breath.

## LINES

WRITTEN BY BURNS, WHILE ON HIS DEATH-BED, TO THE SAME.

He who of $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{k}-\mathrm{n}$ sang, lies stiff and dead, And a green grassy hillock hidee his head; Alas! akas! a devilish change indeed!

EXT'EMPORE.

## ON THE LATE N.R. WILLIAM SMELLIE.

To Crochallan came*
The old cock'd hat, the gray surtont, the same ;
His bristling beard just rising in its might,
'Twas four fong nights and davs to slaving-night;
His uncomb'd grizzly locks wild staring, thatehod A head for thought profound and clear, mmateh'd;
Yet, tho his caustic wit was hiting, rule, His heart was wam, benevolent, and good.

## EXTEMPORE.

At a meeting of the Dumfriesshire Volunteers, held to comb memorate the anniversary of Rodncy's victory, April, 1 tith, 1782, Burns was called upon for a song, instead of tohteh he delivered the following lines extempore:

Instead of a song, boys, I'll give you a toast, Here's the menory of those on the twelfth that we lost: That we lost, did I say, nay, by Heav'n, it it we found, For their fame it shall last while the worla goes round. The next in succession, !'ll give you the king, Whoe'er would betray hin, on high may he swing; And here's the grand fabric, our free constitution, As built on the base of the great revolution; And, longer with politics not to be cramm ${ }^{\circ}$ d, Be anarchy curs'd, and be tyranny damm'd; And who wound to liberty e'er prove dishoyal, May his son be a hanginan, and he the first tial.

[^14]TO MR. S**E,
81 RETUGING TO DINE WITH HIM, AFTER IIAVING BZEN PROMISED THE FIRST OF COMPANY AND THE FIRST COURERY.

No more of your gilests, be they titled or not, And conk'ry the first in the nation;
Who is proof to thy personal converse and wit, ls proof to all other temptation.
December 17, 1795.

$$
\text { TO MR. } S^{* *} E
$$

WITH A PRESENT OF A dozen of porter.
O HAD the malt thy strength of mind, Or hops the flavour of thy wit ;
'Twere drink for first of human kind, A gift that e'en for $\mathrm{S}^{* *} \mathrm{n}$ were fit,
Jerusalem Tavern, Dumfries.

## EXTEMPORE.

WRITTEN IN ANSWER TO A CARD FROM AN INTIMATE OY BURNS', INVITING HIM TO SPENDAN HOUR AT A TAVERN.

Tur king's most humble servant, I
Can scarcely spare a mumute;
But l'll be wi' ye by an' by,
Or else the Deil's be in it.

EXTENPORE.
WRITTEN IN A LADY'S POCKET BOOK.
Graxt me, indulgent Ileav'n, that I may live To ace the miscreants feel the pains they give; Deal Freedom's sacred treasures free as air, THI dave and despot be but things which were

8

## LINES

## ON MISS J. SCOTT, OF AYR.

OH ! had each Scot of ancient times, Been, Jeany Scoth, as thou art, Tlie bravest heart on English ground, Had yielded like a coward.
LINES,

OX BEING ASKED WHY GOD HAD MADE MISS DAVIS 80 KIETE AND MISS - SO LAROE.
Written on a Pane of Glass in the inn at Moffate
Ass why God made the gem so small, An' why so huge the granite !
Because God meant mankind should se3 The higher value on it.

> LINES

Whittin under the ficture of the celearated mias burns.
Cease, ye prudes, your envious railing
Lovely Burns has charms-confess;
True it is, she had one failing,
Had a woman ever less?

## LINES

WRitten and presented to mrs. kemble, on biekna ire in the character of taricu.
Kemble, thou cur'st my unbelief
Of Moses and his rod;
At Yarico's sweet notes of grief,
The rock with tears had flow'd.
Dumfries Theatre, 1794.

## LINES

Written on windows of the alobe tavern, dumfrieg.
Tue grayheard, old Wisdom, may boast of his treasures, Give me with gay Folly to live;
I grant him his calm-blooded, time-settled pleasures, But Folly has raptures to give.

I murder hate by field or flood,
Tho' glory's name may screen us ;
In wars at hame I'll spend my blood,
Life-giving war of Venus.
The deities that I adore,
Are social Peace and Plenty.
I'm better pleased to make one more,
Than be the death of twenty.

My bottle is my holy pool,
That heals the wounds o' care and dool; And pleasure is a wanton trout, An' ye drink it, $y^{\prime}$ 'l find him out.

In politics if thou would'st mix, And mean thy fortunes be:
Bear this in mind, be deaf and blind, Let great folks hear and see.

## LINES

## WRITTEN ON A WINDOW, AT THE EING'S ARMS TAVERK, DUMFRIES.

Ye men of wit and wealth, wi' a' this sneering
'Gainst poor Excisemen, give the cause a hearing:
What are your landlord's rent-rolls ? taxing legers:
What premiers, what? even Monarch's mighty gaugers 1
Nay, what are priests? those seeming godly wise men:
What are they, pray? Sut spiritual Excizemen.
Vot. II.
G

## POEMS,

## A VERSE,

Presentea by the author, to the master of a house, at a place in the IIghiands, where he had been hospitably entertained.

Wirn Death's dark stream 1 ferry $0^{\prime}$ er, A time that surely shall come:
In 1 : aven itself, l'll ask no more, Than just a Ilighand welcome.

## EPIGRAM

[Burns accompanicd by a friend, having gone to Inverary at a time when some company wore there on a visit to the Duke of Argyll, findinglhimsclf und his companoon entirely neglected by the innkceper, whose whole attention seemed to be occupied with the visitcrs of his Grace, expressed his aisapprisation of the incivility with which they wecre treabed in the following lines.]

Whoe'er he be that sojourns here, I pity much his case,
Unless he comes to wait upon
The Lord their God his Grace.
There's naething here bit Highland pride, And Highland scab and lumger;
If Providence has sent me here,
'Twas surely in an anger.

## EPIGRAM

On Elplinstone's translation of Martial's Epigram?
O Thou whom Poetry abhors,
Whom Prose has iurn'd out of doors,
Heard'st thou that groan? -proceed no further,
'Twas laurell'd Martial roaring murder.

## YERSES,

Written on a worndow of the inn at Cayron,
We cam na here to view your warks
In hopes to be mair wise,
But ouly lest we gang to hell,
It may be nae surprise :

But when we tirl'd at your door,
Your porter dought na hear us; Bae may, slould we to hell's yetts come, Your billy Satan sair us!

## EPITAPH

On a celebrated ruling Elder.
Here souter **** in death does sleep;
To h-II, if he's gane thither,
Satan, gie him thy gear to keep,
He'll haud it weel thegither.

## ON \& NOISY PGLEMIC.

Below thir stanes lie Jamie's banes:
O Death, it's my opinion,
Thou ne'er took sucli a blethrin b-tch, Into thy dark dominion !

## ON WEE JOHNNY.

## Hic jacet wee Johnnie.

Whor'er thou art, O reader, know,
That Desth has murder'd Johnnyl
An' here his body lies fu' low-
For suut he ne'er had ony.

## FOR G. H. ESQ.

Tze joor man weeps-here $\mathbf{G}-\mathrm{n}$ sleeps, Whom canting wretches blam'd:
But with such as he, where'er he be,
May I be sav'd or damn'd f

## ON A WAG IN MAUCIILINE.

Lament him, Mauchline husbandsa', He aften ditl assist ye:
For bad ye staid whole weeks aw'a', Your wives they ne'er had miss'd ye.
Ye Mauchline bairns, as on ye pass To school in bands thegither,
O tread ye lightly on the grass, Perhaps he was your father.

## ON JOIIN DOVE,

Inn-kecper, Mauchline.
Mere lies Johnny Pidgeon,
What was his religion,
Whae'er desires to ken,
To some other warl
Maun follow the carl,
For here Johnny Pidgeon had nane.
Strong ale was ablution,
Smalí beer persecution,
A dram was memento mori;
But a full tlowing bowl
Was the saving his soul,
And port was celestial glory

ON WALTER S-.
Sic a reptile was Wat,
Sic a miscreant slave,
That the worms ev'n d—d him,
When laid in his grave.
"In his flesh there's a famine," A starv'd reptile cries;
"And his heart is rank peison," Another replies.

## ON A HENPECKED COUNTRY SQUIRE.

As father $A$ dam first was fool'd, A case that's still too commion,
Here lies a man a woman rul'd, The Devil rul'd the woman.

## EPIGRAM ON SAID OCCASION.

O neath, had'st thou but spar'd his life, Whom we this day lament!
We freely wad exchang'd the wifc, And a' been weel content.
Ev'n as he is, cauld in his graff, The swap we yet will do't;
Tak thou the Carlin's carcass aff,
'hou'se get the saul o' boot

## ANOTHER.

One Queen Artemisa, as old stories tell, When deprived of her husband she loved so well, In respect for the love and affection he'd shown her,
She reduc'd hirn to dust, and she drank up the powder
But Quepn $\mathrm{N}^{* * * * * * *, ~ o f ~ a ~ d i f f e r e n t ~ c o m p l e x i o n, ~}$
When call'd on to order the fun'ral direction,
Would have eat her dead lord, on a slender pretence,
Not to show her respect, but-to save the expense.

## ON THE DEATH OF \& L.AP DOG NAMED ECHO

In wond and wild, ye warbling throng, Your heavy loss deplore;
Now half-extinct your powers of song, Sweet Echo is no more.
Ye jarring, screeching things around, Scream your discordant joys;
Now half your din of tuneless sound With Echo silent lies.

## IMPROMPTU ON MRS. --S BIRTH-DAY,

## 4th Novemúcr, 7793.

Old Winter with his frosty beard, Thus once to Jove his prayer preferr'd: What have I done, of all the year, To bear this hated doom severe?
My cheerless sons no pleasur: know;
तights horrid car drags dreary, slow;
My dismal montlis ho joys ate crowning,
Hat spleeny English, lhanging, drowning.
Now, Jove, for once be mighty civil,
To counterbalance all this evil;
Give me, and I've no more to say,
Give me Maria's natal day !
That brilliant gift will so enrich me,
Spring, Summer, Autumn, cannot match me. 'Tis dr,ne, says Jove ;-so ends my story, And Winter once rejoic'd in glory.

## MONODY

## On a Lady famed for her caprice.

How cold is that bosom which folly once fir'd :
How pale is that cheek where the muge lately plisten'd!
How silent that tongue which the echoes on tir'd! How dull is that ear which to flatury so listen'd:
If corrow and anguish their exit await, From friendsliip, and dearest affection remov'd;
How doubly severer, Eliza, thy fate,
Thou diedst unwept, as thou lived'st unlov'd.
Loves, Graces, and Virtues, I call not on you;
So shy, grave, and distant, ye shed not a tear:
But cone, all ye offispring of Folly so the,
And flowers let us cull for Eliza's cold bier.
We'll search theo the garden for each silly flower, We'll raan thro' the furest for each idle weed;
But chiefly the netue, so tynical, shower,
For none e'er ap, 'oach'd her hut rued'the rash deed.
We'll scutpture the murble we'll measure the lay,
Here Vanity strums on her idiot lyre;
There keen Iudignation shall dart on her prey, Which spurning Contempt shall redeem from her ira

## THE EPITAPH.

Here lies, now a prey to insulting neglect,
What once was at iü'ortlv, pay in life's beam;
Want only of wistom denien nee zeseret,
Want only of goodness denied her esteem

ODE,
Sacred to the memory of JIrs. -_ of -
Dieetler in yon dungeon dark, Itamyman of creation ! mark
Whor in widow-weeds apprars,
Ladell with mhlomenr'd years,
Noosing with care a bursting purse,
Baited with many a deadly curse!

## STROPHE.

View the wither'd heldam's faceCan thy keen inspection trace
Aught of humanity's sweet melting grace?
Note that eye, 'tis rheum o'crllows,
Puty's fluod there never rose.
Sue those hamds, ne'er stretch'd to save,
Hands that took-but never gave.
Keeper of Mammon's irnn chest,
In! there slie goes, mpitied and unblest !
She goes, but not to realnis of everlasting rest !

## ANTISTROPHE.

Plunderer of armies, lift thine eyes, (Awhile forbrar, ye tott'ring fiemds.) S. ext thou whose step unwilling hither beads?

No fallen anmel, hurl'd from npper skies;
'Tis thy trusty quond am mate,
Derom'd to share thy fiery fate,
She, tardy, hell-ward plies.

## EPODE.

And are they of no inore avail,
Ten thousand glittering pounts a-year?
In other worlds can Atammon fail,
Omnipotent as he is here?

O, hitter mock'ry of the pompous bier,
White down the wretched vital part is driv' $n$ ! The cave-lodg'd beggar, with a conscience clear, Expires in rags, unknown, and goes to heav'n.

## THE HENPECKED HUSBAND.

Curs'd be the man, the poorest wretch in life, 7 he crouching vassal to the tyrant wife, Who has no will but by her high permission; Who has not sixpence but in lier possession: Who must to her his dear friend's secret tell; Who dreads a curtain lecture worse than hell.
Were such the wife had fallen to my part,
I'd lireak her spitit, or I'd break her heart;
I'd charm her with the masic of a switch,
I'd kiss her maids, and kick the perverse b-h.

## ELEGY ON THE YEAR 1788.

For lords or kings I dinna mourn,
E'en let them die-for that they're born :
But, oh! prodigious to reflect,
A Toumont, sirs, is gane to wreck !
O Eighty-eight, in thy sma' space
What dire events hae taken place!
Of what enjoyment thou hast reft us !
In what a pickle thou hast left us !
The Spanish empire"s tint a head, An' my auld teethless Bawtie's dead; The toolzie's tengh 'tween Pitt and F $x$ x, An' our gudewife's wee birly cocks;
The ane is game, a bluidy devil,
But to the hen-birds unco civil;
The tither's dour, has nae sic breedin,
But better stuff ne'er claw'd a midden :
Ye ministers, come mount the pulpit, An' cry till ye he hearse an' rupit; For Eighty-eight, he wish'd you weel, An' gied you a' baith gear an' meal: E'en monie a plack, an' morie a peck. Ye ken yoursels for little feck !

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH

Ye bonie lasses dight your een,
For some o' you hae tint a frien';
In Eighty eight, sae ken, was ta'en
What ye'll ne'er hae to gie again.
Observe the very nowt an' sheep,
How dowff an' duwie now they creep;
Nay, ev'n the yirth itsel does cry,
For Embro' wells are grutten dry'
O Fighty-nine, thou's but a bairn,
An' no owre auld, I hope, to learn ?
Thou beardless boy, I pray tak care,
Thou now has got thy daddy's chair,
Nae hand-cuff'i, nuzz!'d, half-shackl'd regent.
But, like himself, a full, free agent
Be sure ye follow ont the plan
Nae waur than he did, honest man!
As muckle better as you can.
January 1, 1789.

## TAM SAMSON:S* ELEGY.

In honest man's the noblest work of Gou.
Pope
Has auld K_ seen the Deil?
Or great M- t ihrawn his heel?
Or $\mathrm{K}- \pm$ agaia grown werl,
To prearli an' read ?
" Na , waur than a"!" cries ilka chiel, Tam Samsun's dead!

* When this worthy old spartsman wornt out last muirfowl scason, he supposed it ions to be, in Ossian's phrase, "the last of his fields;" and expressed an ardint wish to die and be buried in the muirs. On this hint the author composed his Elegy aud Fpitaph.
$\dagger$ A certam proacher, a great favourite with the million Tide the Ordination, stanza II.
$\ddagger$ Another preacher, an cqual favourite with the few, who was at that tame ailing. For him, se= also the Ordanation. stazza $/ X$.

POENIS,
$K$ ——lang may gromt ari grane, An' sigh, an' sab, an' greet her lane, An' cleed her hairns, man, wilf, an' wean In mourning werd:
To death she's dearly pitid the kane,
Tam Sanison's dead!
The hrethren of tlie mystic lenel,
May hing their head in wofn' bevel, While by the nose the tears will revel, Like onie bead;
Death's gien the lorge an mino devel ;
Tam Samson's dead!
When winter muffes up his cloak,
And binds the mire up like a rook; When to the hmplis the curlers flick, Wi' gleesome speed,
Wha will they station at the cock?
Tram Sanson's dead!
He was the king 0' a' the core,
To guard, or draw, or wick a bore,
Or up the rink like Jchu roar
In time of need;
But now he lags en death's hog.score,
'Tain Samson's dead!
Now safe the stately sawmont sall, And trouts beilropy'd wi' crimson bail, And eels well kenird for souple tail, And geds for greed, Sine dark in death's fish-r.rcel we wail, Tam Samson's dead!

Rejoice ye birring paitricks a' ; Ye contle nuircricks, cunisely craw ; Ye maukins, cock your ful fil braw,

Withouten dread;
Your mortal fae is now alw?
Tam Sannson's dead:
That wofu' morn he ever mourn'd, Saw him in slontin graith adorn'd, While pointers romed in!patieat burn' $\mathbf{d}_{\text {, }}$

Frae couptes freed;
But, och ! he gaed, and ne"er rrturn'd;
Tam Samson's dcad!

In vain auld age his body batters,
In win the got his ancles fetters !
In vain the horn conme down like waters
An : cre braid!
Now evely anld wife, grectin, clatters,
Tam Samson's dead!
Owre many a weary hag lie limpit,
An ay the tither shot his thumpit,
T'ill coward death behind lim jumpit,
Wi' deadly feite;
Now be proclains, wi' twat o' trumpet,
'I'am Sansun's dead!
When at his lieart he felt the dagger,
Ile reel'd his wouted hottle swagger,
But yet he drow the mortal triger
W' weel-ain'd deed;
" L-d five !" he cry'd, au' owre did stagger ;
T'am Samson's dead!
Ilk hoary himer mamm'! a brither;
Ilk simertiman youth bembind a father;
Yon aud gray stane, nmang the lieather,
Mlarks out his head,
Whare Eurus has wrote, in rhyming blether,
Tam Samson's deail !
There l'w he lies, in lasting rest;
Perhaps l. on his menid'ring breast
Sume spitefu' mairfowl bigs her nest,
To liatch ant breed;
Alas ! nat mair he'.: them molesi!
Tam Sumsun's dead!
Whicn Angens winds the heather wave,
And 未fallinell waller by yonl erave,
Three volleys It his men'ry crave
O'promther an' lead,
Till echo answer frae her cive,
Tran Samson's dead!
Heav*r rest his saul wherecr lee be:
Is the wish at mon ie thate than we;
He had iwa fathts, or may be thrce,
Yet what wine ad?
Ae soc'al honest man want we;
T'am s:mheon's dead!


Mourn ilka grove the cushat kens :
Ye haz'lly shaws and briery dens!
Ye burnies, wimplin down your glens,
Wi' todillin din,
Or foaming strang, wi' hasty stens, Frae lin to lin.

Mourn, little harebells o'er the lee;
Ye stately foxgloves fair to see;
Ye woodbines hanging bounlie,
In scented bow'rs;
Ye roses on your thony tree,
'The first $0^{0}$ flow'rs.
At daw' $\eta$, when ev'ry grassy blade
Droops with a diamond at his herd,
At ev'n, when beans their fragrance shed
l' the rustling gate,
Ye maukins whiddin thro' the glate,
Come, join my wail.
Mourn, ye wee songsters o' the wood;
Ye grouse that ciap the heather bud;
Ye curlews calling thro' a chod;
Ye: whistling plover;
And mourn, ye whirring paitrick brood;
He's gane for ever!
Mourn, sooty coots, and speckled teals,
Ye fisher herons, watching eels;
Ye duck and drake, wi' airy wheels
Circling tle lake;
Ye bitterns, till the quagmire reels, Rair for his sake !

Mourn, clam'ring craiks at close o' day
'Mang ficlds o' flow'ring clover gay;
And when ye wing your annual way
Frae our cauld shore,
Tell thee for warids, wha lies in clay,
Wham we deplore.
Ye l:nulets, frae your ivy how'r,
In some anld tree, or eldritch tow'r,
What the the noom, wi' silent glow's,
Sets up her horn,
Wail thro' the dreary midnight hour,
Till waukrife morn!

O rivete, rests, hills and plains: Of have ye heard my canty strains: But now, what else for me remains But tales of wo;
And frae my een the drapping rains Maun ever flow.

Mourn, Spring, thou darling of the year,
Ilk cowslip cup shall kep a tear ;
Thou, Simmer, while each corny spuar
Shoots up its head,
Thy gay, green, flow'ry tresses shear,
For him that's dead!
Thou, Autumn, wi' thy yellow hair,
In gricf thy sallow mantle teat!
Thou, Winter, hurling thro' the air
The roaring blast,
Wide o'er the naked world declare
The worth we've lost !
Mourn him, thou sun, great source of light !
Mourn, empress of the silent night !
Aud you, ye twinkling starries bright,
My Mathew mourn!
For through your orbs he's taen his flight,
Ne'er to return.
O Hendcrson! the man ! the brother !
And art thou gone, and gone for ever?
And hast thou cross'd that unknown river,
Life's dreary bound?
Like thee, where slall I find another,
The warld around!
Go to your sculptur'd tombs, ye great,
In a' the tinsel trash o' state!
But by thy honest turf I'll wait,
Thou man of worth !
And weep the ae best fellow's fate
E'er lay in earth.

## THE EPITAPIL

Stop, passenger, my story's brief;
And truth I shall relate, man;
I tell na common tale o' grief, For Mathrw was a great man.

CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.
If thou uncommon merit hast,
Yet spurn'd at Fortune's door, man;
A look of pity hither cast,
For Mathew was a poor man.
If thou a nobler sodger art,
That passest by this grave, man,
There moulders here a gallant heart,
For Matthew was a brave man.
If thou on men, their works and ways, Canst throw uncommon light, man;
IIere lies wha weel had won thy praise,
For Matthew was a bright man.
If thou at friendship's sacred ca' Wad life itself resign, man;
Thy sympathetic tear maun fa', For Matthew was a kind man :

If thou art staunch, without a stain, Like the unchanging blue, man :
This was a kinsman o' thy sin, For Matthew was a true man.
If thou hast wit, and fun, and fire, And ne'er guid wine did fear, man ; This was thy billie, dam and sire, For Matthew was a queer man.

If onie whiggish, whingle sot, To blame poor Matthew dare, man : May dool and sorrow be his lot, For Natthew was a rare man.

## ONASCOTCHBARD <br> GONE TO THE WEST INDIEg.

A' YE wha live by soups o' drink, A' ye wha live by crambo-clink,
A' ye wha live and never think,
Come mourn wi' me!
Our billie's gien us a' the jink,
An' owre the sea.

## POEMSN,

Lament him, a' ye ransin core,
Wha dearly like a randonn-splore,
Nae mair lie'll join the merry roarg
In sucial key:
For now he's taen abither shore, Au' owre the sea.
Tlie bonie lasses weel may wiss himp And in their dear petitions phate him: The widows, wives, an' a' may bless hims

Wi' tearfu' e'e;
For weel I wit they'll sairly miss him, 'I'lsat's owre the sea.

O Portune ! they hate room to grimble;
Hadst thou tarn atf some drowsy bumanls,
Wha can do nuaght that fyke an' tumble,
"I'wad lieen nae plea;
But lie was gleg as onic wimble,
That's owre the sea.
Auld, cantic Kyle may weepers wear, An' stain them wi' the saut, saut tear ;
" $\Gamma$ will make her poor auld heart, 1 fear, In fimblers tlee;
He was her laureate monic a year
'I'hat's owre the sea.
He saw misfortune's cauld nor-zoes\&
Lang musteting up a bitter blast;
A jillet brak his heart at last,
III may slie be!
So, took a birth afore the mast,
An' owre the sea.
To tremble uniler Fortune's cummocta,
On scarce a bellyfu' o' drmmanock,
Wi' his jroud, independemt stomach,
Conld ill agree';
So, row't his lurdies in a hammock,
An' owre the sea.
IIe ne'er was gien to great inisgulding,
Yet coin lis prucloes wad ua bide in:
Wi' him it ne'er wits under hiding
He dealt it free:
The Muse was a' that he took pride $n$.
I'hat's owre the sea.

## GHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

Jamaica bodies, use him weel, An' liap him in a cozie tiet;
Ye'll find him ay a dainty chlel,
And fou o' glee ;
He wad na wrang'd the vera Deil,
That's owre the sea.
Farewed, my rhyme-composing billie!
Your native soil was right ill-willie ;
But may ye flourish like a lily,
Now bouilie!
I'll toast ye in my hindmost gillie,
Tho' owre tine sea.

## ON PASTORAI, POETRY.

flail, Poesie! thou nymph reserv'd!
in chase o' thee, what crowds hae swerv'd
Frae common sense, or sunk enerv'd
'Mang heaps o' clavers ;
Ard och ! o'er aft thy joes ae starv'd,
'Mid a' thy favours ?
Say, Lassie, why thy train amang,
While loud the truinp's heroic clang,
And sock or buskin skelp alang
To Ceath or inarriage ;
Scarce ane has tried the shepherd-sang
But wi' miscarriage?
In Homer's craft Jock Milton thrives ;
Eschylus' pen Will Shakspeare drives;
Wee Pope, the knurlin till him rives
Iloratian fame:
In thy sweet sang, Barbauld, survives
Ev'n Sappho's flame.
But thee, Theocritus! wha matches?
They're no heru's ballats, Maro's catches:
Squire Pope but busks his skinklin patches
$\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ heathen tatters:
I pass by hunders, nameless wretches,
That ape their betters.
In this braw age o' wit and lear,
Will nane the Shepherd's whistle mair
Blaw sweetly in its native air
And rural grace;
And wi' the far-fam'd Grecian, share
Von. II.
A rival place?
H
POEVIS,

Yes ! there is ane; a Scutish callan:
There's ane; come forrit, honest Allin!
Thoa need na jouk belint the ha!tan,
A chiel sae clever;
The teeth o' time may ghitit Tambalian, Bat thou's for ever.
Thon paints ank Nature to the nines, In thy swee: Caledonian lines ;
Nae gowden streatm tho' myrtles twines, iVhere Philomel,
While nightly breezes swerp the vines, Her gricts wiil te!1!
In gowany glens thy burnie strays,
Where honie lasees bloweh their claes;
Or trots by hazel!y shaws and brates,
Wi hawthoras srity,
Where blackbirds join the shepherd's lays At close ${ }^{\prime}$ day.
Thy raral luves are nature's srl;
Nae bombast spates $0^{\circ}$ nonsemse swell;
Nae s.ap conceits, but that sweet spell
O' witchin hove,
That charm that eam the strongest quell, The steraest in jve.

## PROLOGUE,

bPoken at the theatre, eldislasd, on new yeak dag evening.

No song nor dance I bring from yon great city That queens it o'er our taste-the more's the pity: Tho', by the ky, abroad why will von roma? Good sense and taste are natives liere at hume: But not for panegyric I appear, I come to wish you all a good new-year!
Old Father Tine deputes ine here lefore ye,
Not for to preach, but tell his simple story:
The sage, grave Ancient cough'd, and hade me say
"You're one year older this important day :"
If wiser too-be himted some suggestion,
But 'twould be rude, yon know, to ask tha question;
And with a would-be rngnish leer and wink,
He bade me on yon press this ene word-" think!"

Te aprightly youths, quite flush with hope and spirit, When think to storm the world by dint of merit, To yon the Dotard has a deal to say, In lisis sly, dry, sententious, proverb way : Ile bisls you mind, amid your thnughtless rattle, That the first blow is ever half the battle: 'That tho' some by the skirt may try to snatch him, Yet by the forelock is the hold to catch him: That whether doing, suffering, or forbearing, You may do miracles by persevering.
Last tho' not least in love, ye youthful fair Angelic forms, high Heav'n's peculiar care! Tu you anti Bald-pate smonths his wrinkled brow, And lumbly begs you'll mind the important-now? To crow: your happiness he asks your leave, And offers, bliss to give and to receive.
For our sincere, tho' haply weak endeavours, With grateful pride we own your many favours:
And howsoc'er our tongues may ill reveal it, Believe our glowing bosoms truly feel it.

> PROLOGUE,

## GPOEEN BY MR. WOODS, ON IIS EENEFIT-NIGR\&,

$$
\text { Monday, 16th April, } 1787 .
$$

Wten by a generous public's kind acclaim, That dearest meed is granted-honest fame ; When here your favour is the actor's lot, Nor even the man in private life forgot;
What breast so dead to heav'nly Virtue's glow,
Eut heaves impassion'd with the grateful throe?
Poor is the task to jlease a harh'rous throng,
It needs no Siddous' powers in Southron's song;
For here an ancient nation, fam'd afar
For genius, learning high, as great in war-
Hail, Caledonia 1 name for ever dear !
Ibefore whose sons I'm honour'd to appear :
Where every science-every nobler art-
That can intorm this minul, or mend the heart,
Is known ; as grateful nations oft have found,
Far as the rude barbarian marks the bound.

Philosophy, no idle pendant dream,
Here holds her search by heaven-taught Reason's beam
Ilere Ilistory paints with elegance and force,
The tide of Empire's fluctuating course ;
Here Douglas forms wild Shakspeare into plan,
And Harley* ronses all the god in man.
When well-form'd taste and sparkling wit unite,
With manly lore, or femaie beauty bright,
(Beauty, where faultless symmetry and grace,
Can only charm us in the second place,
Witness, my heart, how oft with panting feat
As on this night, I've met these judges here!
But stil the hope Experience taught to live,
Equal to judge-you're candid to forgive.
No hundred-headed Riot here we meet,
With decency and law beneath his feet;
Nor Insolence assumes fair Freedom's name;
Like Caledonians, you appland or blanie.
O Thou : dread Po wer ! whose empirc-giving hand Has oft been stretch'd to shield the honour'd land:
Strong may she glow with all her ancient fire;
May every son lie worthy of his sire ;
Firm may she rise with generous disdain,
At Tyranny's or direr Pleasure's chain;
Still self-dependent in her native shore,
Lold may she brave grim Danger's loudest roar, Till Fate the curtain dron on worlds to be no more. $\}$

## THE RIGHTS OF WOMAN,

AN OCCASIONAL ADDRESS SPOKEN BY MISS FONTENELLE OK HER BENEFIT NIGHT.
Winle Europe's eye is fix'd on mighty things, The fate of empires and the fall of kings; While quacks of state nust each produce his plan, And even children lisp the Rights of JIan; Amid this mighty fuss, just let me mention, The Rights of Woman merit some attention.

First in the sexes' intermix'd connexion, One sacred right of Woman is protection.The tender flower that lifts its head, clate, IIelpless must fall before the blast of fate,

* The Min of Feeling, voritter by Mr. M'Kensie.

Rink no the earth, defac'll its lovely form, U'nltas your shaiter ward th' impending storm.

Oir second Right-but needless here is caution, Tou ke:口 $p$ that right inviolate's the fasl:ion, Fiach mion of stuse has it so full betore him, Ife d slie before hed wrong it-'tis derorum.There was indeed, in far less prolish'd days, A tme when romgh, tude man had naughty ways; Womld swayger, swear, get drunk, kick up a riot, Nay, ewoll this iuvale a lady's quiet-
Ninw, thank our stars ! these Gothic times are fled:
Nus, wroll.|rrad men-and you are all well breal-
Alast jisily think (and we are much the eqainers)
Su: h conduct neither spirit, wit, nor manmers.
For Right the third, our last, nur best, our dearest, That right to flutsring femate hearts the nearest,
Which even the Rights of Kings in low prostration,
Mast lumaly own-'tis dear, dear admiration!
In that blest sphere alone we live and move,
There tas'e that life of life-immortal Inve.-
Shiles, glances, sighs, tears, fits, flirtations, airs,
'Gainst such of host what flinty savage dares-
When awful Beanty joins with all her clarms,
Who is so rash as rise in rebel alms?
But truce with kings, and truce with constitutions, EFinh hborly armaments and revolutions; Let majesty your first attentien summon, Ah ca Iral the Majesty of Womin!

## ADDRESS,

EPOKEN BY MISS FONTENELLE, ON IIER BENEFIT-NIGET DECEMBER 4, 1795, AT THE THEATRE, DUMFRIKS
Still anxious to secure your partial favour,
And not less anxious sure this night than ever, A Irologne, Epilogue, or some stich matter, 'Tivonld vamp my hill, said I, if nothing better;
So, simght a l'oet, roosted near the skies,
Told him I came to feast my curious eyes ;
Sinin, mothing like his works was ever printed;
Ami last my Prologue-business slity hinted.
" Ma'an, let me twll you," quoth iny man of rhymes,
"I know your bent-tises are no loughing times:

Can you-but, Miss, I own I have my fears,
Dissolve in pause-and sentimental tears-
With laden sighs, and solemm-rounded sentence,
Rouse from his sluggish slumbers, fell Repentance;
Paint Vengeance as he takes his horrid stand, Waving on high the desolating brand,
Calling the storns to bear him o'er a guilty land!",
I could no more-askance the creature eyeing,
D'ye think, said I, this lace was made for crying?
I'll laugh, that's poz-nay more, the world shall know it
And so, your servant! gloomy master poet!
Firm as my creed, Sir, 'tis my fix'd belicf,
That Misery's another word for Grief;
I also think-so may I be a bride !
That so much laughter's so much life enjoy'd.
Thou man of crazy care and ceaspless sigh, Stili under bleak Misfortune's blasting eye;
Doon'd to that sorest task of hian alive-
To make three guineas do tite work wf five;
Laugh in Misfortune's face-the beldam witch:
Say, you'll be merry, tho' you can't be rich.
Thou other man of care, the wretch in love,
Who long with jiltish arts and airs hitst strove:
Who, as the boughs all iemptingly project,
Measur'st in dosperate thought-a rope-thy neck -
Or, where the bleeting eliff o'erhangs the decp,
Peerest io meditate the healing leap;
Wonld'st thou he cur'd, thou silly, moping elf?
laugh at her follies-langh e'en at thyself:
Learn to despise those frowns, now so torrific,
And love a kinder-that's your grand spectic.
To sum up all, be merry, I advise;
And as we're merry, may we still be wise.

## FRAGMENT,

insCRIBED TO THE RIUH: HUN. O. J. fox.
How wistom and folly meet, mix, and unite,
How virtue and vice blend their black and tiseir white, How genius, th' illustrious fither of tiction,
Confounds rule and law, reconciles contradiction-
I sing: If these mortals, the critics, should hustle,
I care not, not I, let the critics go whisile.

But now for a Patron, whose name and whose glory At once may illustrate and honour my story.

Thou first of our orators, first of our wits;
Iet whese parts and arquirments scem mere lucky hits ;
With knowledge so vast, ind with judgment so strong,
No man with the halt of "em ere went far wrong;
With-passions so potent, and fancies so bright,
No man with the half of 'em e'er went quite right;
A so.ry, foor mishegot son of the Muses,
For using thy uame offers filty excuses.
$\mathbf{G o u d} \mathrm{L}-\mathrm{d}$, what is man! for simple as he looks, Do but try to develop his hooks and his c:ooks ;
W'ith his depths and his shal!ows, his good and his evil,
All in all he's a problem nust puzzle the devil.
On his one ruling passion sir Pope hugely labours,
That, like th' old Hebrew walking-switch, eats up its neighhours:
Mankind are lis show-box-a friend, would you know himg
Pull the string-miling passion the picture will show him.
What pity, in rearing so heanteous a system,
Ore trifing particular, truth, shou'd have niss'd him;
For spite of his fine theoretic positions,
Manhind is a science defies definitions.
Sonme sort all our qualities each to its frihe,
And tinnk human liature they truly describe:
Have you foumd this or t'other? there's mere in the wind,
As by one drunken fellow his comradrs you'll fiud.
But such is the flaw, or the depth of the plan,
In the make of that wonderful creature, call'd Man,
Notwo virums, whatever relation thiey clairn,
Nor even two different shades of the same,
Thongh like as was ever twin brother to brother,
Possessing the one shall imply you've the other

## INSCRIPTION

TOR AN ALTAR TO INDEPENDENCE, AT KERROUGHTR $\%$, TH seat of mr. heron, written in semmer, li95.

Trinv of an independent mind,
W'ill soul resolved, with suml resign'd;
Prepar'd Power's prondest frown to brave,
Who wilt unt he, nor have in slave;
Virtne alone who dost revere,
Thy own reproach alone dost fear, Approach this shrine, and worship here. $\{$

## 11\%

## POELAS ADURESS TO EDINBURGX.

I.

Edina! Scotia's larling spat!
All hail thy palaces athi tow'rs,
Where once bemeath it monarclis fees
Sat legislistion's suv' reign furw're !
From narking widlly scather'd flow'rg, As on the banks of Iyyr I striny'd, And singing, lone, the ling ring hours, $i$ shelter ill thy honourd shiade.

IT.
Tere wealth still swoils the golden tide, As lansy trade his labours plies;
rliere architecture's noble prade Bicis elegance and splendour rise; *) Jore Jntice, from hor native skies, High wields her hatance and her roci;
Thete Learning with his eayle eyeg, Sceks science in her coy athode.

## IIJ.

Thy sens, Edina, social, kind, With open arms the stranger hail;
Their views enlarg'd, their lib'ral mins
Above the natrow, rural vate;
Sitellive still to sotrow's wail,
Or modest merit's silent claim ;
And never may their sources fitil?
Ana never envy blot their name.
IV.

Thy danghters bright thy walks adorn:
Gay as the gilded suminer sky,
3iweet as the dewy milk-white thorn,
Bear as the rapurard thrill of joy :
Fair B_ strikes th' adoring eye!
Heav'n's beanties on n!y fancy shina
I see the sire of luve on high.
And own lis work jndeed divine!
V.

Thrre, watching high the least alarms,
Thy rouyh, rude fortress gluams afar:
like some !n'd vet'ran, gray in arms, And mark'd with muny a seamy esas:

The pond'rous wall and massy bar, Grim-rising o'er the rugged rock; Have of withstood assailing war, And oft tepelicd the invader's shock.
VI.

With awe-struck thought and pitying tearg, I view that noble, stately dome, Where scotia's kings of other years, Fam'd leernes, had their noyal home :
$\Lambda$ las ! how chang d the time to come;
Their royal name low in the dust!
Their hapless race wild-wand'ring roam: Tho' rigid law cries out, 'twas just !
VII.

Wild beats my heant to trace your steps,
W'hose ancestors, in days of yore,
'Thro' hostile rasks and rum'd gaps,
Old Scotia s blondy lion bore;
Ev'in $I$ who sing in rustic lore,
Ilaply $m y \operatorname{sircs}$ have left their shed,
And tiac'd grim danger's loudest roar,
Bold following where your fathers led:

## VIII.

Edina! Scotia's darling seat!
All hail thy palaces and inw'rs,
Where once beneath a monarch's feet
Sat legislation's sov'reign pow'rs !
From marking wild!y-scatter'd fow'rs,
As on the banks of Ayr I stray'd,
And singing, lone, the ling'ring houre,
I shelter in thy honour'd shade.

## Boor ${ }^{\text {V }}$

## SONGS AND BALLADZ.

A CIISION
As 1 siond by ynn ronfless tower, Where the wat thower scems the dowy aly
Where the howlet mourns in lien iwy luiver, And tells the midnight moon her care:

The winds were laid, the air was still, The stars they shot alang the sky;
The fox was howling on the hill, And the distant-echoing glens reply

The stream, adown its hazelly path. Was rushing by the ruin'd wa's, Hasting to join the sweeping Nith, Whase distant roaring swells and fa's.
The canld blue north was streaming forth Her lights, wi' hissing perie din;
Atlinrt the lift they start and shitit, like Fortune's favours, tint as win.
By heedless chance Iturn'd my eyes, And by the inum-beam, shork, to sed
A stern and stalwart ghaist arise, Attir'd as minstrels wont to be.
Hall I statue heen o' stane, Its darin look had damented me:
And on his tonnet gravid was plain, The sacred posy-L.bertie:
And frae his harp sic strains did flow, Mis!tt rmist the slunharing dead $\omega$ heas:
But oh: it sas a tale of wo, As ever met a Briton's ear!

POEMS, CHIEFLT SCOTTISK. E E S
Ile sang wi' joy his former day,
He, weeping, wail'd his latter times;
But what he said it was nae play,
1 winna ventur't in iny rhymes.*

## BAN.NOCK PURN.

robert bruce's address to h:s army
Scots, wha hate wi' Wallace bled,
Scots, wham Bruce hats alten led;
Wi:conte to your sory bed, Or to glorious victorie.
Now's the day, and now's the hour ;
Sice the front o' batle lower;
Sce appruach prowd Edwaril's power-
Jalwart! chains! and slaverie!
What will he a trator knave?
Wha can till a comad's grave?
Wha step liase as be a slave?
'rator! covaret! turn and fiee!
Wha for Scotland's king and liav
Freedon's sword will strongly draw,
Free man stamd, or free-mata lu?
Caledanita! on wi' me!
By oppressim's woes and pains!
By yomr sums in servile chains:
Whe will dram our dearest veins,
But they shadl be-shall be free !
Lay the froud usurpers low !
Tyrams tall in every fie:
Libent's ill every blow !
Forward! let us de, or die:

* The scenery so finely described in this poem, is tatica from nature. The poot is supposed to be musing, hy mpht, on the banss of the Cluden, near the ruins of Linclu!den-ubbe?, of which some nccount is grimon in Pennant's 'Tuur and Girase's Aumymtics. It is to be rigrottrd that he sumprosisd the song of libertie. Fram the re'sumres of hts trel:, "s, tillid the grandenc and solemuity of the propuratom, sum, thing mught have been antuctpated, equtal, if not superior, to the Address of Bruec to his Army, to the Song of Jcath, or to the fervid and noble description of the Izeing Soldecr in the field of battle.

SONG OF DEATH.
Scene- A field of battle. Time nf the day-Frening.-The wounded "thd dying of the vistorious army are supposed to join in the followiug Soner.
Farelveld, thou fair day, thon green earth, and ye skleg.
Now gay with the bright setting sun;
Farewell, loves ant friendships, ye dear tender ties, Our race of existence is run!
Thou grim king of terrors, thon life's gloomy foe, Go, frighten the coward and shave :
Go, teach them to tremble, fell tyrart! but know, Nu terrors hast thou to the brave!
Thonstrik'st the dull peasant-he sinks in the dark, Nur salves e'en the wreck of a name:
Thou strik'st the young hero-a glorious mark! Ile falls in the blaze of his fitme!
In the field of pre 'i honour-our swords in our hands, Our King ant! inr conntiy to save-
While Victory shmes on life's last chhing sands, O! who woul not rest with the brave!

## I.HITATION

of an old Jacobite song.
By yon castle wa' at the c'ose of the day, I heard a man sibg, though his head it was gray; And as he was singine, the teas fist down cameThere'il never lue peace till Jomie comes hame.
The church is in rmins, the state is in ars ;
Delusions oppressions, and menderous wars ; We dare nat weel say't, hat tse ken wha's to blameThere'il never be pi ace till Jamie comes hame. My seven braw sons for Jamie drew sword, And now I great ronnd their green beds in the yerd, It lrak the sweet heart o' my faithfu' auld dameThere'll never be peace till Janie comes hame.
Now life is a burden t!at hows me down, Sin' I tint my bairns, and he tint his crown ; But till my last moment my words are the sameThere II never be peace till Jamic comes hame.

## THE LASS OF INVERNESS

Tinx lovely lass $n^{\circ}$ Inverness,
Nut: juy mor pheantre cial she see;
For éminul morn sle cres, alas!
And aye the sitht tear blin's her e'e!
Drumnssie monr, Drumossie day,
A wastin' day it was to me ;
For there 1 hast my father ilear,
My father dear, and brethren three.
Their winding-shect the bluidy clay,
Their graves arte growing greell to see,
And ly them lies ile deatron liad
'That ever blest a woman's e'e ?
Now wae to thee, thou crinel Inrd,
A hluidy nian I tron them he.
For menié at hrart thou hasi mate sair,
That nee er did wrong to thine or the

## THE ABSENT WARRIOR

## Tunc-" Logan Water."

O Lanan, sweptiy didst thon glide, That day I was my Willie's litide; And yeits sillsyme have ober ns run, Jike lagan to the simmer sm.
But now thy how'ry hanks appipar, J, ke drumtie winter, datk and dwar; While my dear lim man fitee his fues, Far, far frac me and Logan braes.

Again the merry montlo o May
Has mande mur hills and valleys say:
Jher birds rejolece in leafy beners,
The heres hum ronn! he lurethit:g fowers:
Phate mornug lits ms bey eye,
And evening's lears are teirs olf joy;
My esrul, delightess, a' surveys,
While Willie's far frae Logan braes.

Within yon milk-white hawthorn bush, A mang her uestlings sits the tirnsh; Her faithfu' mate will share her toil, Or wi' his song her cares hequile; But ', wi' my sweet mursliugs here, Nae mate to help, nae mate to cheer, Pass widnw'd nights and joyless days, While Willie's far frae Logan bracs.

O wae upon yon, men $n^{\prime}$ state, That brethren ionse to deadly hate: As ye make monie a fond heart mourn, Sae may it on your heads relum! How can your flinty hearts enjoy The widow's tears, the orphan's cry? But somn may prace bing happier days, And Willie, hame to Logan brues!

> THE WARRIOR'S RETURN
> Air-"The Mill, Mill, O

When wild war's deadly hast was blawh, And gente peace returning,
Wi' monie a stweet batie fatlicrless. And monie a vidow mourning:
I left the lines and tented field, Where lang i'd been a Indeer,
My liumble knapsack a' my wealth, A poor and honest sodger.

A leal, light heart was in my breast, My hand unstain'd wi' Numder;
And for fair Scotia hame ayain, I cheery on did wander.
I thought upon the banks o' Coil, 1 thought upol wy Nancy,
I thought uron the witelinges smile That caught my youthiul fancy.

At Jength I reach'd the honie glen, Where early life I sported ;
1 passed the mill and trystin thorn, Where Nancy af I courted:

Wha spied I but my ain dear maid, [hown by her mother's 小walting!
An! turrid me: remal to lithe the fluod 'That in my eell was swelling.
W'i' alter'd voice, quoth I, swert hass Sweet as yon hawthorns hlussom,
O: liaply, happy may lie be, 'Ihat's dearest to thy bosom!
My purse is light, I've far to gang, And thin wontal be thy laderer;
l'vesrved my king anil country lang, 'J'ake pity on a sorlger.
Sae wistlitly she gaz'd on me, Atul lovelier was than ever:
Qug' she, a sodzery alme I lo ed, Forget him shall I never:
Our hmalle cot, and hamely fare, V'e freviy shatl partake it,
That gatlamt bidse, the dear enckade, Ye're welcone firt the siake o't.
She gaxill-she redilen'd like a rosesjum pille like ony lily;
She satuk within my arms, and cried, Ant thsu my ain dear Willie?
By him who made yon sman aky By whonin trine love's regaraled,
I ani the man ; mul thus may still True lovers be rewarded.
The wars are foer, and l'm come hame, And find the s'i.l true-hearted:
Tho' por ingear, were rich in love, And mair we'se ne'er be parted.
Qun' she, my grandsire Ieft me gowd, A mailen phonishod lairly ;
And comes, my fathtinl sulger larl, Thmort welcome to it deaty!
For wold the merchant plogighs the main 'The farmar plowghs the manor ;
But alory is the sulgar's prize: 'The somper's weath is homour :
The thave ponr sodger me'er despise Nor cumbt him as at stratrger,
Rempmber he's his combtry's st?y In day and hour of danger.

## LORD GREGORY.

O MIRK, mirk is this midnight hour And lond the tempisis roar:
A witrli' wanderer seeks thy tow'r, Lord Cregory, ope thy door.

- An exile frae her fathcr's ha', And a' for loving thee;
At least some pity on me shew, If love it may tia be.

Lord Gregory, mind'st thou not the grove By bonie Irwine side,
Where first I own'l thit virgin-love I lang, lang tad denied.

How alten didst thou pleilge and vow, Thou wad for ay be minie:
And iny fond heart, itsel sae true, It ne'er mistrusted thine.

Hard is thy heart, Lord Gregory, Aud finty is thy breast; Thou dart of Heavent that flashest by, O wilt thou give me rest !

Ye mustering thunders from above, Your willing victim see!
But sipare. and pardon my fanse love, His wrangs to Heaven and me!

OPEN THE DOOR TO ME, OHI
witil alterations
Orf, open the donr, some pity to show
Oh, open the duor twe, mh!
Tho' thou hast heen false, l'il ever prove true,
Oh, open tie door to me, Oh!
Cauld is the blast upon my pale cheek,
But caulder thy love for me, Oh:
The frost that freezes the life at my heart, Is nought to my anims frae thee, Oh !

The wan monn is setting behind the wnite ware
And thme is sething with me, Oh!
False Prients, falae love, farewell! for mair l'Il ne'er trouble then nor thee, Oh!
She has open'd the dror, she has open'd it wide ; She srees his pale corse on the piath, On:
My true love, she cried, and sank down by his side, Never to rise again, Oll!

## THE ENTREATY.

Tunc--" Let me in this ac night."
O larsie, art thou slecping yet?
Or arl thon wakin, 1 would wit?
For love has bonnd me hand and fooi,
And I would fain be in, jo.
chorus.
O let mo in this ae nimht, This ae, ar, ae nieht;
For pity's snke, this ae night; 0 rise and let me in: jo.

Thou hear'st the winter wind and weet,
Nae star blinks thro' the driving steet;
Tak pity on my weary fiet,
And shield tme frae the rain, jo.
O let, \&c.
The hitter blast that round me blaws,
Unherdea howls, unherded fa's;
The cauldness o' thy luart's the cause
Of a' my grief aisd pain, jo.
O let, scc.

## THE . ANSIVER.

O TESA, nia me o wind and rain,
Uporaid ráa ate exi' c:ahlidivitain!
Gat bark the gatr ve ram agan.
I wanta let yout in. јo.

FOEMS,
chores.
It:ll yon none this ap night, This ue, "e, we metht; Aud anre from -- uns at night 1 tomна let you in, jo.

The salitest ilast, at mirkrst hours, That romed the pithless wamid'ret pours, Is nacht to what pur she endures,

That's trusted fimhtess man, jo.
I tell, \&c.
The swentest flower that deck'd the mead.
Now tronden like the vilest weed;
Let simple maid the lessm read,
The weird maty lue her ain, jo. 1 tell, \&ec.
The bird that charm'd his summer-day, Is now the crucl fuwler's prey;
Let withess, trusting woulan say
How aft her latues the same, jo. 1 tell, \&c.

## THE FOR LORN LOVER.

Tune-' Let me in this ae night."
Forlorn. my love, no comfort near,
Far, far from thep, I watuder here,
Far, far from thet, the fate severe
At which I must repine, love.
chorus.
O wert thon, love, but near me,
But near, near, neitr me:
How kimilly tho" noundst cheer me,
And ninugle sigh̀s with mine, love.
A round me scowls a wint'ry skv, That hasis each lond of horpe and boy; And shelter, shade, nor home liabel,

Save in those arms of hime, tose.
(3) wert, \&c

Colf, alter'd friendship's cruel par, To joison Fortune's ruthlosia dartLet me unt break thy fauthtul heart, And say that fite is mine, luve. O wert, \&c.
But dreary tho' the moinents fleet, O let me think we yot sliall uneet ! That onlv ray of solace sweet

Can on thy Cibloris shine, love.
O wert, \&c.

## THE $D R E . g R Y$ NIGHT.

Tune-" Cauld Kail in Aberdeen."
How long and dreary is the night, When I am fiate my darie !
I restless lie frae e'en to mom, Though I were ne'er sae weary. chorus.
For oh, her lantely nights are lang; And oh, her dreamis are eeric;
And oh, her widno'd heart is sair,
That's abscut frae her dearie.
When I think on the lightsome days
I siment wi' thee, my dearie;
And now what spias between us roar, Huw can I but be perie?

For oh, \&c.
How slow ye move, ye heavy hours;
The joyless diy, how dreary!
It was na sae ye glinted ly,
When I was wi' my dearie.
For uh, \&cc.

[^15]
## CHORUS.

O why should Fute sic pleasure have
I, iff's diarcst bands untranemg? Or tohy sue sweet a fivwer as liove, Depend ou Fortune's shining?

This warld's wealth, when I think on, l's pride and a' the lave o't;
Fis, firerin silly coward man,
That he shoutd be the slave 0 't.
O why, \&c.
IIfreen sae bonie blue hrotray Huw sle repriys iny passion;
But prodence is lier o'erword ay, She talks of ramk 'md fitshion.

O why, \&c.
O wha can prudence think upon, Anl sic a lassie hy him?
O whil can jrultuce lhink upong And sac in love as I am?

O why, \&c.
IIow blest the himble cotter's fate!
Ifr woos his simple draries ;
The sille bugles, wealiltand state, Can mever make Ihem eeric.

O why, szc.

## CIJARINDA.

Clarinna, mistress of my soul, The measur'd time is run!
The wrifch heneith the dreary pole, Su marks his latest sun.

To what dark cave of frozen night Shill poor Sylvander hie:
Deprived of thee, his life and light, The sun of a!l his joy.
We part-but by these precious dropa
That fill thy lovely eyes!
No nther ligint shall guide my steps Till thy bright beams arise.
fhe, the fair sun of all her sex,
Ilas blest my glerions day;
Amd shall a glimmering phanet fix
By worship to its ray?

## ISABELLLA.

## Tunc-" M'Grigor of Rero's Lament."

Raving winds around her lolowing,
Yelluw heives the wondlands struwing,
By' i river hoatrsely roaring,
Inabolla stray'd, dephoring-
"Farewell, lours tliat late did measure
Funshine days of joy and pleasure;
Hail, Hou glonthy tught of sorrow, Checrless night the knows no morrow.
"O'er the jast too fondly wandering,
On the hopuless future pondering ;
Clully grief my lite-blood freezes,
Fill de:pair my fancy seizes.
Jafe, thun sonl of every blessing,
1.atid to misery most distressing,

O luw gladly I'd resign there,
And to dark oblivion join thee !"

## WANDERING WIL」IE.

Here awa, there awa, wandering Willic,
Here awa, Here awa, hand away hame;
Come to my ionsom, my ain only dearie,
T'ell me thou bring'st me my Willie the same.
Winter winds blew lond and cauld at our parting,
Fears for my Willie brought tears in inv e'e;
Wricome now simmer, and welcome my Willie, The simmer to nature, my Willie to me.
Reat, ye wild storms, in the cave of your slumbers,
How your diead howling a lover alarms !
Wanken, ye breezes, row gently, ye billows:
And wan nıy dear laddie ance nıair to my arms

But oh, if he's faithless, and minds na his Nanie, Flow still between us, thou wide-rnaring main;
May I never see it, may I never trow it,
Lut, dying, believe that my Willie's my ain!

## THE PルRTING KISS.

Jockey's tam the parting kise, O'er the momntains he is gane;
And with him is a' my bliss,
Nought but griefs with me remain.
Sjare my Inve, ye winds that blaw,
Plaslyy sleets and benting rain!
Epare my luve, thon feathery snaw,
Drifing o'er the lrozen plain!
When the simades of evening crenp
O'er the diay's lair, gladsintie e'e,
Somm and safely may he slerp, Swectly blithe his watukening be :
Ile will think on her he loves,
Fundly he'll repeat her name;
For where'er he distamt roves,
Jockey's heatt is still at hame.

## THE ROARIN゙G OCEAN.

Tune-" Druimion dubl."
Musing on the roaring ocean,
Which tivides my love and me;
Wearying Ileaveli in warm devotion,
For his weal, where'er he be.
ilope and fear's alternte billow
Y'ichling late to N'ature's law ;
Whispring spirits ramul my thllow
'Talk of hinl that's fal awa.
Ye whom sorrow never wounded,
Ye who never shed a tear,
Care mitroutled, joy-surromided,
Gaudy day to you is dear.

Gentle night, do thou befirend me; Downy sleep the curtain diav;
Spirits kind, again attend me,
Talk of him that's far awa !

## FAIRELIZA. <br> A GAELIC AIR.

Tren again, thou"Gair Eliza,
Ae kind think before we part,
Rew on thy despairing lover:
Canst thou break his faithfu' hoez of
Turn agann, thon fair Eliza;
If to love thy heart denies,
For pity hide the cruel sentence
Uader friendship`s kimd disguise :
Thee, dear maid, hac I offended ?
The offence is loving thee;
Canst thon wreck his peace for ever,
Wha for thine would gladly die?
While the life beats in niy bosom,
Thon slaill mix in ilka throe,
Turn asain, thou lovely maiden,
Ae sweet smile on me bestow.
Not the bee upon the blossom,
In the pride $0^{\circ}$ sinny nom:
Not the little sporting fairy,
All beneath the simmer moon ;
Not the port in the mome:nt Fancy lightens on his e'e,
Kens the pleasure, feels the rapture,
That thy preserice gies to me.

ELIZA.
Tune-" Nancy's to the Greenwood," \&c.
Farewell, thou stream that winding fiow Around Eliza's dwelling !
O nem'ry, spare the crucl throee
Within my bosom swelling.

POEME，
Condemn＇d to draz a hopieiess chalis And yet ias secert langhisth， To frem ：fire in ev＇ry vein， Nor dare disclose my angnish．
i，ove＇s vericst wreteh，unseen，unknown，
I fain my griels would cover：
The busting sigh，the unweeting groan Betray the lapless ！over．
I know tion domn＇st me to despair， Nor wilt uor canst helieve me？；
But oh，Eliza，hear one prayer， For jity＇s sake forgive the．
The music of thy voice I heard， Nor wish，while it enslavid me；
I saw thise eyos，yet mothing teir＇d，
Till fears nu wore had sar d me：
The muwary sailor thus ayhast，
The wheeling torent thewing ；
Mid circling horrors sinks at list In overwhelming ruin．

## DEPARTURE OF NンANC》。 <br> Tune－＂Oran－ganil．＂

Behold the hour，the ！nat arrive；
Thou goest，thou derlith of my heart！
Gever＇d frost thee，rath I survive？
But fate has walid，and we must part．
I＇ll offen greet this surging swel！，
Yon distant isle will otten hail：
＂E＇en here I took the last farewell； ＂＇here latest mark＇d her valish＇d eail．＂
Along the solitary shore，
While thuting sea－fowl round me cry，
Acruss the rolling，deshing roar，
I＇ll westward turn my wistfut eye：
Mappy，tiou Indian grove，I＇ll say，
Where now tay Namey＇s path may be！
While thro thy sweets sine luved to stray，
O tell me，does slie muse on me？

## MY NANTE'S AWA.

Tune-"There'll never be peace," \&c.
Now in her green mantle blithe Nature arrays, A nod lisures the lambkins that bleat o'er the hraes, While birts warble welcome in ika green shaw; But to me it's delightless-my Nimie's awa.
The snaw-drap and priminse our woodlands adorn, And videlets bathe in the weet o the morn; They pain my sad linsom, sine sweetly they blaw, They mind me o' Nanie-and Nanie's awa.
Thou lav'rock that springs frate the dews of the lawn The shepherd to warn o' the gray-hreaking dawn, And thou mellow mavis that hatis the night-fa', Give over for pity-my Nanie's awa.
Come, antumn, sae pensive, in yellow and gray And sonth me wi' tidings $o^{\prime}$ Nalure's decay:
The dark dreary wimer and widdriving snaw
Alane can delight me-how Nanie's awa.

## GLOOMY DECEMBER.

Ance mair I hail thee, thou gloomy December ! Ance mair I baul thee, wi' sorrow and care; Ead was the parting thon makes me remember, Parting wi' Nancy, oh! ne'er to meet mair !
Fond lovers' parting is sweet painful pleasure: Hupe beaming mild on the suft-parting hour ;
But the dire feeling, o farezoell for ever!
Is anguish uminingled and agony pure.
Wild as the Winter now tearing the forest, Till the last leat' o the summer is flown,
Such is the tempest has sliaken my boom, Since my last hope and last conifort is gone.
Btll as I hail thee, thou glonmy Decemher, Still shall I hail thee wi' sorrow and care;
For sad was the parting thou makes me remember, Parting wi' Nancy, oh, ne'er to meet mair.

## THE BRAES O' BALLOCIIMYLE.

Tre Catrine wonds were yellow seen, The theners decay don Carine lea, Nae lav rack sang on hillock green, But Nature sicken'd on the c'e.

Thro' faded groves Maria sang, Ilersel in beanty's hoom the whyle, And ay the wild-wood echues rang, Farewell the braes o' Ballochnyle.
Low in your wint'ry beds, ye fowers, Again yell thurish fresh and fait;
Ye hirdies dumb, in with'ing bowers, Again ye'li charm the vocal air:
But hare, alas ! for me nae mair Shall birulie charm, or flow'ret smile, Farewell the donie batiks of Ayr, Farewell, farewell : sweet Ballochmyle.

## B.ANKS O' DOON:

Ye banks and hrars o' honic Doon, How can ye lhom sate fresh and falr ;
How can ye chant, yo hitle hirds, And I sae weary, fu' o' care!
Thon'lt break my heart, thou warbling bird, That wantons thro' the flowering thorn:
Thou minds me o' departed joys,
Departed, never to return.
Oft hae I rov'd by bonie Doon, To see the rose and woodline twine ;
Andilka bird sang o' its iove, And fondly sac did I $0^{\prime}$ mine.
Wi' lightsome heart if mida nes, Fin' swer upon its thorry tree:
A a whe fan!sp hover stole my mse, P.ut, ah! ! he left the thorn wi' me.

## CRAGIE-BURN

## Tune-" Cragie-burn-wood."

Siweet fa's the pye on Cragie-burn, Athd binhe awakes the mertow,
Bu: a' the pride of sprug's return Can yield me nocht but sormow.
I see the fowers an:I sprealing trees, Ihrar the wild brats singing:
But what a weary wisht can pilease, And care his bosin wringing?

Fain, filu would : any giefs impart, Yet liare na fur yoner angur:
But sucret love wili break my heart, If I conceal it langer.

If thon refuse to pity me, If then shat love anither,
When you grow leaves thle frae the tree, Around my grave they'll wither.

THE CHEERLESS SOUL.
Tunc-"Jockey's Grey Breeks."
Abain rejoicing Nature secs Her rohe nswime its vernal hurs, Her lrafy lucks wave in the bereze, All ireshy steepid in morning dews.

In vain to me the conslips blaw,
lll vain te me the vilets spring;
In valu to tre in glen or shaw,
The mavis and the lintwhite sing.
The merry plongh-bey cheers his team, Wi' joy the trutie scomban stalks,
But life to me's a weary dream,
A dream of ane that never wauks.
The wauton cont the water skims, Amang the reroj* the ducklinge cry, The slatily sway mifjertic swans, And evesy tharg is bitet but 1.

The sheep-herd steeks his faulding slap, And owre the moorlands whistles shrill, Wi' wild, unequal, wamd'ting step 1 meet hin on the dewy hill.
And when the lark, 'tween light and dark, Blithe wankens hy the diaisy's sile,
And mounts and sings on tlitterine wings, A wo-worn ghaist I hameward glide.
Come, Winter, with thine angry howl, And raging bend the naked tree;
Thy gloo:n will sooth my cheerless soul, When Nature ath is sad like me!

## THE DISCONSOLATE LOVER.

Now spring has ciad the groves in green, And strew'd the leal wi' fowers;
Tiue furrow'd waviut corn is sech
Rejoice in fostering showers;
Wuile ilka thing in nature join
Their sormens to fircera,
0 why thes all atone are mine The weary strps of wo!
The tront within yon wimpling burn Gludes swift, a silver dart,
And safe beneath the shady thom Delies the angler's art:
My life was ance th:u careless stream, That wanton trom was I;
But hove, wi' unreleming beam, Has scorch'd my fountains dyy.
The little flow'ret's perareful lot, In yonder cliff that grows,
Which, save the iimel's flight, I wot Nae ruder visit knows,
Was mine ; till love lias nof me past, And bighted a' my blomm.
And mow hereath the williering blast My youth and joy consume.
The waken'd lav'rock warbing springs And climbs the early skv, Winnuwing blithe her dewy wings In morning's rosy eye;

As iittle reckt I sorrow's power,
Lints fite fituc:\% ssare
$O^{\prime}$ whehing 'ove, in luckless hour, Mave me the thatl o' care.
O had my fate lieen Greenland snows, Or Afric's buruing zone,
Wi' Men and Nature leagn'd my foes, So Pegey ne'er l'd known!
The wretch whase doom is, " hope nae malr,"
What tongue his woes can tell;
Within whase bosom, save despair,
Nae kinder spixits dwell.

## MARY MORISON.

Tunc-" Bide ye yet."
O mary, it thy window be,
It is the: wish'd, the trysted hour!
Thuse smiles and glancus let me see,
'rhat make the miser's treasure poor;
How blithely wad I bide the stoure,
A weary slave frae sun to sum;
Could I the rich reward secure,
The lovely Hary Notison.
Yestrcen when to the trembling string,
The dance gared thro' the lighted ha',
To thee my tancy took its wing,
I sat, but urether heard nor saw :
Tho' this was fuir and that was braw, A ind you the thast of a' the town,
I siphd, and side amang ilie'm a',
"Ye are na Nary Morrison."
O Mary, canst thou wreck lis peace, Wha for thy sake would gladly die?
Or canst thunt break that licart of his,
Whase only fanlt is loving thee ?
If love for love thou will na gie,
At least be pity to me slown!
A thought ingentle camati be
'The thought o' Mary Murrison.

## FAIR JENNY.

Tunc-"Saw ye wy futher ?"
Where are the joys that I've met in the morning?
That danc'd to the lark's early song?
Where is the peace that awaited my wand'ring,
At evenng, the wild woods anong?
No more a winding the course of yon river,
And marking sweet flow'rets so fair:
No more I trace the light funtsteps of pleasure,
But sorruw and sad sighing care.
Is it that summer's fursaken our valleys,
And grim surly winter is near?
No, no, the bees lumming ronnd the gay roses, Proclaim it the pride of the year.
Fain would I hide what I fear to discover,
Yet long, long ton weil have I kuww:
All that has caused this wrock in my bosom, Is Jenny, fair Jenny alone.
Time cannot aid me, my griefs are immortal, Nor hope dare a comfort bestow:
Come then, enamour'd and f.ond of my angutsh, Enjoyment I'll seek in my wo.

## ADDRESS TO THE WOOD-LARK.

Tune-" Where'll bonie Ann lie." Or, "Loch Eroch-dda. ${ }^{\text {K }}$
O stay, sweet warbling wond-lark, stay,
Nor quit for me the trembling spray;
A hapless lover courts thy liny,
Thy soothing, fond complaining
Again, again that tender part, That I may catch thy meiting art ;
For surely that wad tunch hur heart,
Wha kills me with disilaining.
Say, was thy litte mate unkind, And heard thee as the careless wind? Oh, nochit but love and sarrow join'd, Sic notes o' wo could wauken.


Or were I in the wildest waste,
Sat black atud bire, sae black and bare,
The ieseri Wi-re a paradise,
If thou wert there, if thon wert there:
Or were I montirch o' the globos,
Wi' thee to reign, wi' thee to reign,
The brightest jewel in iny crown,
Wad be my queen, wad be my queen.

## THE AULD MAN.

But lately seen in gladsome green The wonds rejoice the day,
Thro' gentle showers the latughing flowery, In donble pride were gay.
But now our joys are fled
On winter blasts awa:
Yet maiden May, in rich array
Again shall bring them a'.
But my white pow, nae kindly thowe
Shall melt the snaws of age ;
My tronk of eild, but buss or bield,
Sinks in Time's wint'ry rage.
Oh, age has weary days,
Ard nights o' sleepliess pain!
Thon golden time o' youthfil prime, Why com'st thou not again?

JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO.
John Anderson, my jo, John, When we were first acquent, Your locks were lihe the raven, Your bonie brow was brent; But now your brow is beld, John,

Your locks are like the snow: But blessings ou your frosty pow, John Anderson my jo.

John Anterson my jo, John, We chasth the fish theqither ;
And nothe a eanty day, John,
We ve lad wi' the illiller;
Nowe we inalla tonter dhwn. Johng
khat hand in hand we tl go,
A: id shen thegither it the foot,
Juhn Auderson my jo.

## AULD L,ANG SYNE.

Sucoven auld acquaintauer be forgot,
Ami never bramglin lo min' ?
Shomblanlal acquantance be forgot ${ }_{5}$ And day's $u^{\prime}$ lang syine?

CHORUS.
For auld lang sync, my dear, Fior auld lang syic, W'e"ll tuk a cup o' hindness yet, F'or auld lung syne.

We twa hae run about the braes, Aml pu't the gowans line;
Bul we've wandu'd monite a sveary foes, Sin' auld lang syne.

For auld, \&c.
We twa bae padl't $i$ the Durn, Friee mornill sun till dme;
But suas between us braid hae roard, Sin' auld lang syot.

For iuld, \&c.
And here's a hami, my trusty fiere, And gie's a hand o' thme;
Ald we'll lak a right guid willie-waughth For auld lams syme.
l'or anld, \&c.
And surely yr'll he your pint-stowp, And sureiy l'Il be: mume;
And we'll tak a cul ${ }^{\prime}$ kindness yet; For auld lang syne.

For auld, \&c.
Voz. II.
K

## HOPELESS LOVE.

## Tune-" Liggeram Cosh."

Butrue hae I been on yon hill, As the latulis before me ;
Carelcas ilkathought and free, As the breeze flew o'er me:

Now nae longer sport and play, Birth or sany can please me;
Lestey is stic fair and coy, Care and anguish seize me.

Heavy, heavy, is the task, llopriless love declaring:
Trembling, I dow nuclit but glow's, Sighing, lumb, despairing !

If she winna rase the thraws, lli my bosom swelling; Unilermeath the grass-green sod Soon maun be my dwelling.

## B.A.NKS OF NITH.

## Tune--" Robic Dunna Gorach."

The Thames flows prondly to the sea, Where royal citics stately stand;
But sweeter flows the Nith to me, Where Commons ance had high commands
When shall I see that honour'd land, That winding stream I love so dear !
Must wayward Fortune's adverse hand For ever, ever keep me here?
How lovely, Nith, thy fruitful vales, Where spreading liawthorne gaily bloom!
How sweetly wind thy sloping dales, Where !ambkins wanton thro' the broom !
Tho' wandering, now, must be my doom, Far from thy bonie bauks and braes,
May there my latest hours consume, Amang the friends of early daya!

## BANKS OF CREE.

Here is the glen, and here the bower, All underneath the birchen shade;
The village bell has toid the hour,
O what can stay my lovely maid $\}$
Tis not Maria's whispering call ;
'Tis but the bilmy-breathing gale,
Mixt with some warbler's dying fall, The dewy star of eve to hail.

It is Maria's voice I hear !
So calls the woodlark in the grove,
His little faihhful mate to cheer, At once 'tis music-and 'tis love.

And art thou come : and art thou true ? O welcome dear to love and me!
And let us all our vows renew, Along the flowery banks of Cree

## C.ISTLE GORDON:

Streants that glide in orient plains, Never bound by winter's chains; Glowing l:ere ou golden sands, There commix'd with foulest stains From tymanny's empurpled bands; These, their richly-gleaming waves, I leave to tyrants and their slaves; Give me the stream that sweetly laves The banks by Castle Gordon.

Spicy forests, ever gay,
Sliading from the burning ray
Hapless wretches sold to toil,
Or the ruth'ess native's way,
Bent on slanghter, blood, and spoil ;
Woods that ever verdant wave,
I leave the tyrant and the slave;
Give me the groves that lofty brave
The storms by Castle Gordon
Wildly here without control, Nature reigns and rulea the whole;

In that soher pensive mond, Thearest to the fecting sthi, She phats the formst, purars the flood: Life's juror day l'll musing ras\%. And find at uight a slumering cave, Where waters flow and whit wouda wave, By bunie Castle Gurdon.

## AFTON WATER.

Fhow gently, sweet Afton, among tivy grean brees; Flow gently, l'tl sing shee a song in tity praise ; Aly Mary'\& aslerf by thy martmuing strean, F'iow gently, sweet Afton, disidurb mut her dreamb.
'Thou stock-dove whose eclou resomuls thro' the glen, Ye wild-whistling blitek birds in you thorny do:a, Thou green crested lapwing, thy screaning lurbear I charge you, disturb wot my shmberiug inir.
How lofty, sweet Afton, thy neighbouriug hitls, F'ar mark'd with the courses of cletar, winding rills; 'There daiiy I wan'er as noon rises high, Miy flocks and my Mary's sweet cot in my eye. How pleasant thy banks and green valleys bilow, Whare widd in lise wodlands the primrases bow; There oft as mild ev'niug weeps ovet the lea, 'lhe sweet-scented birk shades my Mary and me.
This erystal stre:am, Afton, how lovely it glides, And winds by the cot where my Mary rosides: Law wanton thy waters fer shmey fiet lave, Ae gath'ring sweet tow'ret's she stems lity clear wave Flow geilly, swoet Afon, among thy grom braes,
Flow gently, sweet river, the theme of my lays ;
My May's aslerp by thy murmuring stroim,
Flow gently, sweet Aftun, disturb not her dream.

## THFRSACREDVOW.

'unc-"Allan Water."
By Allan strcam 1 chane'd to ruve, Whule Phoblus sank holow Bonleddi ; *
The winds wer: whispriug through the grove, The yeliow curn was waving ready:

* 1 mountain west of Strath-Allan, 3,000 feet higk.

I listen'd to a lover's sang,
And thouglt on youthfi' pleasures morie:
And ay the wild-wnod echoes rang-
O, dearly do I love thee, Annie!
O happy be the wnodbine bower,
Nae hightly bogle make it eerie ;
Nor ever sorrow ctain the liour,
The place and time I met my dearie!
Her head upon my throbbing breast,
She, sinking, said, "I'in thine for ever :"
While monie a kiss the seal imprest,
The sacred vow we ne'er should sever.
The haunt $0^{\prime}$ spring's the prirrose brae,
The summer joys the flocks to follow;
How cheery through her shortening day, Is autumn in her weeds o' yellow;
But can they melt the glowing heart, Or chain the soul in speectiless frleasure, Or thrc' each nerve the rapture dart, Like meeting her, our bosom's treasure?

## THERIGS O' BARLET.

Tune-"Corn rigs are bonie."
It was upon a Lammas night, When corn rigs are bonie,
Beneath the moon's unclouded light, I held awa to Annie:
The time flew by wi' tentless heed,
Till 'tween the late and early;
Wi' sma' persuasion she agreed,
To see me through the barley.
The sky was blue, the wind was still, The monn was shinine clearly;
I sat her down wi' right gnod will, Amang the rigs o' barley:
I kent her heart was a' my ain;
1 lov'd her most sincerely ;
I kiss'd her owre and owre again,
Amang the rigs o' barley.

I Inck'd her in my tom embrace:
Her heart was hating rarly;
Sy blessine on that hapy piace,
Amang the rias o binly!
But by the monal atml stars so hright,
That shome that hesm su chariy!
She ay shan thes thou hapry might,
Abang the rigs $0^{\prime}$ batry.
I hae been blithe wi' comrades dear ;
I hate bopa merry lomkin;
8 hate been joytu' wath'rim gear ;
1 hate berol happy thinkim:
But a' the jheasures a'er I :atw,
Tho three times :lomhted titirly.
That hapy nizht was wurth them $a^{\circ}$. Amang the not $9^{\prime}$ binle'y.

> rHMRU*

Corn rigs, an bariey rigs, Corn rigs ure bonic;
Fll uricr forgrethat hinpmyightq Amunar the rigs vi" Insule.

> THE L,Z.ス.7.1\%.

When aber the hill lim fatirgh star, Te!ls baghtin-time is urar, my m;
And owsen fors tie firrowid tivd,
Rebirn s:ate dowf stal wasty ${ }^{\text {b }}$
Down hy the barn, whates ented tivke
Wi' dow are honying elear, my je,
Fil meat thre on the les-rip.
My ain kind mearit ().
In mirkest gien, at midnigh hour,
P'd rove, and an'eq be cerin $O$,
If thro' that glen I gated to thee.
My ain kind dearis: ()
A!tho' the nisht were ne'er sae wilas
And I were ne'er sae wearie $O_{1}$.
I'd meet thee on the lea-rig, My ain kind dearis O .

The hunter lo'es the morning sum,
To ronse the monmtatu-deer, my jo:
At nowin the tisher sueks the glan,
Aloug the burn to sterer, mey jo;
Gtve ne lie hour a' gloaming gray,
It makes my hriri sale clicerie $\mathrm{O}_{\text {? }}$
To meet the on the lea-rig,
My ain kind dearie 0 .

## THE L.ASS OF BALLOCHIMYK.E.

"Twas even-the dewy fiells were green,
On every hidule the pearls hang ;
The zophyr wantond round the biean, And bore its fragrant swrets alang:
In every then the: mavis satig, All wature list'uing secu'd the while
Excent where greanwood echnes rang, Aasang the braes o' Balluchmyle.
With careless step I onward stray'd,
My heart rejoic'd in nature's joy,
When musing in a lonoly glade,
A madden fair I chane'd to spy ;
Her look was like the morning's eye,
ller air like nature's vernal smile,
Eerfection whisier'd, passing by,
Bel:old the lass o' Ballochuyle !
Falr is the morning in fiowery May, And sweet is night in Autumn uild
When roving thro' the garden gay, ()r wabl ring in the lemply wihl:

Bur womatr, nature's darting chihd!
There all her charms she ducs compite,
Ev'n there hor ohther works are foild By the bonie lasis O' $^{\prime}$ Ballochmyle.
O, had she been a conntry maid.
And i the happy commery swain,
Thri shelter"d in the lowest shed
That ever rose in Ecobland's plain!
Thiro' weary wimer's wind and rair.
With jay, with rapture, 1 would toll:
Ami nightly to my fusom strain
The bonie lans o' Ballochmyte.

Then pride might climh the slipp'ry steep
Where fame and honours lofty shine:
And thirst of gold might tempt the deep,
Or downward seek the Indian mine;
Give me the cot below the pine,
To tend the fincks, or till the soil, And every day have joys divine, Wi' the bonie lass o' Ballochmyle.

## BONIE LESLEY.

O saw ye bonie Lesley
As she gaed o'er the border ?
She's gane, like Alexauder,
To spread her conquests farther.
To see her is to love her,
And love but her for ever:
For Nature made her what she is, And ne'er made sic anither !

Thon art a queen, fair Lesley,
Thy subjects we, before thee;
Thou art divine, fiir Lesley,
The hearts o' inen adore thee.
The Deil he could ra scaith thee,
Or aught that wad belang thee :
He'd look into thy bonie face, And say, "I canna wrang thee."

The Powers aboon will tent thee; Misfortune sha' na steer thee;
Thou'rt like themselves, sap lovely, That ill they'll ne'er let near thes.

Retuin again, fair Lesley, Return to Calerlonie!
That we may brag we hae a lasa There's nane agsin sac bonie.

## BONIE JEAN.

Tuere was a lass, and she was far $r$ At kirk and market to he seen, When a' the fairest maids were met, The fairest maid was bonie Jean.
And ay she wrought her mammie's wark, And ay she sang sae merrilie;
The blithest bird upon the bush
Had ne'er a lighter heart than sine.
But hawks will rob the tender joys
That bless the little lin+white's nest ;
And frost will blight the fairest flowers,
And love will oreak the soundest rest.
Young Robie was the brawest lad,
The flower and pride of $a^{\prime}$ the glen ;
And he had owsen, sheep, and kye,
And wanton naigies nine or ten.
He gaed wi' Jeanie to the tryste,
He danc'd wi' Jeanie on the down;
And lang ere witless Jeanie wist, Her heart was tint, ber peace was stown.
As in the bosom o' the stream,
The moon-beam dwclls at dewy e'cn ;
So trembling, pure, was tender love, Within the breast o' bonie Jean.
And now she works her mammie's wark, And ay she sighs wi' cure and pain ;
Yet wist na what her ail might be, Or what wad mak her weel again.
But did na Jeanie's heart loup light, And did na joy blink in her e'e,
As Robie tauld a tale o' love,
An e'enin on the lily lea?
The sun was sinking in the west, The birds sang sweet in ilka grove:
His cheek to her's he fondly prest, And whisper'd thus his tale o' love.
O Jeande fair, I lo'e thee dear ; 0 canst thou think to fancy me?
Or wilt thou leave thy mammie's cot, And leam to tent the farme wl' me'?

At barn or byre thou shalt na drudge, Or naething else to tronble thee ; But stray amang the heather-bells, Ard tent the waving corn wi' me.

Now what could artess Jeanie do?
She had na will to say him na: At length she blush'd a sweet consent, And love was ay between them twa.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { TO JEANIE. } \\
\text { Air-" Cauld Kail." }
\end{gathered}
$$

Come, let me take thee to my breart, And pledge we ne'er shall sunder ;
And I shall spurn, as vilest dust,
The warld's wealth and grandeur !
And do I hear my Jeanie own, That equal transports move her 7 I ask for dearest life alone

That may I live to love her.
Thus in my arms, wi' all thy charme 1 clasp my countless treasure;
I'll seek nae mair o' heaven to share, That sic a moment's pleasure:

And by thy e'en, sae bonie blue,
I swear I'm thine for ever:
And on thy lips I seal my vow, A.ad break it shall I never.

## DAINTY DAVIE.

Now rosy May comes in wi' flower,
To deck her gay, green-spreadling bowerw:
And now comes in my happy houre,
To wander wi' my Davie.

CHORUS.
Nifeet me on the warlock lenowe, Dainty Davie, lainty Javia
There I'll spend the day ac' yous NTy ain dear dainty llavie.
The crystal waters round us fa',
The meny birds are lovers a',
The scented breezes round us hlaw, A-wandering wi' my Davie.

Mect me, \&c.
When purple morning starts the hare, To steal upon her early fare, Then thro' the dews I will repair, To meet my faithfu' Davie.

Heet me, \&c.
When day, expiring in the west,
The curtain draws o' Nature's rest,
I flee to his arms I lo'e best,
And that's my ain dear Davie.
chicrus.
Weet nic on the warlock linowe, Bonie Davic, dainty Davie,
There Fll spend the day $x i^{\prime}$ yow, Nfy ain dear dainty Davie.

## LOVELY NANCY.

Tune-"The Quaker's wife."
Tuine am I, my faithful fair, Thine, my lovely Nancy; Ev'ry pulse along my veins, Ev'ry roving fancy.
To thy bosom lay my heart, There to throb and languish:
Tho' despair had wrung its core, That would heal its anguish.
Take away those rosy lips, Rich with balmy treasure;
Turn away thine eyes of love Lest I die with pleasure.

What is life when warting love?
Night without a morning:
Love's the cloudless summer sky
Nature gay adorning,

## CLOUDEN KNOWES.

2hune-" $\mathrm{Ca}^{\prime}$ the Yowes to the knowes."
chorus.
$\mathrm{Ca}{ }^{\text {' }}$ the yowes to the knowes, Ca' them whare the heather grozos, Ca' them whare the burnie rows,

Jy bonie dearie.
Hark, the mavis' evening sang Sounding Clouden's woods amang; Then a-faulding let us garig,

My banie dearie.
Ca' the, \&c.
We'll gae down by Clouden side, Thro' the hazels spreading wide, O'er the waves that sweetly glide

To the moon sae clearly, Ca' the, \&c.
Yonder Clouden's silent tow'rs, Where at moonshine midnight houra, O'er the dewy bending flowers,

Fairies dance sae cheery.
Ca' the, \&cc.
Ghaist nor bogle shalt thou fear;
Thou'rt to love and heaven sae dear,
Nocht of ill may come thee near
3ly bonie dearie.
C $\rightarrow^{\prime}$ ' the, \&c.
Fair and lovely as thou art, Thou hast stown my very hears; I can die-but canna part,

My bonie dearie.
Ca' the, \&e.

## TO CELORIS.

## Tune-" My lodging is on the cold grouna.

Mr Chloris, mark how green the grove, The primrose banks how fair:
The balmy gales awake the flowers, And wave thy flaxen hair.
The lav'rock shuns the palace gay, And o'er the cottage sings:
For nature smiles as sweet, I ween, To shepherds as to kings.
Let minstrels sweep the skilfu' string In lordly lighted ha':
The sheplierd stops his simple reed, Blithe, in the birken sinaw.
The princely revel may survey Our rustic dance wi' scorn;
But are their hearts as light as ours, Beneath the milk-white thorn?
The shcpherd in the flowery glen, In shepherd's phrase will woo:
The courtier tells a finer tale, But is his heart as true?
These wild-wood flowers, I've pu'd, io deck That spotless breast o' thine ;
The courtier's gems may witness loveBut 'tis na love like nine.

## CHLORIS.

O bonie was yon rosy brier,
That blooms sae far frae haunt o' mean
And bonie she, and ah, how dear ! It shaded frae the e'enin sun.
Yon rose buds in the morning dew, How pure amang the leaves sae green ;
But purer was the lover's vow
They witness'd in their shade yestreen.
All in its rude and prickly hower,
That crimson rose how sweet and fair!
But love is far a sweeter flower
Amid life'a honty path o care.

The pathless wild, and wimpling bura, Wi' Cliloris in my arms, be mine ; And I the world, nor wish, nor scorn, Its joys and griefs alike resign.

## L.ASSIE WI' THE LINTWHITE LOCKS

Tune-" Rothemurche's Rant."
CHORES.
rassie wi' the lintwhite locks, Bonie lassie, artless lassie, Wilt thou wi' me tent the flocks, Wilt thou be my dearie $O$ ?

Now nature cleeds the flowery lea, And a' is young and sweet like thee; O wilt thou share its jcys wi' me, And say thou'lt be my dearie 0 ?

Luassie, \&xc.
And when the welcome simmer-shower Has cheer'd ilk drooping little flower, We'll to the breathing woodbine bower At sultry noon, my dearie 0 . Lassie, \&c.
When Cynthia lights, wi' silver ray, 'The weary sheareg's hameward way ; 'Thro' yellow waving fields we'll stray,

A nd talk o' love, my dearie $\mathbf{O}$.
Lassie, \&c.
And when the howling wint'ry blast Disturbs my lassie's midnight rest, Enclasped to my faithfu' breast,

I'll comfort thee, my dearie $\mathbf{O}$.
Lassie, \&c.

## THISIS NO MY AIN LASEIE.

Tune-is This is no my ain house"
chorus.
$O$ this is no my ain lassie, Fair tho' the lassie be; $O$ weel ken I my ain lassie, Kind love is in her c'e.

I see a form, I see a face,
Ye weel may wi' the fairest place;
It wants, to me, the witching grace,
The kind love that's in her e'e.
O this, \&c.
She's bonie, blooming, straight, and tall,
And lang has had my heart in thrall;
And ay it charms my very saul,
The kind love that's in her e'e.
O this, \&c.
A thief sae pawkie is my Jean,
To steal a blink by a' unseen;
But gleg as light are lovers' een,
When kind love is in the e'e,
O this, \& c.
It may escape the courtly sparks,
It may escape the learned clerks ;
But weel the watching lover marks
The kind love that's in her e'e.
O this, \&c.

## JESSY.

Twno-" Here's a health to them that's awa, hiney.
chorvs.
Here's a health to ane I lo' c dear,
Here's a health to ane I lo'e dear;
Thou art sweet as the smile when fond lovers meet,
Axd soft as their parting tcar-Jessyl

Altho' thou maun never be mine, Altho' even hope is denied; Tis sweeter for thee despairing, Than aught in the world beside-Jessy !

Here's, \&c.
I mo:ry thro' the gay, gaudy day, As hopeless I muse on thy charms ; But welcome the dream o' sweet slumber, For then I am lock'd in thy arms-Jessy !

Here's, \&cc.
I guess by the dear angel smile, I guess by the love-rolling e'e; Bit why urge the tender confession 'Gainst fortine's fell cruel decree-Jesry ! Here's, \&c.

## THE BIRKS OF ABERFELDY.

CHORUS.
Bonie lassie, will ye go, will ye go, will ya go Bonic lassie, will ye go to the birks of Aberfeldy?

Now simmer blinks on flowery braes,
And o'er the crystal streamlet plays,
Come, let us spend the lightsome days
In the barks of Aberfeldy.
Bonie lassi ; \&ec.
While o'er their heads the hazels hing,
The little birdies blithely sing,
Or lightly flit on wanton wing
In the birks of Aber?eldy.
Bonie lassie, \&cc.
The braes ascend like lofty wa's,
The foaming stream deep-roaring fa's,
O'er-hung wi' fragrant spreading shaws,
The birks of Aberfeldy.
Bonie lassie, \&c.
The hoary cliffs are crown'd wi' flowers,
White o'er the lims the burnie pours,
And, rising, weets wi' misty showers
The birks of Aberfeldy.
Bonie lassie, \&c.

Eet Fortune's gifts at random flee, They ne'er shall draw a wish frae me,
Supremely blest wi' love and thee, In the birks of Aberfeldy.

Bonie lassie, \&c.

## THE ROSE-BUD

A rose-bud by my early walk, Adown a corn-enclosed bawk, Sae gently bent its thomy stalk, All on a dewy morning.
Ere twice the shades o' dawn are fled In a' its crimson glory spread,
And drooping rich the dewy head, It scents the early moraing.
Within the bush, her covert nest,
A little linnet fondly prest,
The dew sat chilly on her breast
Sae early in the morning.
She soon shall see her tender brood,
The pride, the pleasure o' the wood, Amang the fresh green leaves bedew'd, Awake the early morning.
So thou, dear bird, young Jenny fair, On trembling string or vocal air,
Shall sweetly pay the tender care
That tents thy early morning.
So thou, sweet rose.bud, young and gay,
Shall beauteous blaze upon the day,
And bless the parent's evening ray
That watch'd thy early morning.

## PEGGY'S CHARMS.

Tune-" N. Gow's Lamentation for Abercaimy."
Where braving angry winter's storms, The lofty Ochels rise,
Far in their shade my Peggy's charms, First blest my wondering eyes.
Voz. II.
L.

As une who by some savage stream; A lonely gem surveys,
Astonish'd, doubly marks its beam, With art's most polish'd blaze.

Blest be the wild sequester ${ }^{\circ} d$ shade, And blest the day and hour,
Where Peggy's charms I fict survey'd, When first I felt their poos . !
The tyrant Death with grim control May seize my fleeting breath;
But tearing Peggy froin my soul Must be a stronger death.

## THE BLISSFUL DAI:

## Tune-"Seventh of November."

The day returns, my bosom burns, The blissful day we twa did meet, Tho' winter wild in tempest toild, Ne'er summer sun was half sae sweet.
Than a' the pride that loads the tide, And crosses o'er the sultry line;
Than kingly robes, than crowns and globes, Heaven gave me more, it made thee mine
While day and night can bring delight, Or nature aught of pleasure give:
While joys above, my mind can move, For thee, and thee alone, I live :
When that grim foe of life below
Comes in between to make us part ;
The Iron hand that breaks our band, It breaks my bliss-it breaks my heart

## CONSTAAJCY.

Tune-"My love is lost to me."
U, were I on Pamassus' hill!
Or had of Helicon my fill;
That I migha catch poetic ekill, To sing how dear I love thee.

Bus Nith maun be my Muse's well, My Muse maun be thy bonie sel:
On Corsincon I'll glowr and spell, And write how dear I love thee.
Then come, sweet Muse, inspire my ley :
For a' the lee-lang simmer's day,
I couldna sing, I couldna say,
How much, how dear I love thee.
I see thee dancing o'er the green,
Thy waist sae jimp, thy limbs sae clear,
Thy tempting lips, thy roguish e'en-
By heaven and earth, I love thee !
By night, by day, a-field, at hame,
The thoughts o' thee ray breast inflame ;
And ay I muse and sing thy name,
I only live to love thee.
Though I were doom'd to wander on, Beyond the sea, beyond the sun, Till my last weary sand was run;

Till then-and then I love thee.

LOVELY JEAJ.

## Tune-" Miss Admiral Gordou's Strathspey *

Op a' the airts the wind can blaw, I dearly like the west,
For there the bonie lassie lives, The lassie I lo'e best :
There wild woods grow, and rivers row, And monie a hill between;
But day and night, my fancy's flight Is ever wi' my Jean.
I see her in the dewy flowers, I see her sweet and fair:
I hear her in the tunefu' birds, I hear her charm the air:
There's not a bonie flower that springs
By fountain, shaw, or green;
There's not a bonle bird that siugz,
But minds me o' my Jean.

## THE BLUE-EYED LASSIE.

I askd a waefu' gate yestreen, A gate, I fear, I'll dearly rue :
I gat my death frae twa sweet een, Twa lovely een o' bonie blue.
'Twas not her golden ringlets bright ;
Her ups like roses wat wi' dew,
Her heaving bosom, lily white;
It was her een sae bonic blue.
She talk'd, she smil'd, my heart she wyl'd, . She charm'd my soul, I wist na how;
And ay the stound, the deadly wound, Cam frae her cen sae bonie blue.
But spare to speak, and spare to speed;
She'll aiblins listen to my vow:
Should she refuse, I'll lay my dead To her twa een sà bonie bluc.

## WILT THOU BE MY DEARIE?

Wilt thou be my dearie?
When sorrow wrings thy gentle heart,
0 wilt thou let me cheer thee? By the treasure of my soul,
And that's the love I bear thee:
I swear and vow that only thou
Shall ever De my dearie.
Only thou, 1 swear and vow,
Shall ever be my dearie.
Lassie, say thou lo'es me;
Or, if thou wilt na be my din,
Say na thou'lt refuse me:
If it wima, cama be,
Thou for thine may choose me;
Let me, lassie, quickly die,
Trusting that thou lo'es me.
Lassie, let me quickly die,
1 suating that thou lo'es me.

## LUCY.

O, wat ye wha's in yon town,
Ye see the e'enin sun upon?
The fairest dame is in yon town
The e'enin sun is shining on.
Now haply down yon gay green shaw, She wanders by yon spreading tree,
How blest ye flowers that round her blaw,
Ye catch the glances o' her e'e.
How blest ye birds that round her slng,
And weicome in the blooming year,
And doubly welcome be the spring,
The season to my Lucy dear.
The sun blinks blithe on yon town,
And on yon bonie braes of Ayr:
But my delight in yon town, And dearest bliss, is Lucy fair
Without my love, not a' the charms
O' Paradise could yield me joy;
But gie me Lucy in my arms, And welcome Lapland's dreary sky.
My cave wad be a lover's bower,
Tho' raging winter rent the air;
And she a lovely little flower,
That I wad tent and shelter there.
O sweet is she in yon town,
Yon sinking sun's gaen down upon:
A fairer than's in yon town.
His setting beams ne'er shone upon.
If angry fate is sworn my foe,
And suffering I am doom'd to bear ;
I careless quit all else below,
But spare me, spare me, Lucy dear.
For while life's dearest blood is warm,
Ae thought frae her shall ne'er depart,
And she-as fairest is her form,
She has the truest, kindest heart.

## BLITHE PHEMIE.

chorus.
Blithe, blithe and merry was she Blithe by the banks of Ern, And blithe was she but an' ben: And blithe in Glenturit glen.
By Oughtertyre grows the aik,
En Yarrow bauks the birken shaw;
But Phemie was a bonier lass
Than braes o' Yarrow ever saw.
Blithe, \&c.
Her looks were like a flower in May,
Her smile was like a simmer morn;
She tripped by the banks of Ern, As light's a bird npon a thorn. Blithe, \&c.
Her bonie face it was as meels As onie lamb upon a lea; The evening sun was ne'er sae sweet As was the blink o' Phemie's e'e. Blithe, \&c.
The Highland hills l've wander'd wide, And o'er the lowlands I hae been;
But Phemie was the blithest lass
That ever trod the dewy green.
Blithe, \&c.

## CHARMING N:ANJIE.

Behind yon hills where Lugar flows,
'Mang moors and mosses many, (.
The wint'ry sun the day has clos'd, And I'll awa to Nannie, 0.
The westlin wind blaws loud an' shill;
The night's baith murk and rainy, 0 ;
But I'll get my plaid, an' out I'll steal, An' owre the hills to Nannie, 0.
My Nannie's charming, sweet, an' young :
Nar arifu' wiles to win ye, O:
May ill befa' the flattering tongue
That wad beguile my Nannie, $O$.

Her face is fair, her heart is true, As spotless as she's bonie, $\mathbf{O}$ : The op'ning gowan, wet wi' dew, Nae purer is than Nannie, 0.
A country lad is my degree, An' few there be that ken me, 0 :
But what care I how few they be, I'm welcome ay to Nannie, $\mathbf{O}$.
My riches a' 's my penny-fee, $\mathrm{An}^{\prime}$ I maun guide it cannie, $\mathbf{O}$;
But warl's gear ne'er trouble me, My thoughts are a' my Nannie, 0.
Our auld guidman delights to view His sheep an' kye thrive bonie, 0 ;
But I'm as blithe that hauds his pleugb, $\mathrm{An}^{\prime}$ has nae care but Nannie, 0 .
Come weal, come wo, I care na by,
I'll tak what Ileaven will sen' me, $O$;
Nae ither care in life have I,
But live an' love my Nannie, 0.

## GREEN GROW THE RUSHES.

> A Fragment.
chorvs.
Green grow the rashes, 0 ! Green growo the rashes, 0! The sweetest hours that e'er 1 spent
Are spent amang the lasses, 01
There's nought but care on ev'ry han
In ev'ry hour that passes, $\mathbf{O}$;
What signifies the life o' man,
An' 'twere na for the lasses, 0 ?
Green grow, \&cc.
The warly race may riches chase,
An' riches still may fly them, O;
An' thn' at last they catch them fast
Their hearts can ne'er enjoy them, 0 .
Green grow, \&c.

But gie me a camie hour at e'en, My arms about my dearie, 0 :
An' warly cares, an' warly men.
May a'gae tapsalteerie, 0 .
Green grow, \&c
For you sne donse, ye sneer at this,
Ye're nought but senseless asses, $\mathbf{O}$;
The wisest man the warl' e'er saw,
He dearly lov'd the lasses, O.
Green grow, \&c.
Auld Nature swears, the lovely dears Her noblest work she classes, O ; IIer 'prentice han' she tried on man, An' then she niade the lasses, 0 . Gieen grow, ecc.

## THE HIGIILAND LASSIE.

Nae gentle dames, tho' e’er sae falr,
Shall ever be my Muse's care;
Their titles a' are empty show,
Gie me my Highland lassie, $\mathbf{0}$.
CHORUS.
Ifithin the glen sae bushy, $O$, Aboon the plain sae rushy, 0 , $I$ set me down woi' right grod will, To sing my Highland lassie, 0.
Oh, were yon hill and vallies mine, Yon palace and yon gardens fine!
The world then the love should know
I bear my Highland lassie, O .
Within, \&c.
But fickle fortune frowns on me,
And I maun cross the raging sea;
Brt while the crimson currents flow
I'll love my Highland lassie, O .
Within, \&ec.
Altho' thro' forelgn climes I range, I know her heart will never change, For her bosom burns with honour's gluw,
My faithful Kighland lassie, $\mathbf{O}$.
Within, es.

Por her I'll dare the billows' roar, For her l'll trace a distant shore, That Indian wealth may lustre tirow
Around my Highland lass:e, O.
Within, \&c.
She has my heart, she has my hand,
By eacred truth and honour's band,
Till the mortal stroke shall lay me low,
I'm thine, my Highland lassie, O
Farewell the glea sae bushy, 0 !
Farewell the plain sue rushy, 0 :
To other lands a now must go,
To sing my Highland lassie, O.

ANNA.
Tune-"Banks of Bana.'
Yestreen I had a pint o' wine, A place where body saw na:
Yestreen lay on this breast 0 ' mine The raven locks of Anna.

The hungry Jew, in wilderness, Rejoicing o'er his manna,

## Wes naething to my honey bliss

Upon the lips of Anna.
Ye nionarchs, take the east and west, Frae Indus to Savannah,
Gie me within my straining grasp, The melting form of Anna.
Then I'll deenise imperial charms, An empress or su'tana;
While dying raptures, in her arms, I give and take w'th Anna.
Awa, thou flaunting god of day : Awa, thou pale Diana !
Ilk star gae hide thy twinkling ray, Wher I'm to rneet my Anna.
Come in thy raven plumage, Night !
sun, moon, and stars, withdraw a'!
And bring an angel pen to write My traneprinte wl' my Anna'

## THE SPINNING-WHEEL.

O leeze me on my spinning wheel, O leeze me on my rock and reel; Frae tap to tae that cleeds me bien, And haps me fiel and warm at e'en! I'll set me down and sing and spin, While laigh descends the simmer sin, Blest wi' content, and milk and mealO leeze me on my spinning wheel.

On ilka hand the burnies trot, And meet below my theekit cot; The scented birk and hawthorn white Across the pool their arms unite, Alike to screen the birdie's nest, And little fishes' caller rest : The sun blinks kindly in the biel, Where blithe I turn my spinning wheel.

On lofty aiks the cushats wail,
And echo cons the dolfu' tale;
Tle lintwhites in the hazel braes
Delighted, rival ither's lays:
The craik amang the claver hay,
The paitrick whirrin o'er the ley,
The swallow jinkin round my shiel
Amuse me at my spinning wheel.
Wi' sma' to sell, and less to buy, Ahoon distress, below envy,
O wha wad leave this humble state,
For a' the pride of a' the great?
Amid their flaring, idle toys,
Amid their cumbrous, dinsoine joys,
Can they the peace and pleasure feel
Of Bessy at her spinning wheel?

## THE COUNTRY LASSIR.

In simmer, when the hay was mawn, And corn wav'd green in ilks field. While claver blooms white o'er the lea, And roses blaw in Ilka bield :

Blithe Bessie in the milking shiel, Says, I'll be wed, come o't what will ;
Out spak a dame in wrinkled eild,
O guid advisement comes nae ill.
Its ye hae wooers monie ane,
And lassie, ye're but young ye ken;
Then wait a wee, and cannie wale,
A routhie butt, a routhie ben:
There's Johnnie o' the Buskie-glen,
Fu' is his barn, $f u$ ' is his byre:
Tak this frae me, my bonie hen, Its plenty beets the luver's fire.
For Johnnie o' the Buskie-glen,
I dinna care a single flie;
IIe lo'es sae weel his craps and kye, He las no luve to spare for me:
But blithe's the blink o' Robie's e'e, And weel I wat he lo'es me dear:
Ae blink o' him I wad nae gie
For Buskie-glen and a' his gear.
O thoughtless lassie, life's a faught : The canniest gate, the strife is sair ;
But ay fu' han't is fechtin best,
A hungry care's an unco care :
But some will spend, and some will spare, An' wllfu' folk maun hac their will;
Syne as ye brew, my maiden fair, Keep mind that ye maun drink the yili.
0 , gear will buy me rigs o' land, And gear will buy me sheep and kye;
But the tender heart o' leesome love, The gowd and siller canna buy:
We may be poor-Robie and I, Light is the burden love lays on;
Content and luve brings peace and joy, What mair hae queens upon a throne ?

## TAM GLEN:

Mr heart is a breaking, dear Tittie, Some counsel unto me come len';
To anger them a' is a pity,
But what will I do w' Tam Glen?

I'm thinking, wi' sic a braw renow',
In poortith I might make a fen';
What care I in riches to wailow,
If I maun marry Tam Glen ?
There's Lowrie the laird c' Drumeller,
"Guid day to you, brute." he comes ben
He brags an' he hlaws o' his siller, But when will he dance like Tam Glen?

My minnie does constantly deave me,
And bids me beware o' young men;
They flatter, she says, to deceive me; But wha can think sae o' Tam Glen?

My daddie says, gin I'll forsake hin, He'll gie me guid hunder marks ten; But if it's ordain'd I maun tek him, O wha will I get but Tam Glen?

Yestreen at the Valentine's dealing, My heart to my mou gied a sten;
For thrice I drew ane without failing, And thrice it was written Tain Glen.

The last Halloween I was waukin My droukit sark-sleeve, as ye ken:
His likeness cam up the house staukin, And the very gray breeks o' Tam Glen!

Some coumsel, dear Tittie, don't tarry ; I'll gie ye my bonie black hen, Gif ye will advise me to marry The lad I lo'e dearly, Tam Glen.

## $\mathcal{A} \mathcal{N} E \mathcal{A} \mathcal{N}-T W E \mathcal{N} T$.

Tune-" The Moudiewort."
chorus.
An' O, for ane-and-twenty, Tam! An' hcy, sweet ane-and-twenty, Tam !
rul learn my kin a fattlin sang, An' I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam!

## CHIEFLY SCOTTISH.

They snool me sair, and haud me down, And gar me look like bluntie, Tam: But three short years will soon wheel roun' And then comes ane-and-twenty, Tam '

$$
\mathrm{An}^{\prime} \mathrm{O}, \& \mathrm{c} .
$$

A gleib o' lan', a claut o' gear,
Was left me by my auntie, Tam ! At kith or kin I need na spier,

An' I saw ane-and-twenty, Tam.
An' $O$, \&c.
They'll hae me wed a wealthy coof,
Tho' I mysel hae plenty, Tam!
But hear'st thou, laddie, there's my loof,
I'm thine at ane-and-twenty, Tam.
An' O, \&c.

## SOMEBODY.

My heart is sair, I dare na tell, My heart is sair for somebody ! I could wake a winter night

E'or the sake o' somebody. Oh-hon! for somebody !
Oh-hey! for somebody !
I could range the world around, For the sake o' somebody.
Ye powers that smile on virtuous love, 0 , sweetly smile on somebody ! Frae ilka danger keep him free, And send me safe my somebody.

Oh-hon! for somebody !
Oh-hey ! for somebody !
1 wad do-what wad I not?-
For the sake o' somebody !

## O WHISTLE, \&C. CHORUS.

O wohistle, and Fll come to you, my lad; O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad; Tho' father and mither and $a^{\prime}$ should gae mad, 0 sokistle, and I'll come to you, my lad.

But warily tent, when ye come to court me, And come na unless the back-yett be a-jee; Syue up the back-stile, and let naebody see, And come as ye were na comin at me.
And come, \&cc.

> O whistle, \&c.

At kirk, or at market, whene'er ye meet me, Gang by me as tho' that ye car'd na a flie: But steal me a blink o' your bonie black e'e, Yet look as ye were na lookin at me.
Yet louk, \& c c.
O whistle, \&c.
Ay vow and protest that yc care na for me,
And whyles ye may lightly my beauty a wee: But court na anither, tho' jokin ye be, For fear that she wyle your fancy fraemo. For fear, \&ec.

> O whistle, \&c.

## THE YOUNG IJASSIE.

What can a young lassie, what shall a young lassie, What can a young lassie do wi' an auld inan ?
Bad luck on the pennie that tempted my minnie
To sell her poor Jennie for siller an' han : Bad luck on the penny, \&xc.

He's always compleenin frae mornin to e'enin, He hosts and he hirples the weary day lang;
He's doylt and he's dozin, his bluid it is frozen, O, dreary's the night wi' a crazy auld man!

He hums and he hankers, he frets and he cankens, I never can please him, do a' that I can;
He's peevish and jealous of a' the young fellows, O, dool on the day I met wi' an auld man!

My auld auntie Katie upon me taks pity,
I'll do my endeavour to follow her plan;
I'll cross him, and wrack hin, until I heart break hlm, And then his auld brass will buy me a new pan.

## MY TOCHER'S THE JEWEL.

O meikle thinks my luve o' my beauty, And meikle thinks my luve o' my kin;
But little thinks my luve I ken brawlie, My tocher's the jewel has charms for him.
It's a' for the apple he'll nourish the tree, It's a' for the hiney he'll cherisi the bee ;
My laddie's sae meikle in luve wi' the siller, He canna hae luve to spare for me.
Your proffer o' luve's an airl-penny, My tocher's the bargain ye wad buy ;
But an' ye be crafty, I ans cunnin,
Sae ye wi' anither your fortune maun try.
Ye're like to the timmer o' yon rotten wood,
Ye're like to the bark o' yon rotten tree,
Ye'll slip frae me like a knotless thread,
And ye'll crack your credit wi' mae nor me.

> THE MERCENARY LOVER.
> Tune-" Balinamona ora."

AWA wi' your witchcraft o' beauty's alarms,
The slender bit beauty you grasp in your arms, $\mathbf{0}$, gie me the lass that has acres o' charms, $\mathbf{O}$, gie me the lass wi' the weel-stockit farms.
chorus.
Then hey for a tass wi' a tocher, then hey for a lass wi' a locker,
Then hey for a lass wi' a tocker; the nice yellow guineas for me.
Your beauty's a flower, in the morning that blows, And withers the faster, the faster it grows ; But the rapturous charm o' the bonie green knowes, Ilk spring they're new deckit wi' bonie white yowes, Then hey, \&c.
And e'en when this beauty your bosom has blest, The brightest o' beauty may cloy when possest !
But the sweet yellow darlings wi Geordie imprest,
The langer ye hae them-the mair they're carest,
Then hey, \&c.

> POENMS,

## MFG O' THE MILL.

Air-" O bonie lass, will you lie in a barrack $\frac{1}{}$ "
O ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? $A \mathrm{E}^{*}$ ken ye what Meg o' the Mill has gotten? She has gotten a coof wi' a claut o' siller, And broken the heart o' the barley Miller.

The Miller was strappan, the Miller was ruddy ! A heart like a lord, and a hue like a lady: The Iaird was a widdiefu', bleerit knurl ; She's left the guid fellow and taen the churl.

The Miller he hecht her a heart leal and loving ; 'The laird did address her wi' matter mair moving, A fine pacing liorse wi' a clear chained bridle, A whip by her side and a bonie side-saddle.

O wae on the siller, it is sae prevailing; And wae on the love that is fixed on a mailen ! A tocher's nae word in a true lover's parle, But, gie me my love, and a fig for the warl!

## AULD ROB MORRIS.

There's auld Rob Morris that wons in yon glen, He's the king o' guid fellows, and wale of auld mea; He has gowd in his coffers, he has owsen and kine, And ae bonie lassie, his darling and mine.

She's fresh as the morning, the fairest in May;
She's sweet as the ev'ning amang the new hay ; As blithe and as artless as the lambs on the lea, And dear to my heart as the light to my e"e.

But oh ! Ehe's an heiress, auld Robin's a laird, And my daddie has nought but a cot-house, and yard f
A wooer like me mauna hope to come, speed,
The wounds I must hide that will soon be my dead.
The day comes to me, but delight brings me nane;
The night comes to me, but my rest it is gane ;
I wander my lane like a night-troubled ghaist,
And I sigh as my heax! it wad burst in my breast.

O, had she but been of lower degree,
I then might hae hop'd she wad smil'd upon me:
O, how past describing had then been my bliss,
As now my distraction no words can expresa.

## TO TIBBIE.

Tuno-" Invercald's Reel."
chorus.
O Tibhie, I hae seen the day, Ye would nae been sae shy; For laik o' gear ye lightly me, But trowth I care na by.

Yestreen I met you on the moor, Ye spak na, but gaed by like stoure:
Ye geck at me because I'm poor,
But fient a hair care I.
O Tibbie, \&c.
I doubt na, lass, but ye may think, Because ye hae the name o' clink, That ye can please me at a wink,
Whene'er ye like to try.
0 Tibble, \&c.
But sorrow tak him that's sae mean,
Altho' his pouch o' coin were clean,
Wha follows any saucy quean
That looks sae proud and high.

> O Tibbie, \&c

Altho' a lad were e'er sae smart,
If that he want the yellow dirt, Ye'll cast your head anither airt, And answer him fu' dry.

O Tibbie, \&c.
But if he hae the name o' gear, Ye'll fasten to him like a brler, Tho' hardly he, for sense or lear, Be better than the kye.

0 Tibbie, \&c.
Vez. II.
M

## POENMS,

But Tibhic, iass, tak my advice,
Your daddie's gear maks you sae nice. The dea! a ane wad spier your price,

Were ye as poor as 1.
O Tibbic, \&c.
There lives a lass in yonder park,
I would na gie her in her sark,
For thee wi' a' thy thoasand mark:
Ye needıa look sae high.
O Tibbie, \&c.

## DUJCAN GRAY:

Duncan Gray came here to woo, Ha, ha, the wooing o't,
On blthe yule night when we were fa
Ha, ha, the wooing o't,
Maggie coost her head fu' high,
Loook'd asklent and unco' skeigh,
Gatt poor Duncan stand abeigh:
Hia, ha, the wooing $\mathrm{o}^{\prime} \mathrm{t}$.
Duncan fleech'd and Duncan pray'd:
Ha, ha, \&c.
Meg was deaf as Ailsa craig, Hla, ha, \&cc.
Duncan sigh'd baith out and in, Grat his eeu haith bleer't and blin', s'pak o' louping o'er a limn;

Ha, ha, \&c.
Time and chance are but a tide, Ha, ha, \&cc.
Slighted love is sair to bide, Ha, ha, \&्cc.
Shall I, like a fool, quoth he,
For a haughty hizzie die!
She may gae to-France for me:
Ha, ha, \&c.
How it comes let doctors tell, Ha, ha, \&c.
Meg grew sick-as he grew beal
Ha, ha, \&ec.
Something in her bosom wrings,
For reiief a sigh she brings;
And O, her een, they spak sic thingon? Ha ha, \&c.

Duncan was a lad o' grace,
Ha, ha, \&c.
Maggie's was a piteous case,
Ha, ha, \&c.
Duncan could na be her death, Swelling pity smoor'd his wrath ; Now they're crouse and cantie baith! Ha, lıa, \&c.

## THE BRAW WOOER.

## Tune-"The Lothian Lassie."

Last May a braw wooer cam down the lang glen, And sair v:i' his love he did deave me:
I said there was naethirg I hated like men, The deuce gae wi'm to believe me, believe me, The deuce gae wi'n, to believe me.
He spak o' the darts in my bonie black e'en, And vow'd for my love he was dying;
I said he might die when he liked, for Jean;
The Lord forgie me for lying, for lying, The Lord forgie me for lying.
A well-stocked mailen, himsel for the laird, And marriage aff-hand, were his proffers;
I never loot on that I kenn'd it, or car'd,
But thought I might hae waur offers, waur offers,
But thouglit I might hae waur offers.
But what wad ye think, in a fortnight or less, The deil tak his taste to gae near her:
He up the lang loan to my black cousin Bess, Guess ye how, the jad ! I could bear her, could bear her, Guess ye how, the jad ! I could bear her.
But a' the niest week as Ifretted wi' care,
I gaed to the tryste o' Dalgarnock,
And wha but my fine, fickle lover was there;
I glowr'd as I'd seen a warlock, a warlock,
I glow'rd as I'd seen a warlock.
But owre my left shouther I gaed him a blink,
Lest neebors might say I was saucy;
My wooer he caper'd as he'd been in drink, And vow'd I was his dear lassie, dear lames, And vow'd I was his dear lassie.

I spier'd for my cousin, fin' couthie and sweet, Gin she hatl recover'd her hearin,
And how her new shoon fit her auld shackl't feet, But, heavens! how he fell a-swearin, a-swearin, But, heavens ! how he fell a-swearin.
He begg'd for Gudesake ! I wad be his wife, Or else I wad kill hiun wi' sorrow :
So e'en to preserve the poor body in !ife,
I think I maun wed him to-morrow, to-morrow,
1 think I maun wed him to-morrow.

## WILLIE'S WIFE.

Willie Wastee dwalt on Twead,
The spot they ca'd it Linkumdoddie,
Willie was a wabster guid,
Cou'd stown a clue wi' onie bodie:
He had a wife was dour and din, O tinkler Madgie was her mother;
chorus.
Sic a wife as Willie had, I woud na gie a button for her.
She has an e'e, she has but ane,
The cat has twa the very colour;
Five rusty teeth, forbye a stump,
A clapper tongue wad deave a miller:
A whiskin beard about her mou,
Her nose and chin they threaten ither.
Sic a wife, \&c.
She's bough-hough'd, she's hein-shinn'd, Ae limpin leg a hand-breed shorter;
She's twisted right, she's twisted left,
To balance fair in ilka quarter:
She has a hump upon her breast,
The twin o' that upon her shouther ;
Sic a wife, \&c.
Auld baudron by the ingle sits, An wi' her loof her face a washin ;
But Willie's wife is nae sae trig,
She dights her grunzie wi' a bushion;
Her walie nieves like midden-creels, Her face wad fyle the Logan-water,

Sic a wife, \&c.

## A PECK O' MAUT.

O, Willie brew'd a peck o' maut,
And Bob and Allan cam to see:
Three blither hearts, that lee-lang night, Ye wad na find in Christendie.
chorus.
We are na fou, we're na that fou, Butjust a drappie in our e'e; The cock may craw, the day may dav, Aud ay we'll taste the barley bree.

Here are we met, thrce merry boys,
Thiee merry boys I trow are we;
Apd monie a night we've merry been, And monie mac we hope to be!

We are, \&c.
It is the moon, I ken her horn,
'That's blinkin in the lift sue hie;
She shines sae uright to wyle us hame,
Bu: by my sooth she'll wait a wee!
We are, \&c.
Wha first shall rise to gang awre'
A cuckold, coward loun is he!
Wha last beside his chair stiall fa',
He is the king amang us three !
We are, \&c.

## THE LATHIN.

Gane is the day and mink's the night,
But we'll ne'er stray for foute o' light,
For ale and brandy's stars and moon, Ard bluid-red wine's the rising sun.

CHORUS.
Then, guidwife, count the lawin, the lawin, the lawin, Then, guidwife, count the lavin, and bring a coggie maír

There's wealth and ease for gentlemen, And semple folk maun fecht and fen'; But here we're a' in ae accord, For ilka man that's drunk's a lord.

Then guidwife, \&c.
My coggie is a haly pool,
That heals the wounds o' care and dool ; And pleasure is a wanton trout, An' ye drink it a' ye'll find him out,

Then guidwife, \&cc.

## HONEST POVERTY.

Is there, for honest poverty,
That hangs his head, and $a^{\prime}$ that;
The coward-slave, we pass him by,
We dare be poor for a' that!
For a' that, and a' that,
Our toil's obscure, and a' that,
The rank is but the guinea's stamp, The man's the gowd for a' that.
What tho' on hamely fare we dine,
Wear hoddin gray, and a' that;
Gie fools thei- हilks, and knaves their wina, A man's a man for a' that ;
For a' that, and a' that,
Their tinsel show and a' that;
The honest man, tho' e'er sae poor, Is king o' men for a' that.
Ye see yon birkie, ca'd a lord, Wha struts, and stares, and a' that ;
Tho' hundreds worship at his word,
IIe's but a coof for s' that:
For a' that, and a' nat,
His riband, star, and a' that,
The man of independent mind, He looks and laughs at a' that.
A prince can mak a belted knlght, A marquis, duke, and a' that;
But an honest man's aboon his might Guld fath he manna fa' that!

For 'a' that, and a' that, Their dignities and a' that, The pith 0 ' sense and pride 0 ' worth, Are higher ranks than a' that.
Then let us pray that come it may, As come it will for a' that, That sense and worth, $o^{\prime}$ er a' the earth, May bear the gree, and a' that: For a' that, and a' that, Its coming yet, for a' that, That man to inan the warld o'er, Shall brothers be for a' that.

## CONTENTMENT:

Tune-" Lumps o' Fudding."
Contrnted wi' little, and cantie wi' mair, Whenc'er I forgather wi' sorrow and care, I gle them a skelp, as they're creeping alang, Wi' a cog o' guid swats, and an auld Scottish sang.
I whyles claw the elbow o' troublesome thought; But man is a sodger, and life is it fanght:
My mirth and guid humour are coin in my pouch, And my Freetom's my lairdship nae monarch dare touch
A towmond 0 ' trouble, should that be my fa', A night o' good fellowship sow thers it a'
When at the blithe end $o^{\prime}$ our journey at last,
Wha the devil ever thinks o' the road he has past ?
Blind chance, let her snapper and stoyte on her way,
Be't to me, be't frae me, e'en let the jade gae:
Come ease, or rome travaii; come pleasure or pain ;
My warst ward is-"Welcome, and welcome again!"

## C.SLEDONIA

Tune-" Ilumours of Glen."
Terir groves $0^{\circ}$ sweet myrtle let foreign lands reckon, Where bright beaming summers exalt the perfume, Far dearer to me yon lone glen o' green breckan,
Wi' the burn stealing under the lang yellow broom.

F'ar dearer to me are yon humble broom bowere,
Where the blue-bell and gowan lurk lowly unseen:
For there lightly trippins amang the wild flowers, A listening the linnet, aft wanders my Jean.

Tho rich is the breeze in their gay sunny valleys, And cauld Caledonia's blast on the wave:
Their sweet-scented woodlands that skirt the proud palace, What are they? The haunt of the tyrant and slave:
The slave's spicy forests, and gold-bubbling fountains, The brave Caledonian views with disdain :
He wanders as free as the winds of his mountains,
Save love's willing fetters, the chains o' his Jean.

## TIIE BATTLE OF SHERIFF-MUIR,

## Between the Duke of Argyle and the Earl of Mar.

- O cas ye here the fight to shun, Or hord the sheep wi' me, man?
Or were ye at the Sherra-muir,
And did the battle see, man ?"
I saw the battle sair and tough,
And reeking.red ran monie a sheu ${ }^{n} h$,
My heart, for fear, gae sough for songh,
To hear the thurs, and see the cluds,
$\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ clans frae woods in tartan duds,
Wha glaum'd at kingdoms three, man.
The red-coat lads, wi' black cockades,
To meet them were na slaw, man;
They rush'd and push'd, and blisid outgush'd, And monie a bonk did fa', man:
The great A rgyle led on his files,
I wat they glanced twenty railes:
They hack'd and hasli'd, while broad-swords clash'd,
And thro' they dash'd, and hew'd and smash'd, Till fey-men died awa, man.
But had you seen the Fhilibegs, And skyrin tartan trews, man,
When in the teeth they dar'd our whige, And covenant true blues, man ;
In lines extended lang and large,
When bayonets oppos'd the large

And thousands hasten'l to the charge, Wi' Highland wrath they frae the sheath Drew blades o' death, till out o' breath, They fled like friglited doos, man.
"O how deil, गam, can that be true?
The chase gaed frae the north, man:
I saw myself, they did pursue
The horsemen back to Forth, man ;
And at Dumblane, in my ain sight,
'They took the brig wi' a' their might,
And straught to Sterling wing'd their fiight;
But, cursed lot! the gaies were shut,
And monie a huntit poor red-coat,
For fear amaist did swaft, man."
My sister Kate cam up the gate,
Wi' crowdie unto me, man;
She swore she saw some rebeis rin Frae Perth unto Dundee, man:
Their left-hand general had rae skill,
The Angus lads had nae good will
That day their neebors' bluid to spill;
For fuar by toes that they should lose
Their cogs o' brose: all crying woes, And so ir goes, you see, men.
They've lost some gallant gentlemen, Amang the ilighland clanz, man;
I fear my lord Eanmure is slain, Or fallea in whigoish hands, man:
Now wad ye sing this double fight,
Some fell for wrang and some for right ;
But monie bade the world guid-night ;
Then ye may tell, how pell and me!l,
By red claymores, and muskets' knel!,
Wi' dying yell, the tories fell,
And whigs to hell did flee, man.

## THE DUMFRIES VOLUNTEERES. <br> Afril, 1795.

Tหฆe-" Push about the Jorum."
Does haughty Gaul invasion threat?
Then iet the loons beware, Sir,
There'z wooden walls uphn our zeas,
And volguteers on shine. Str.

The Nith shall run :o Corsincon, ${ }^{*}$ And Crifielt sink in Solway,
Ere we permit a foreign foe On British ground to rally ! Fall de rall, \&e.
O let us not like snarling tykes In wrangling be divided;
Till slap come in an mico loun And wi' a rung decide it.
Be Britain still to Britain true
Amang cursels united;
For never but by British L:ands
Maun British wrangs be riglited.
Fall de rall, \&c.
The kettle o' the kirk and state, Perhaps a claut may fail in't ;
But deil a foreizn tinkler loun
Shall ever ca' a nail in't.
Our father's bluid the kettle bought, And wha wad dare to spoil it ;
Py heaven the sacrilegious dog
Shall fuel be to beil it.
Fall de rall, \&c.
The wretch that wad a tyrant own, And the wretcl:, his trie-born brother,
Who would set tie mos aboon the throre, May they be d-n'd together:
Who will not sing, "Goll save the King," Shall hang as high's the stecule ;
But white we sing, "God save the King," We'll ne'er forget the People.

THE HFIFISTLEE.
a ballad.
As the authentic prose history of the Whistle is cmrious, I ahall here give $t$.
In the train of Annc of Denmark, when she eamo so Szosland with our James the Sixth, thore came over also a Dawish gentleman of gigantic stukure and great prowess, and a

[^16]
## CHIENLY SCOTTISH.

watekless champion of Bacchus. He had a little elony Whisthe, which, at the commencement of the orgies, he laid on the table, and whoever was last able to blowo it, evcry body else being disabled by the potency of the bottle, was to carry off the Whistle as a trophy of victory. The Dane produced credencials of his victories, voithout a single d dfeat, at the courts of Copenhagen, Stockholnt, Moscov, W'arsav, and scvera. of the petty courts in Germany; and challengred the Scots Bacchanalians to the altcruative of trying his prowess, or else of acknowledging their inferiority.
After many overthrows on the part of the Scots, the Dans
was encountcred by Sir Robert Lawrie of Maxwelton, ancestor of the present worthy baronet of that name; who, after three days nud three nighis' hard conlest, left the Scandina. vian under the table,

And blew on the whistle his requiem shrill.
Sir Walter, son to Sir Robert before-mentioned, afterwards lost the Whistle to Walter Riddel of Glenriddel, who had married a sister of Sir Walter's.

On Friday the 16th of October, 1790, at Friars-Carse, the Whistle was once more contended for, as related in the ballad, by the present Sir Robert Lavorie of Maxwelton; Robert Riddel, Esq. of Clenriduel, lineal descendant and representative of Walter Riddel, who won the W'h'stle, and in whose family it iad continued; und Alcxander Ficrguson, Esq. of Cruigdarroch, likewise descended of the great Sir Robert; which
last gentleman carried off the hurd voon honours of the ficld.
I sine of a Whistle, a Whistle of worth, I sing of a Whistle, the pride of the north,
Was brought to the court of our good Scottish king,
And long with this Whistle all Scotland shall ring.
Old Loda* still rueing the arm of Fingal,
The god of the bottle sends down from his hall-
"This Whistle's your challenge, to Scotland get o'er,
And drink them to hell, sir ! or ne'er see me more!"'
Old poets have sung, and old chronicles tell,
What ehampious ventur`d, what champions fell ;
The son of great Loda was conqueror still,
And blew on the Wnistle his requiem shrill.
Till Robert, the Lord of the Caim and the Scaur,
Unmatch'd at the botte, unconquer'd in war,
Be drank his poor god-shlp as deep as the see.
No tide of the Baltic e'er drunker than he

[^17]Thus Robert, victorious, the trowhy has gain' :
Which now in his house lias for ages remain'd;
Till three noble chieftains, and all of his blood,
The jcvial contest again have renew'd.
Three joyous good fellows, with hearts clear of flaw Craigdarroch, so famous for wit, worth, and law;
And trusty Gleuriddel, so skill'd in old coing ;
And gallant Sir Robert, deep-read in old wines.
Craigdarroch began, witl a tongue smocth as ofl, Desiring Glenriddel to yield up the apoil;
Or else he would nuster the heads of the clan, And once more, in claret, try which was the man.
"By the gods of the arcients !" Glenriddel replies,
"Before I surrender so glorious a prize.
I'll conjure the ghozt of the great Rorie More,*
And bumper his horn swith him twenty times cer."
Sir Rebert, a soldier, no speech would pretend,
Hit he ne'er turn'd his hack on his foe-or his friend, Said, toss down the Whistle, the prize of the field, And knee-deep in claret, he'd die, or he'd yleld.

To the board of Glerriddel our heroes repalr, So noted for drowning of sorrow and care;
But for wine and for welcome not more known to fame, 'Than the sense, wit, and taste, of a sweet lovely dame.
A Bard is selec!ed to witness the fray,
And tell future ages the feats of the day ;
A Bard who detested all sadness and spleen, And wish'd that 'arnassus a vineyard had bem.
The dinner heing over, the claret tiey ply, And every new cork is a new spring of joy ; In the bands of o'd friendship and kindred so set, And the bands grew the lighter the more they were wet
Gay pleasure ran riot as bumpers ran o'er:
Bright Phcebus ne'er witness'd so joyoue a core,
And row'd that to leave them he was quite forlom,
Till Cynthin hinted he'd see them next marn.
SIx bottles a-piece had well wore out the nlgat,
When gallant Sir Robert, to finish the fight,
Turn'do'er in one bumper a bottle of red,
And swore 'twas the way that their ancestor did.

- Seo Johason's Tour to the Hebrideo.

Then worthy Glenriddel, so cautious and sage, No longer the warfare, ungodly, would wage; A high ruling Elder to wallow in wine ! He lent the foul business to folks less divine.
The gallaut Sir Robert fought hard to the end ; But who can with fate and quart-bumpers contend?
Tho' fate said-a hero should perish in light ;
So up rose bright Phobus-and down fell the knight.
Next up rose our Bard, like a prophet ir drink :-
"Craigdarroch, thou'lt soar when creation shall sink ;
But if thou would flourish immertal in rhyme,
Come-one bottle more-and have at the sublime!
Thy line, that have struggled for freedom with Bruce, Shall heroes and patriots ever produce:
So thlne be the laurel, and mine be the bay ;
The field thou hast won. by yon bright god of day !"

## JOHN BARLEYCORN.*

 ABALLAD.Tbere went three kings into the east, Three kings both great and high, An' they hae sworn a solemn oath, John Barleycorn should die.
They took a plough and plough'd him down, Put clods upon his head,
And they hae sworn a soiemn oath John Barleycorn was dead.
But the cheerful spring came kindly on, And showers began to fall;
John Barleycorn got up again, And sore surprised then all.
The sultry suns of summer came, And he grew thick and strong,
His head weel arm'd wi' pointed spears, That no one should him wrong.
The sober autumn enter'd mild, When he grew wan and pale,
His bending joints and drooping head Show'd he began to fail.

[^18]ITis colour sicken'd more and more, He faded into age,
And then his enemies began
To show their deadly rage.
'They've ta'en a weapon long and sharp, And cut him by the knee:
Then tied him fast upon a cart, Like a rogue for forgerie.
They laid hinn down upon his back, And cudgelled him full sore,
They hung him up before the storm, And turn'd him o'er and o'er.
They filled up a darksome pit With water to the brim,
Tisey heaved in Joln Barleycorn, There let him sink or swin.
They laid him out upon the floor, To work him farther wo,
A nd still as signs of life appeared, They toss'd him to and fro.
They wasted 0 'er a scorching flame, The marrow of his bones;
Rut a miller used him worst of all, For he crush'd him between two stones

And they hae taen his very heart's blood, And drank it round and round;
And still the more and more they drank, Their joy did more abound.
John Bar!eycorn was a hero bold Of noble enterprise,
For, if you do but taste his blood, 'Twill make your courage rise.
'Twill make a man forget his wo ; 'Twill heighten all his joy;
'Twill make the widow's heart to sing, Tho' the tear were in her eye.
Then let us toast John Barleycorn, Each man a glass in hand;
A nd may his great posterity Ne'er fail in auld Scotland :

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[^0]:    * Thas puce. we lielicuc, vas aficricurdes evitild. Fddinse !n an 'liewtrmily (hula

[^1]:    * This diatraction of mind arose from ifis zuiser? and sorruz in which he involuch. Jcan a rmour, ajt ruards Mis Burns. She was a greut farourite of her fathre. Jiuc in timution of a marriage was the first suggcestion he received of her real situsfion. Ile vous in the greatest distriss, atrib fainted aviny. The marriage di:l suot apprar to him to minl.t the matter bittor. He exprissed a wish that thë agrepmitut betwecn the:" shorill! he cancelled This was cumamioni-atced to Bums. II j hil the deepest anguish of mind. He vficre
     txertion in his poki. Ecca this was not "pproorsi vi; amit
     inpreel. nce hutl b "u, whe was still tho: ghi by lor pirti-
    
    

[^2]:    * This aras to cbige lim to find arcurity fir the mam. t.ianace of his twin-children, whom he uras mut prrametfeu to l. witinatr, by a merriaçe with the ir mothr:.

[^3]:    * I correjionlmis ne Burns, ia cilluding to this transuc. ionn, eapresecs hime:lf in ihis mumbre: "So you have ob tainet librefy from the mingistrats to ercet a stone over ficreusuris yrate? I do wot doult it; such thimgrs leave bcen,
    

    The , om's fate is liere in emblems shown,
    Ile ask'd fir bread, an! he received a stone.
    It is, I ,licre, upon poor Buthr's comb that this is writlen. Buit how want juiur brolkers of P'arnassus, as well as poor Eutler and poor Fi: gusyn, liave asked for breul, and been served with the same sancr!
    "Tiue mngristrates gave yon libonty, did they? O generous maeristretrs! ****** cel. brutid over the titre kingdome for kis public spirit. gires a pron puct liberty to ratse a tomb to a puor pact's memory! Níst सenerons! ****** once upon a sime trare liant sume part tho mighty sum of eighteen pence for a cung of lis zeorlis. But then it must be considicred

[^4]:    that the poct voas athis time ulisolutely st rring, ant besought his aill with all the pamestncss of hunger; and ever and aiove he recrivel $a^{* * * * * \& * *, ~ v o u r t h ~ a t ~ l e a s t ~ o n e-t h i r d ~ o f ~}$ the milue, in cxchanger, but whith, Ibelicre the poci "ftorecards very s:ngrat fiel!y expunzed."

[^5]:    * A motcd ford just ahore the Aud Brig.
    $\dagger$ The banks of Canpal Water is one of the feto places in the ecsit of Scutland, where those fancy-scaring beings: known by the name of Glatists, still continue perimacionsly to anhabit.

[^6]:    * Pope's IVindsor Foreat.

[^7]:    - A certain humorous dream of his soos then making a molse in the country-side.
    t $\mathcal{A}$ sons he had promised the Author.

[^8]:    

[^9]:    * It is a wocll known fact, that witches, or any eral spirits, kave no power to jullow a pour uight any farther than the mididle of the neat runneng stram. It may be proper likewisc to mintion to the benighted traveller, that when he falls in with bugles, whatever denger may be in his going forward, thers is much more haiard in turning back.

[^10]:    * A peculiar sort of whiskev, so callet, a great facoutile with Poosie-Nans2t's cluts.

[^11]:    - Bechian': Domastic Rludicius

[^12]:    - Burncwin-burn-the-oind-the Blacksmith

[^13]:    
    
    

[^14]:    * Nr. Smellie and Burns were both memb irs of a club in Edinburgh, called the Crockallan Fencibles

[^15]:    POORTITII CAUL,D Twae-" I had a horse."
    O poortith cauld, and restless lova
    Ye wreck my peace between ye;
    Yet pooruth a' I could forgive,
    An' 'twere na for my Jeuny.

[^16]:    * A high hill at the source of the Jith.
    $\dagger$ A woll-known mountain at the mouth of the Selsong

[^17]:    - See Ossian's Caric-thura.

[^18]:    - This is partly composed on the plan of an cld seng known by the same name.

